

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 20.270, 62.544)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 20.270, 62.544) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(81, 20.270, 62.544)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7C2A8
RGB	231, 194, 168
RGB Percent	91%, 76%, 66%
CMY	0.0937, 0.2388, 0.3408
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.27, 0.09
HSL	25°, 57%, 78%
HSV	25°, 27%, 91%
XYZ	59.3857, 58.4711, 45.2535
YIQ	202.0990, 30.3980, -0.2420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

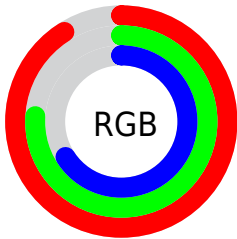
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">231, 212, 168</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15188648</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">81.00, 9.35, 17.99</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">81, 20.270, 62.544</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">58.4711, 0.3641, 0.3585</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293378728 (0xFFE7C2A8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">202.0990, -16.8108, 25.3462</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">76.4664, 4.8114, 18.4381</a>

# Details

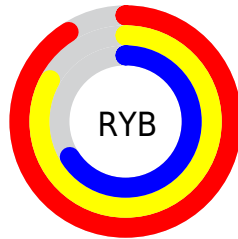
The CIELCh color **81, 20.270, 62.544** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **81, 18.038, 249.222**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 14.273, 103.199**, and **61, 20.351, 61.308** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 28.598, 61.550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 12.440, 63.575**.

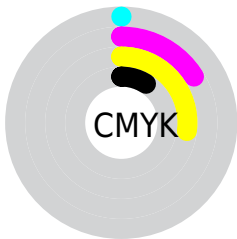
# Distribution



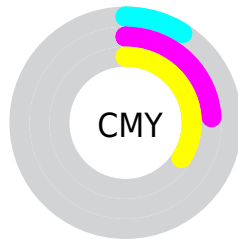
- Red (91%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 20.270, 62.544 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 20.270, 62.544 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81, 20.270, 62.544

 81, 20.270, 62.544

 100, 20.270,  
62.544

 71, 20.270, 62.544

 61, 20.270, 62.544

 51, 20.270, 62.544

 41, 20.270, 62.544

 31, 20.270, 62.544

 21, 20.270, 62.544

 11, 20.270, 62.544

 1, 20.270, 62.544

 0, 20.270, 62.544

81, 20.270, 62.544

81, 20.270, 62.544

77, 28.598, 61.550

85, 12.440, 63.575

74, 37.431, 60.579

89, 5.075, 64.571

70, 46.726, 59.636

93, 1.868, 245.982

67, 56.331, 58.685

97, 6.734, 229.323

64, 65.878, 57.623

98, 8.150, 198.971

61, 74.594, 56.208

58, 81.258, 54.030

57, 82.892, 53.426

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 20.270, 62.544



81, 18.038, 249.222

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 20.270, 62.544



81, 20.270, 112.544



81, 20.270, 242.544



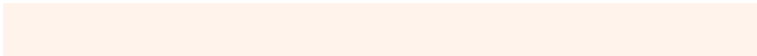
81, 20.270, 292.544

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 20.270, 62.552



97, 6.069, 64.498



76, 30.607, 340.854



51, 4.333, 64.352



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 20.270, 62.552



86, 27.075, 61.956



89, 29.330, 102.898



46, 3.973, 64.362



45, 67.963, 54.096



11, 21.195, 51.266



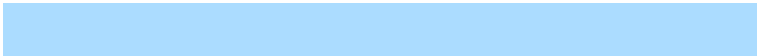


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 18.038, 249.222



86, 23.405, 250.333



73, 30.864, 289.331



46, 3.834, 246.595



43, 46.169, 273.938



10, 17.100, 264.569



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 20.270, 62.544 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 20.270, 62.544 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

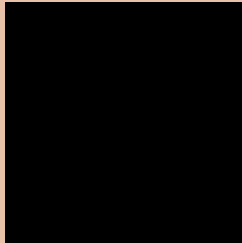
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 20.270, 62.544

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 20.270, 62.544.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 20.270, 62.544.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81, 20.270, 62.544

### Protanopia

81, 16.415, 93.625

### Deuteranopia

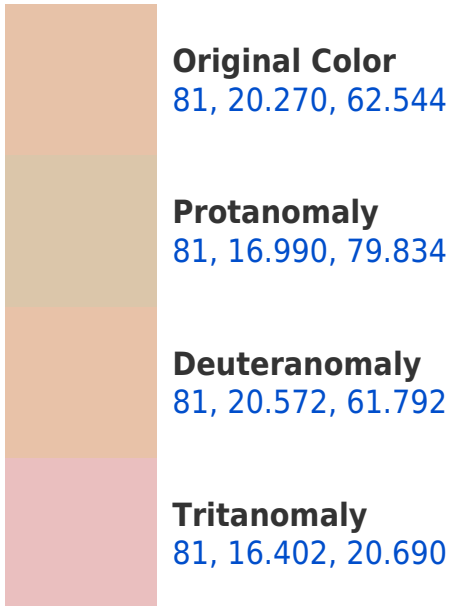
81, 20.572, 61.792



**Tritanopia**  
81, 18.842, 356.145



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 20.270, 62.544 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 194, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 194, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 194, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 194, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 20.270, 62.544 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 194, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 194, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 194, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 194, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 194, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 194,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 20.270, 62.544 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 194, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
194, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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