

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 26.823, 51.398)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 26.823, 51.398) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(81, 26.723, 51.448)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5BDA3
RGB	245, 189, 163
RGB Percent	96%, 74%, 64%
CMY	0.0391, 0.2587, 0.3607
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.33, 0.04
HSL	19°, 80%, 80%
HSV	19°, 33%, 96%
XYZ	62.4843, 58.4711, 42.6564
YIQ	202.7800, 41.7220, 3.7860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

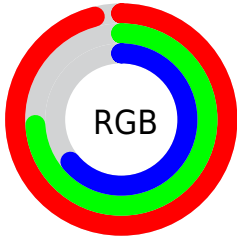
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 201, 163
Decimal	16104867
CIE Lab	81.00, 16.65, 20.90
CIE LCh	81, 26.723, 51.448
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3819, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294294947 (0xFFF5BDA3)
YUV	202.7800, -19.6115, 37.0269
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, 12.0445, 20.4518

# Details

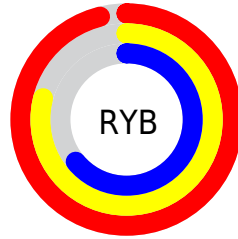
The CIELCh color **81, 26.723, 51.448** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **85, 21.889, 237.477**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.231, 94.062**, and **61, 26.644, 52.369** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 36.070, 50.973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 18.031, 52.027**.

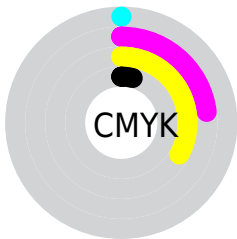
# Distribution



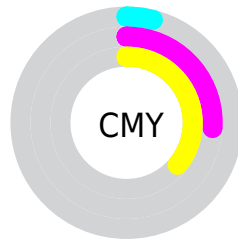
- Red (96%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 26.723, 51.448 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 26.723, 51.448 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81, 26.723, 51.448

 81, 26.723, 51.448

 100, 26.723,  
51.448

 71, 26.723, 51.448

 61, 26.723, 51.448

 51, 26.723, 51.448

 41, 26.723, 51.448

 31, 26.723, 51.448

 21, 26.723, 51.448

 11, 26.723, 51.448

 1, 26.723, 51.448

 0, 26.723, 51.448

81, 26.723, 51.448

81, 26.723, 51.448

77, 36.070, 50.973

86, 18.031, 52.027

72, 46.067, 50.598

90, 9.964, 52.659

68, 56.624, 50.321

95, 2.469, 53.196

65, 67.480, 50.079

99, 3.446, 199.379

61, 78.018, 49.683

59, 86.958, 48.695

57, 91.486, 47.673

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 26.723, 51.448



85, 21.889, 237.477

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 26.723, 51.448



81, 26.723, 101.448



81, 26.723, 231.448



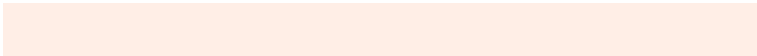
81, 26.723, 281.448

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 26.722, 51.455



95, 7.545, 52.879



77, 41.616, 337.496



50, 5.175, 52.790



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 26.722, 51.455



81, 33.842, 51.125



91, 34.821, 97.487



49, 4.140, 52.912



44, 73.964, 48.258



12, 25.869, 44.138



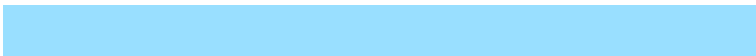


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 21.889, 237.477



85, 26.461, 238.631



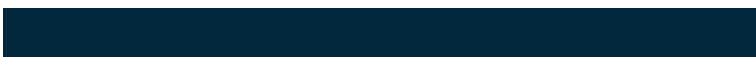
74, 36.434, 286.252



49, 3.941, 234.559



50, 39.769, 259.274



15, 16.571, 251.380



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 26.723, 51.448 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

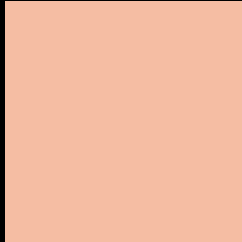
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 26.723, 51.448 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 26.723, 51.448

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 26.723, 51.448.

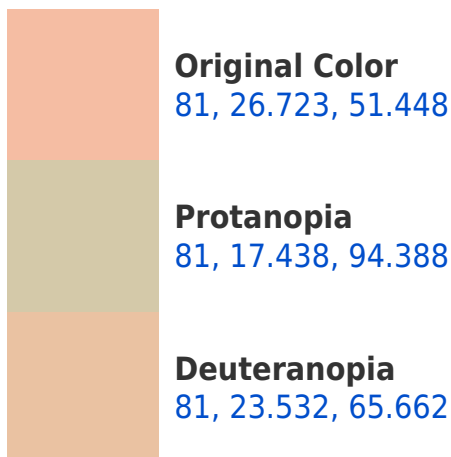


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 26.723, 51.448.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
81, 25.584, 4.926



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 26.723, 51.448

**Protanomaly**  
81, 19.212, 74.968

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 24.629, 60.092

**Tritanomaly**  
81, 24.070, 22.599

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 26.723, 51.448

**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 9.257, 54.568

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 26.723, 51.448 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 189, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 189, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 189, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 189, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 26.723, 51.448 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 189, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 189, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 189, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 189, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 189, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 189,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 26.723, 51.448 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 189, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
189, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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