

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 26.824, 188.339)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 26.824, 188.339)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 26.575, 188.249)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87D7CF
RGB	135, 215, 207
RGB Percent	53%, 84%, 81%
CMY	0.4693, 0.1555, 0.1869
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.04, 0.16
HSL	174°, 50%, 69%
HSV	174°, 37%, 84%
XYZ	45.7333, 58.4711, 68.1195
YIQ	190.1680, -45.1120, -19.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

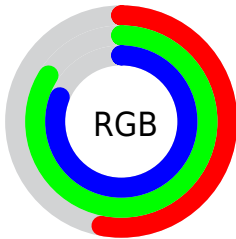
Format	Color
RYB	135, 177, 215
Decimal	8902607
CIELab	81.00, -26.30, -3.81
CIELCh	81, 26.575, 188.249
Yxy	58.4711, 0.2654, 0.3393
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287092687 (0xFF87D7CF)
YUV	190.1680, 8.2982, -48.3823
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -27.0582, 0.7084

Details

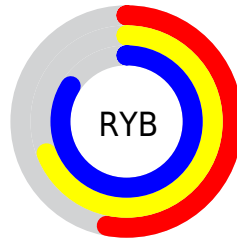
The CIELCh color **81, 26.575, 188.249** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **65, 32.776, 15.326**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 20.805, 198.137**, and **61, 26.543, 188.459** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 32.375, 187.416**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 20.084, 189.057**.

Distribution



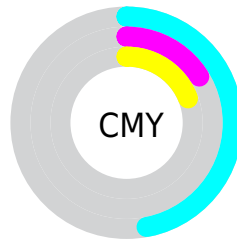
- Red (53%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 26.575, 188.249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 26.575, 188.249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 26.575,
188.249


 81, 26.575,
188.249


 100, 26.575,
188.249


 71, 26.575,
188.249


 61, 26.575,
188.249

 51, 26.575,
188.249

 41, 26.575,
188.249

 31, 26.575,
188.249

 21, 26.575,
188.249

 11, 26.575,

188.249

■ 1, 26.575, 188.249

■ 0, 26.575, 188.249

■ 81, 26.575,
188.249

■ 81, 26.575,
188.249

■ 80, 32.375,
187.416

■ 82, 20.084,
189.057

■ 79, 37.366,
186.554

■ 83, 13.032,
189.859

■ 79, 41.456,
185.646

■ 85, 5.549, 190.694

■ 78, 44.599,
184.673

■ 87, 2.246, 11.107

■ 88, 10.247, 12.061

■ 78, 46.809,

183.617

89, 14.815, 10.604

78, 48.189,
182.466

90, 14.995, 6.395

78, 48.512,
182.134

90, 15.258, 2.310

90, 15.598,
358.387

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 26.575, 188.249



65, 32.776, 15.326

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 26.575, 188.249



81, 26.575, 238.249



81, 26.575, 8.249



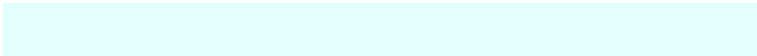
81, 26.575, 58.249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 26.576, 188.246



98, 9.713, 190.353



80, 49.682, 138.939



52, 6.508, 190.240



0, 0.000, 0.000



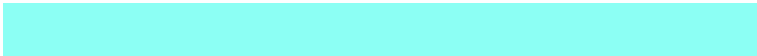
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 26.576, 188.246



93, 35.708, 187.561



73, 22.336, 247.233



44, 4.365, 190.495



63, 40.753, 182.336



15, 15.667, 184.704

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 32.776, 15.326



71, 46.431, 16.838



72, 26.858, 58.399



42, 4.581, 11.858



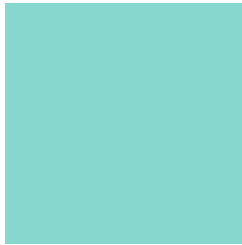
35, 73.227, 35.574



5, 21.967, 15.304

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 26.575, 188.249 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

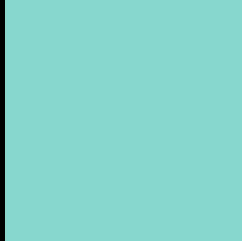
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 26.575, 188.249 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

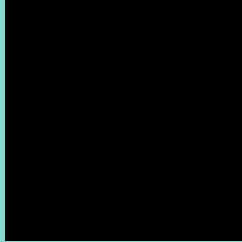
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

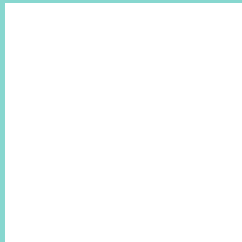
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 26.575, 188.249

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 26.575, 188.249.

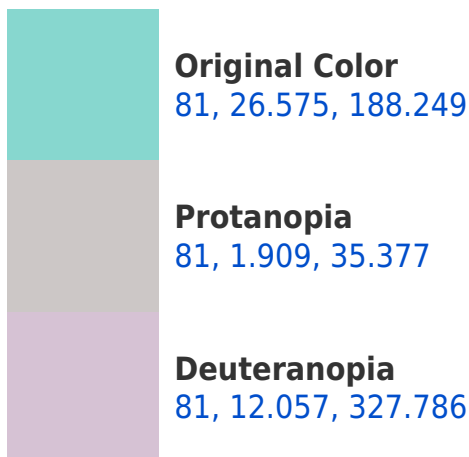


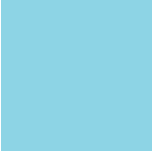
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 26.575, 188.249.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 23.636, 220.655

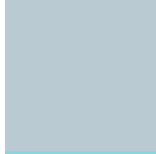
Trichromacy



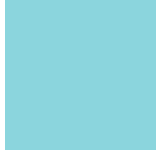
Original Color
81, 26.575, 188.249



Protanomaly
80, 9.531, 185.812



Deuteranomaly
80, 7.256, 235.133

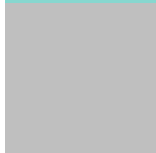


Tritanomaly
81, 23.748, 208.222

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 26.575, 188.249



Achromatopsia
77, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 10.449, 189.797

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 26.575, 188.249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 215, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 215, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 215, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 215, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 26.575, 188.249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

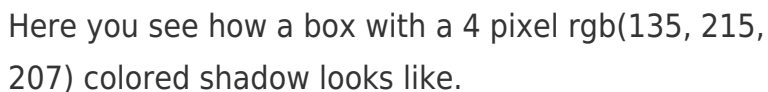
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 215, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 215, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 215, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 215, 207); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 215, 207); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 215, 207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 26.575, 188.249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 215, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
215, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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