

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 29.631, 351.996)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 29.631, 351.996)
contains.

CIELCh(81, 29.349, 351.864)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(81, 29.349, 351.864)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBB6D2
RGB	251, 182, 210
RGB Percent	98%, 71%, 82%
CMY	0.0166, 0.2871, 0.1774
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.16, 0.02
HSL	336°, 89%, 85%
HSV	336°, 28%, 98%
XYZ	67.9843, 58.4711, 68.5274
YIQ	205.8230, 32.1360, 23.3360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

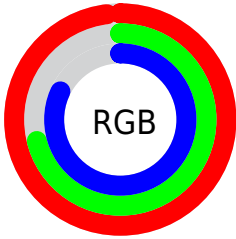
Format	Color
R_{YB}	251, 182, 210
Decimal	16496338
CIE _{Lab}	81.00, 29.05, -4.15
CIE _{LCh}	81, 29.349, 351.864
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3487, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294686418 (0xFFFBB6D2)
YUV	205.8230, 2.0593, 39.6202
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, 24.8836, 0.3922

Details

The CIELCh color **81, 29.349, 351.864** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **93, 27.819, 166.389**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 10.602, 324.781**, and **61, 29.865, 351.463** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 40.233, 353.204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 18.469, 350.711**.

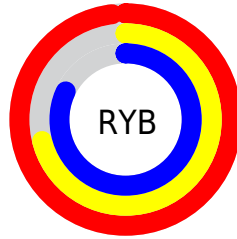
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (71%)

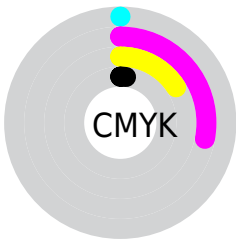
Blue (82%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (82%)

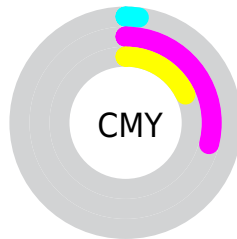


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (29%)


Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 29.349, 351.864 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 29.349, 351.864 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 29.349,
351.864

 81, 29.349,
351.864


 100, 29.349,
351.864


 71, 29.349,
351.864

 61, 29.349,
351.864

 51, 29.349,
351.864

 41, 29.349,
351.864

 31, 29.349,
351.864

 21, 29.349,
351.864

 11, 29.349,

351.864

■ 1, 29.349, 351.864

■ 0, 29.349, 351.864

■ 81, 29.349,
351.864

■ 81, 29.349,
351.864

■ 75, 40.233,
353.204

■ 87, 18.469,
350.711

■ 70, 50.813,
354.792

■ 94, 7.804, 349.672

■ 65, 60.643,
356.728

■ 100, 1.499,
189.510

■ 60, 69.181,
359.142

■ 100, 1.472,
199.762

■ 57, 75.905, 2.203

■ 55, 80.519, 6.095

■ 54, 83.230, 10.924

■ 53, 83.822, 12.198

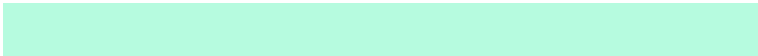
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 29.349, 351.864



93, 27.819, 166.389

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 29.349, 351.864



81, 29.349, 41.864



81, 29.349, 171.864



81, 29.349, 221.864

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 29.346, 351.866



95, 8.436, 349.723



80, 39.350, 313.160



50, 6.009, 349.877



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 29.346, 351.866



79, 35.825, 352.578



82, 24.965, 28.249



49, 5.910, 349.875



40, 67.573, 11.192



10, 30.499, 3.922

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 29.346, 351.866



79, 35.825, 352.578



93, 20.541, 206.526



49, 5.910, 349.875



40, 67.573, 11.192



10, 30.499, 3.922

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 29.349, 351.864 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

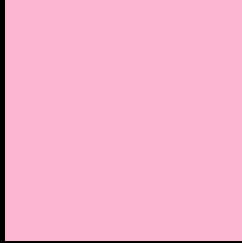
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 29.349, 351.864 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 29.349, 351.864

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 29.349, 351.864.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 29.349, 351.864.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81, 29.349, 351.864

Protanopia

81, 11.165, 289.374

Deuteranopia

81, 10.595, 343.328



Tritanopia
81, 25.584, 4.926

Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 29.349, 351.864



Protanomaly
81, 15.671, 326.150



Deuteranomaly
81, 17.553, 348.007

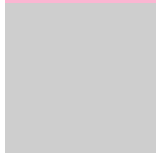


Tritanomaly
81, 26.964, 0.037

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 29.349, 351.864



Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
82, 10.627, 350.407

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 29.349, 351.864 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 182, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 182, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 182, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 182, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 29.349, 351.864 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

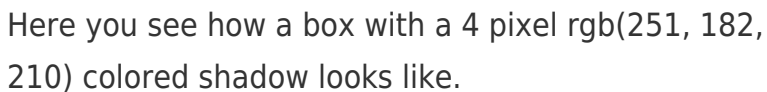
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 182, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 182, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 182, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 182, 210); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 182, 210); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 182, 210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 29.349, 351.864 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 182, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
182, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor