

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 29.779, 70.728)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 29.779, 70.728) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(81, 29.746, 70.761)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EDC195
RGB	237, 193, 149
RGB Percent	93%, 76%, 58%
CMY	0.0696, 0.2422, 0.4148
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.37, 0.07
HSL	30°, 71%, 76%
HSV	30°, 37%, 93%
XYZ	59.5759, 58.4711, 36.6760
YIQ	201.1400, 40.3480, -4.3560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

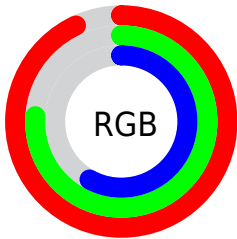
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 237, 149
Decimal	15581589
CIE Lab	81.00, 9.80, 28.08
CIE LCh	81, 29.746, 70.761
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3850, 0.3779
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293771669 (0xFFEDC195)
YUV	201.1400, -25.7050, 31.4492
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, 5.2553, 25.0889

# Details

The CIELCh color **81, 29.746, 70.761** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **77, 26.759, 261.702**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 23.429, 102.841**, and **61, 29.834, 71.008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 38.649, 69.488**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 21.215, 72.034**.

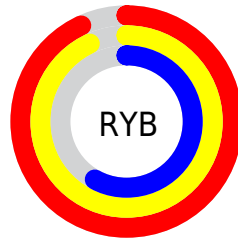
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (76%)

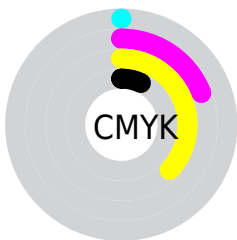
Blue (58%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (58%)

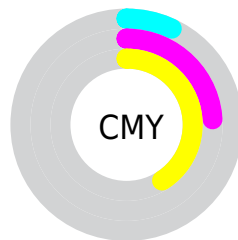


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 29.746, 70.761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 29.746, 70.761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81, 29.746, 70.761

81, 29.746, 70.761

100, 29.746,  
70.761

71, 29.746, 70.761

61, 29.746, 70.761

51, 29.746, 70.761

41, 29.746, 70.761

31, 29.746, 70.761

21, 29.746, 70.761

11, 29.746, 70.761

1, 29.746, 70.761

0, 29.746, 70.761

81, 29.746, 70.761

81, 29.746, 70.761

78, 38.649, 69.488

84, 21.215, 72.034

75, 47.849, 68.185

88, 13.071, 73.282

72, 57.150, 66.818

91, 5.299, 74.477

69, 66.129, 65.288

95, 2.128, 255.970

66, 73.982, 63.379

98, 5.376, 212.636

63, 79.588, 60.748

99, 6.092, 199.128

63, 80.981, 59.946

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 29.746, 70.761



77, 26.759, 261.702

# Rectangle

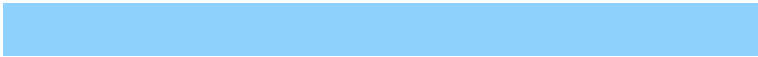
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 29.746, 70.761



81, 29.746, 120.761



81, 29.746, 250.761



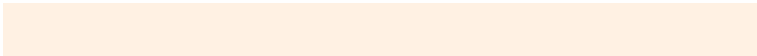
81, 29.746, 300.761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 29.746, 70.767



96, 8.787, 74.019



72, 39.975, 347.301



51, 5.923, 73.855



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 29.746, 70.767



84, 38.979, 69.735



92, 44.499, 106.585



48, 4.301, 74.204



49, 66.596, 60.612



14, 23.415, 61.213



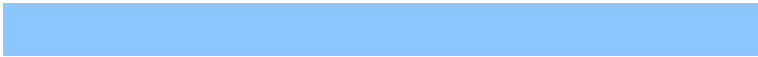


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 26.759, 261.702



78, 34.180, 263.689



65, 48.934, 295.081



48, 4.206, 256.722



40, 56.407, 284.051



10, 21.379, 276.339



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 29.746, 70.761 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 29.746, 70.761 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

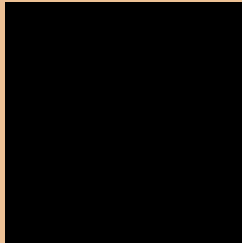
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 29.746, 70.761

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 29.746, 70.761.

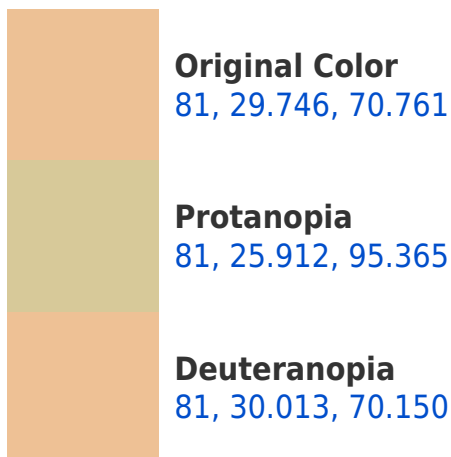


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 29.746, 70.761.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

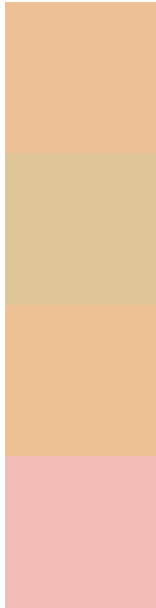




**Tritanopia**  
81, 22.755, 1.055



# Trichromacy



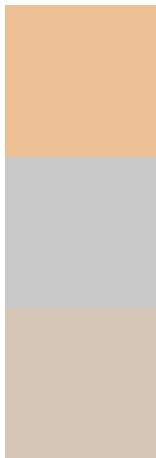
**Original Color**  
81, 29.746, 70.761

**Protanomaly**  
81, 26.391, 85.440

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 30.013, 70.150

**Tritanomaly**  
81, 20.633, 31.193

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 29.746, 70.761

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 10.456, 73.554

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 29.746, 70.761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 193, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 193, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 193, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 193, 149) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 29.746, 70.761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 193, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 193, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 193, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 193, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 193, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 193,  
149) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 29.746, 70.761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 193, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
193, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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