

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 3.325, 336.808)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 3.325, 336.808) contains.

CIELCh(81, 3.711, 333.849)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(81, 3.711, 333.849)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEC7CC
RGB	206, 199, 204
RGB Percent	81%, 78%, 80%
CMY	0.1913, 0.2187, 0.1991
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.19
HSL	317°, 7%, 79%
HSV	317°, 3%, 81%
XYZ	56.9140, 58.4711, 65.5513
YIQ	201.6630, 2.5670, 3.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

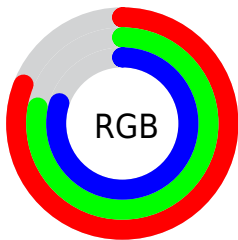
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 199, 204
Decimal	13551564
CIE Lab	81.00, 3.33, -1.64
CIE LCh	81, 3.711, 333.849
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3146, 0.3232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291741644 (0xFFCEC7CC)
YUV	201.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -0.9586, 2.6998

Details

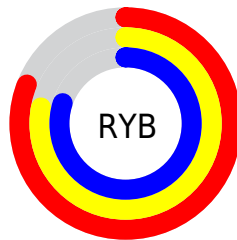
The CIELCh color **81, 3.711, 333.849** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **82, 3.689, 153.588**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **61, 3.928, 333.945** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 14.741, 334.607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 7.116, 153.349**.

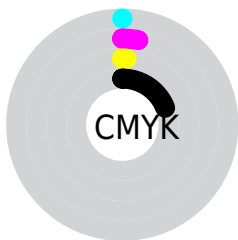
Distribution



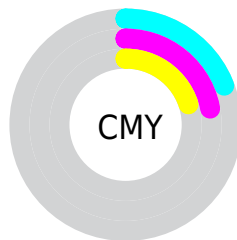
- Red (81%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 3.711, 333.849 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 3.711, 333.849 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81, 3.711, 333.849

■ 81, 3.711, 333.849

■ 100, 3.711,
333.849

■ 71, 3.711, 333.849

■ 61, 3.711, 333.849

■ 51, 3.711, 333.849

■ 41, 3.711, 333.849

■ 31, 3.711, 333.849

■ 21, 3.711, 333.849

■ 11, 3.711, 333.849

■ 1, 3.711, 333.849

■ 0, 3.711, 333.849

81, 3.711, 333.849

81, 3.711, 333.849

76, 14.741,
334.607

86, 7.116, 153.349

70, 25.860,
335.341

92, 17.663,
152.712

66, 36.870,
336.116

96, 24.250,
153.708

61, 47.481,
336.944

96, 22.123,
159.066

57, 57.297,
337.841

96, 20.205,
165.462

53, 65.825,
338.831

96, 18.564,
173.056

50, 72.534,
339.954

97, 17.281,
181.914

48, 76.976,
341.265

97, 16.444,
191.904

■ 47, 78.955,
342.834

■ 97, 16.183,
198.430

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 3.711, 333.849



82, 3.689, 153.588

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 3.711, 333.849



81, 3.711, 23.849



81, 3.711, 153.849



81, 3.711, 203.849

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 3.709, 333.854



99, 1.302, 333.481



81, 3.807, 301.361



53, 0.740, 333.462



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 3.709, 333.854



97, 5.196, 333.913



81, 2.702, 2.104



42, 3.075, 333.967



37, 67.580, 343.690



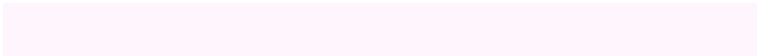
4, 22.991, 339.933

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 3.709, 333.854



97, 5.196, 333.913



82, 2.662, 181.880



42, 3.075, 333.967



37, 67.580, 343.690



4, 22.991, 339.933

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 3.711, 333.849 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

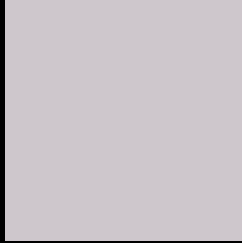
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 3.711, 333.849 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

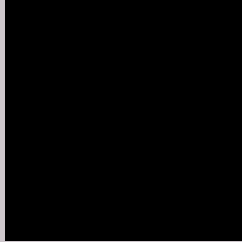
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

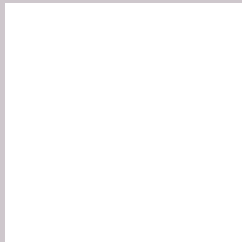
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 3.711, 333.849

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 3.711, 333.849.

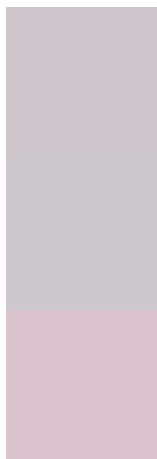


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 3.711, 333.849.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


81, 3.711, 333.849

Protanopia

81, 3.051, 318.849

Deuteranopia

81, 10.327, 349.349



Tritanopia
81, 8.792, 314.939

Trichromacy



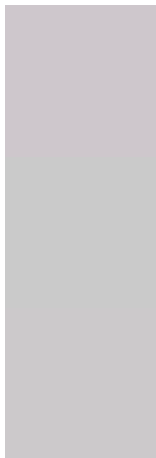
Original Color
81, 3.711, 333.849

Protanomaly
81, 3.244, 324.494

Deuteranomaly
81, 7.571, 345.886

Tritanomaly
81, 7.201, 317.508

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 3.711, 333.849

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 1.541, 335.538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 3.711, 333.849 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 199, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 199, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 199, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 199, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 3.711, 333.849 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 199, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 199, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 199, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 199, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 199, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 199,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 3.711, 333.849 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 199, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
199, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor