

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 30.350, 165.527)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 30.350, 165.527)
contains.

CIELCh(81, 30.435, 165.666)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(81, 30.435, 165.666)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8ED8BA
RGB	142, 216, 186
RGB Percent	56%, 85%, 73%
CMY	0.4428, 0.1525, 0.2702
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.14, 0.15
HSL	156°, 49%, 70%
HSV	156°, 34%, 85%
XYZ	44.6262, 58.4711, 55.4418
YIQ	190.4540, -34.4740, -25.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

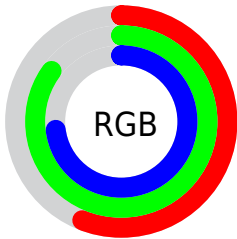
Format	Color
RYB	142, 188, 216
Decimal	9361594
CIELab	81.00, -29.49, 7.53
CIELCh	81, 30.435, 165.666
Yxy	58.4711, 0.2815, 0.3688
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287551674 (0xFF8ED8BA)
YUV	190.4540, -2.1958, -42.4942
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -29.6426, 10.5384

Details

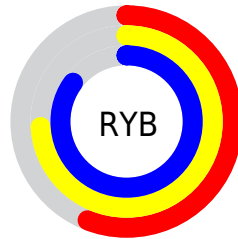
The CIELCh color $81, 30.435, 165.666$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $67, 32.515, 352.726$, and the grayscale version is $77, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96, 20.441, 179.043$, and $61, 30.592, 165.727$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80, 38.650, 164.414$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82, 21.802, 166.791$.

Distribution



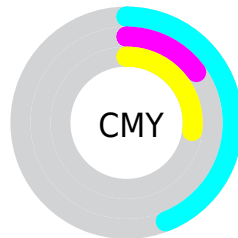
- Red (56%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (15%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (27%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 30.435, 165.666 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 30.435, 165.666 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 30.435,
165.666

 81, 30.435,
165.666

 100, 30.435,
165.666


 71, 30.435,
165.666

 61, 30.435,
165.666

 51, 30.435,
165.666

 41, 30.435,
165.666

 31, 30.435,
165.666

 21, 30.435,
165.666

 11, 30.435,

165.666

■ 1, 30.435, 165.666

■ 0, 30.435, 165.666

■ 81, 30.435,
165.666

■ 81, 30.435,
165.666

■ 80, 38.650,
164.414

■ 82, 21.802,
166.791

■ 79, 46.290,
163.012

■ 84, 12.896,
167.819

■ 78, 53.215,
161.434

■ 86, 3.849, 168.830

■ 77, 59.317,
159.657

■ 87, 5.228, 349.472

■ 89, 14.248,
350.319

■ 77, 64.546,

157.668

90, 18.186,
340.766

77, 68.932,
155.473

90, 21.301,
331.285

77, 71.196,
154.175

91, 24.364,
325.273

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 30.435, 165.666



67, 32.515, 352.726

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 30.435, 165.666



81, 30.435, 215.666



81, 30.435, 345.666



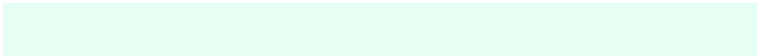
81, 30.435, 35.666

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 30.436, 165.665



98, 10.368, 168.228



82, 41.998, 130.348



52, 7.071, 168.089



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 30.436, 165.665



93, 41.190, 164.786



80, 22.073, 206.526



44, 5.109, 168.295



62, 59.308, 154.579



15, 21.293, 159.585

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 32.515, 352.726



74, 44.577, 353.754



68, 28.277, 28.791



42, 5.205, 349.880



36, 62.732, 10.810



5, 22.764, 0.337

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 30.435, 165.666 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

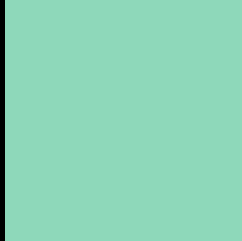
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 30.435, 165.666 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

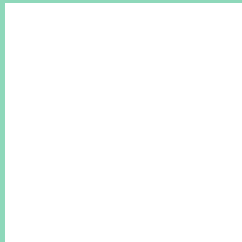
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 30.435, 165.666

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 30.435, 165.666.



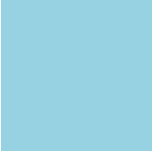
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 30.435, 165.666.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 20.641, 224.382

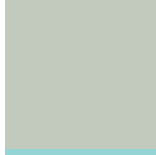
Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 30.435, 165.666



Protanomaly
81, 15.905, 138.455



Deuteranomaly
80, 6.899, 131.699

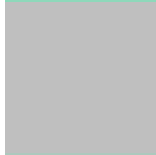


Tritanomaly
81, 21.156, 197.918

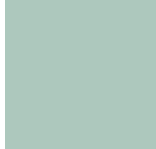
Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 30.435, 165.666



Achromatopsia
77, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 11.496, 167.782

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 30.435, 165.666 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 216, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 216, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 216, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 216, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 30.435, 165.666 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 216, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 216, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 216, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 216, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 216, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 216,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 30.435, 165.666 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 216, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
216, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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