

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 32.502, 77.985)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 32.502, 77.985) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(81, 32.536, 77.963)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAC38E
RGB	234, 195, 142
RGB Percent	92%, 76%, 56%
CMY	0.0824, 0.2353, 0.4432
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.39, 0.08
HSL	35°, 69%, 74%
HSV	35°, 39%, 92%
XYZ	58.3249, 58.4711, 33.8007
YIQ	200.6190, 40.2570, -8.2150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

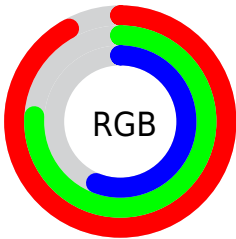
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 234, 142
Decimal	15385486
CIE Lab	81.00, 6.79, 31.82
CIE LCh	81, 32.536, 77.963
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3873, 0.3883
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293575566 (0xFFEAC38E)
YUV	200.6190, -28.8992, 29.2751
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, 2.3349, 27.3183

# Details

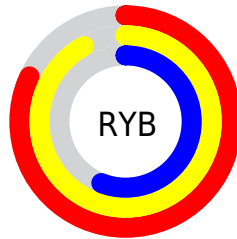
The CIELCh color **81, 32.536, 77.963** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **73, 30.638, 270.047**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 27.848, 104.912**, and **61, 32.546, 77.277** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 41.428, 76.559**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 23.860, 79.340**.

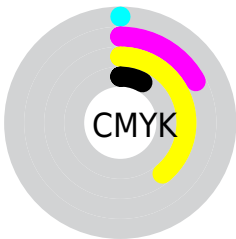
# Distribution



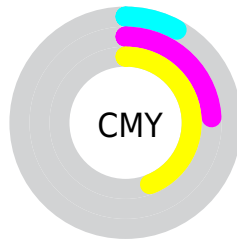
- Red (92%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 32.536, 77.963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 32.536, 77.963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81, 32.536, 77.963

 81, 32.536, 77.963

 100, 32.536,  
77.963

 71, 32.536, 77.963

 61, 32.536, 77.963

 51, 32.536, 77.963

 41, 32.536, 77.963

 31, 32.536, 77.963

 21, 32.536, 77.963

 11, 32.536, 77.963

 1, 32.536, 77.963

 0, 32.536, 77.963

81, 32.536, 77.963

81, 32.536, 77.963

78, 41.428, 76.559

84, 23.860, 79.340

75, 50.404, 75.097

87, 15.452, 80.676

73, 59.186, 73.536

90, 7.322, 81.960

70, 67.241, 71.771

93, 0.538, 263.920

68, 73.690, 69.600

96, 6.394, 256.077

66, 77.796, 66.819

98, 7.020, 201.114

66, 78.057, 66.629

99, 7.189, 199.043

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 32.536, 77.963



73, 30.638, 270.047

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 32.536, 77.963



81, 32.536, 127.963



81, 32.536, 257.963



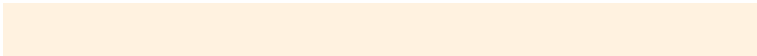
81, 32.536, 307.963

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 32.536, 77.968



96, 10.162, 81.616



70, 40.407, 351.666



51, 6.756, 81.449



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 32.536, 77.968



85, 42.209, 76.858



90, 46.591, 109.405



48, 4.475, 81.941



52, 64.311, 67.263



14, 22.431, 69.138





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 30.638, 270.047



74, 39.287, 272.035



63, 51.542, 297.437



46, 4.425, 264.510



35, 64.605, 290.610



8, 23.492, 283.178



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 32.536, 77.963 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

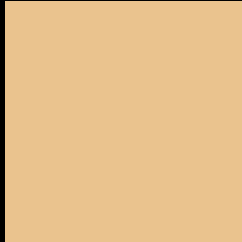
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 32.536, 77.963 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 81, 32.536, 77.963**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 32.536, 77.963.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 32.536, 77.963.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81, 32.536, 77.963

### Protanopia

81, 30.169, 95.061

### Deuteranopia

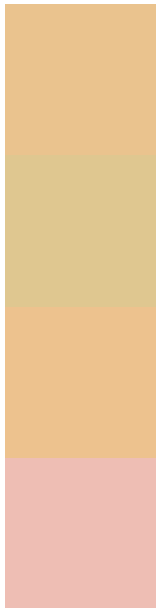
81, 33.357, 72.910



**Tritanopia**  
81, 21.313, 359.454



# Trichromacy



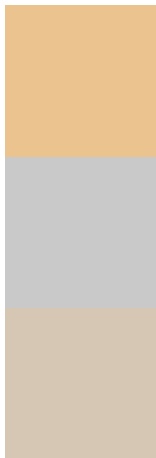
**Original Color**  
81, 32.536, 77.963

**Protanomaly**  
81, 30.656, 88.876

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 33.030, 75.104

**Tritanomaly**  
81, 19.536, 36.364

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 32.536, 77.963

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 11.401, 81.149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 32.536, 77.963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 195, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 195, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 195, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 195, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 32.536, 77.963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 195, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 195, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 195, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 195, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 195, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 195,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 32.536, 77.963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 195, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
195, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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