

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 37.297, 140.847)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 37.297, 140.847)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 37.359, 140.912)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0D79C
RGB	160, 215, 156
RGB Percent	63%, 84%, 61%
CMY	0.3726, 0.1569, 0.3882
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.27, 0.16
HSL	116°, 42%, 73%
HSV	116°, 27%, 84%
XYZ	44.7953, 58.4711, 40.3751
YIQ	191.8290, -13.8410, -30.0090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

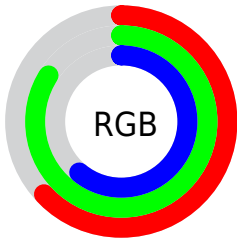
Format	Color
RYB	156, 215, 211
Decimal	10540956
CIELab	81.00, -29.00, 23.56
CIELCh	81, 37.359, 140.912
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3119, 0.4071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288731036 (0xFFA0D79C)
YUV	191.8290, -17.6637, -27.9140
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -29.2478, 22.2207

Details

The CIELCh color $81, 37.359, 140.912$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $71, 37.501, 323.983$, and the grayscale version is $78, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96, 26.555, 140.397$, and $61, 37.546, 140.713$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80, 50.761, 140.106$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83, 23.723, 141.621$.

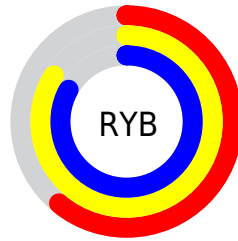
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (84%)

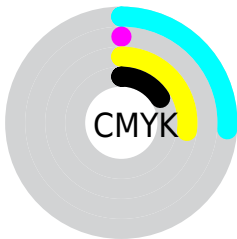
Blue (61%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (83%)

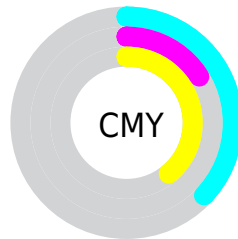


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (37%)


Magenta (16%)


Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 37.359, 140.912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 37.359, 140.912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 37.359,
140.912


 81, 37.359,
140.912


 100, 37.359,
140.912


 71, 37.359,
140.912

 61, 37.359,
140.912

 51, 37.359,
140.912

 41, 37.359,
140.912

 31, 37.359,
140.912

 21, 37.359,
140.912

 11, 37.359,

140.912

■ 1, 37.359, 140.912

■ 0, 37.359, 140.912

■ 81, 37.359,
140.912

■ 81, 37.359,
140.912

■ 80, 50.761,
140.106

■ 83, 23.723,
141.621

■ 78, 63.631,
139.212

■ 84, 10.068,
142.243

■ 77, 75.591,
138.265

■ 87, 3.443, 322.662

■ 77, 86.165,
137.336

■ 89, 16.699,
323.161

■ 76, 94.797,

■ 90, 25.060,
325.297

136.538

■ 76, 100.937,
136.010

■ 75, 104.344,
135.828

■ 75, 104.954,
135.774

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 37.359, 140.912



71, 37.501, 323.983

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 37.359, 140.912



81, 37.359, 190.912



81, 37.359, 320.912



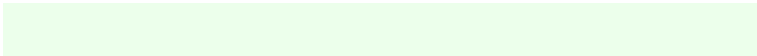
81, 37.359, 10.912

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 37.361, 140.912



98, 12.434, 142.206



83, 28.293, 103.731



52, 8.846, 142.115



0, 0.000, 0.000



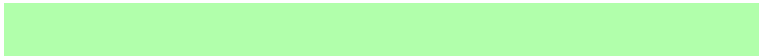
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 37.361, 140.912



93, 51.506, 140.450



81, 28.120, 157.048



44, 7.665, 142.125



61, 88.347, 135.705



14, 31.512, 139.766

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 37.501, 323.983



80, 51.703, 324.267



71, 28.737, 341.694



42, 7.685, 323.066



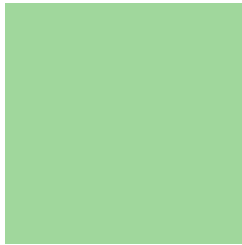
38, 85.939, 325.600



6, 32.529, 325.641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 37.359, 140.912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

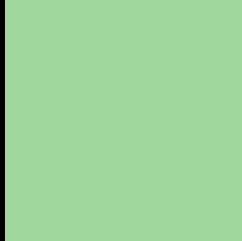
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 37.359, 140.912 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

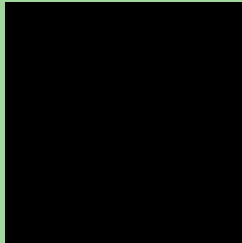
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 37.359, 140.912

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 37.359, 140.912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 37.359, 140.912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
81, 37.359, 140.912

Protanopia
81, 27.559, 95.036

Deuteranopia
81, 23.560, 65.648



Tritanopia
81, 14.314, 238.122

Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 37.359, 140.912



Protanomaly
80, 28.106, 115.756



Deuteranomaly
80, 22.239, 103.071



Tritanomaly
81, 15.484, 178.156

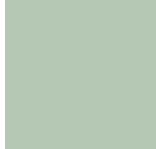
Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 37.359, 140.912



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
79, 13.508, 142.600

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 37.359, 140.912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 215, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 215, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 215, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 215, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 37.359, 140.912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 215, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 215, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 215, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 215, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 215, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 215,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 37.359, 140.912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 215, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
215, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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