

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 4.665, 42.617)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 4.665, 42.617) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(81, 4.596, 46.969)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2C7C3
RGB	210, 199, 195
RGB Percent	82%, 78%, 76%
CMY	0.1766, 0.2197, 0.2354
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.07, 0.18
HSL	16°, 14%, 79%
HSV	16°, 7%, 82%
XYZ	56.8351, 58.4711, 59.9049
YIQ	201.8330, 7.8400, 1.0880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

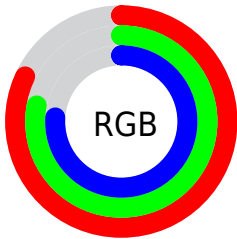
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	210, 200, 195
Decimal	13813699
CIE Lab	81.00, 3.14, 3.36
CIE LCh	81, 4.596, 46.969
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3244, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292003779 (0xFFD2C7C3)
YUV	201.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -1.1428, 7.0778

# Details

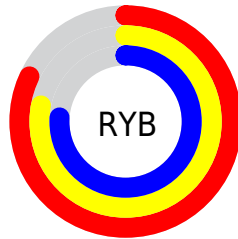
The CIELCh color  $81, 4.596, 46.969$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $82, 4.417, 228.014$ , and the grayscale version is  $81, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 1.510, 110.014$ , and  $61, 4.901, 46.889$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77, 11.472, 46.615$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $85, 1.776, 227.938$ .

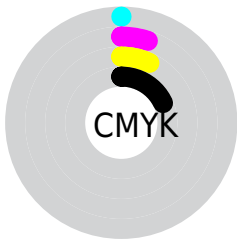
# Distribution



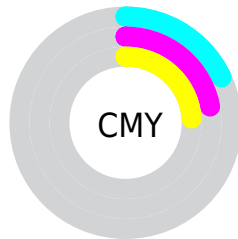
- Red (82%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 4.596, 46.969 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 4.596, 46.969 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81, 4.596, 46.969

81, 4.596, 46.969

100, 4.596, 46.969

71, 4.596, 46.969

61, 4.596, 46.969

51, 4.596, 46.969

41, 4.596, 46.969

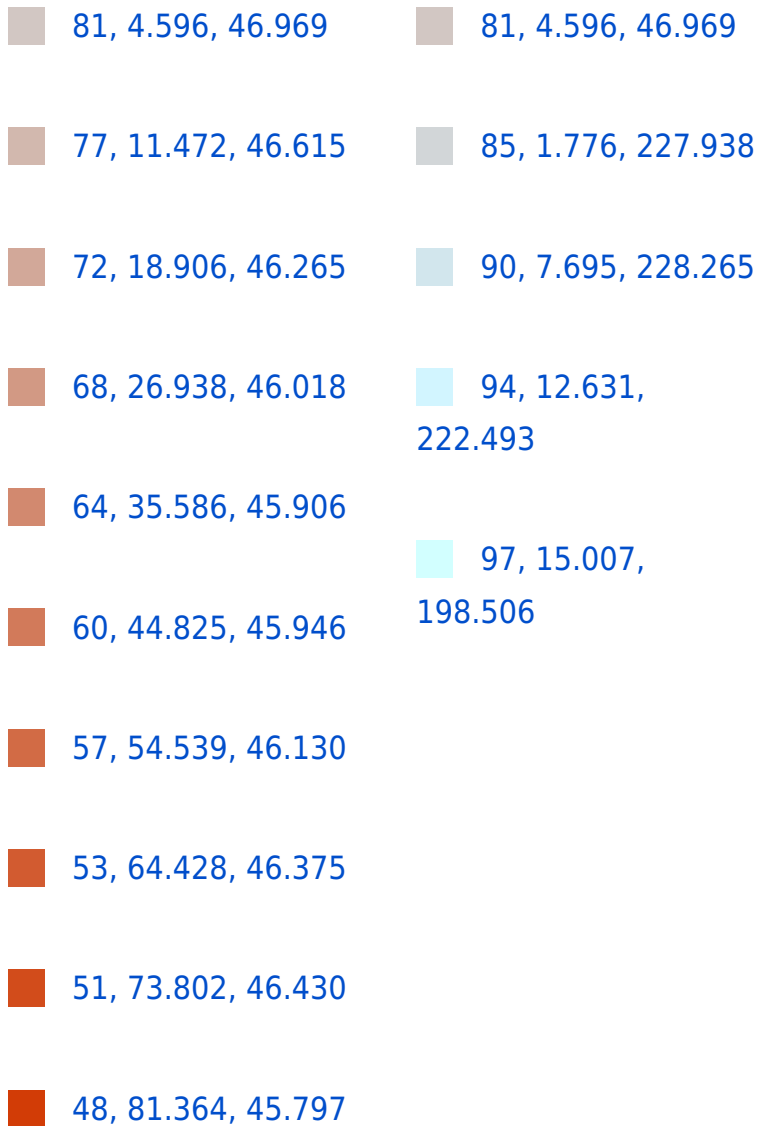
31, 4.596, 46.969

21, 4.596, 46.969

11, 4.596, 46.969

1, 4.596, 46.969

0, 4.596, 46.969



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 4.596, 46.969



82, 4.417, 228.014

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



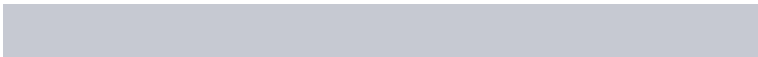
81, 4.596, 46.969



81, 4.596, 96.969



81, 4.596, 226.969



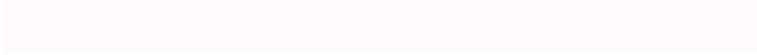
81, 4.596, 276.969

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 4.596, 46.999



99, 1.475, 46.951



80, 8.052, 333.399



53, 0.838, 46.934



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

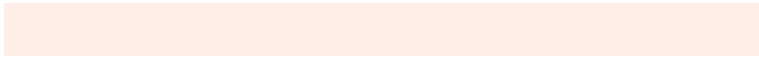


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 4.596, 46.999



95, 6.832, 46.930



83, 6.182, 97.472



42, 3.671, 46.919



38, 70.287, 46.150



6, 17.154, 34.821



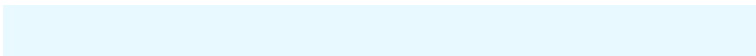


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 4.417, 228.014



97, 6.487, 228.118



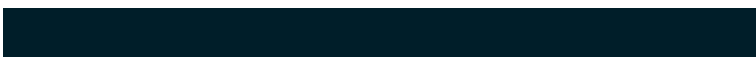
80, 6.231, 279.214



43, 3.479, 228.136



48, 34.122, 249.329



10, 12.406, 238.545



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 4.596, 46.969 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 4.596, 46.969 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

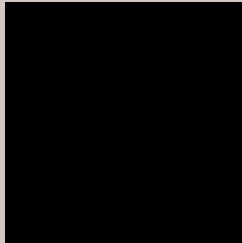
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

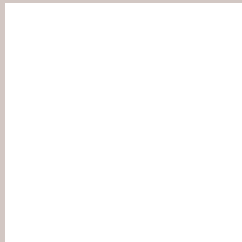
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 81, 4.596, 46.969**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 4.596, 46.969.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 4.596, 46.969.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81, 4.596, 46.969

### Protanopia

81, 3.052, 63.256

### Deuteranopia

81, 10.556, 14.461



**Tritanopia**  
81, 10.337, 324.829



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 4.596, 46.969

**Protanomaly**  
81, 3.332, 58.829

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 8.228, 19.983

**Tritanomaly**  
81, 7.035, 337.115

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 4.596, 46.969

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 1.799, 55.191

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 4.596, 46.969 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 199, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 199, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 199, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 199, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 4.596, 46.969 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 199, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 199, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 199, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 199, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 199, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 199,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 4.596, 46.969 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 199, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
199, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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