

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 40.934, 29.267)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 40.934, 29.267) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(79, 32.616, 30.351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFAFA6
RGB	255, 175, 166
RGB Percent	100%, 69%, 65%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3121, 0.3475
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.35, 0.00
HSL	6°, 100%, 83%
HSV	6°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	63.7302, 54.9284, 43.5099
YIQ	197.8940, 50.5690, 14.1610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

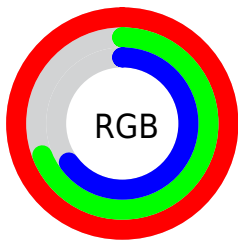
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 176, 166
Decimal	16756646
CIE Lab	79.00, 28.15, 16.48
CIE LCh	79, 32.616, 30.351
Yxy	54.9284, 0.3930, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294946726 (0xFFFFAFA6)
YUV	197.8940, -15.7237, 50.0820
Hunter-Lab	74.1137, 23.7929, 17.0722

# Details

The CIELCh color **79, 32.616, 30.351** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **92, 25.122, 208.681**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 10.223, 49.944**, and **59, 32.468, 30.660** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 43.452, 31.381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 22.165, 29.673**.

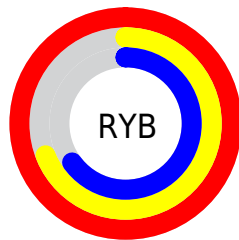
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (69%)

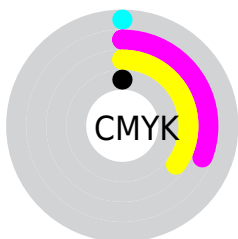
Blue (65%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (65%)

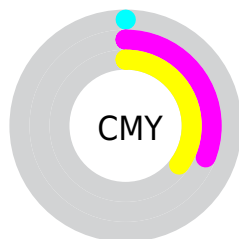


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 79, 32.616, 30.351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 79, 32.616, 30.351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 79, 32.616, 30.351

 79, 32.616, 30.351

 100, 32.616,  
30.351

 69, 32.616, 30.351

 99, 32.616, 30.351

 59, 32.616, 30.351

 49, 32.616, 30.351

 39, 32.616, 30.351

 29, 32.616, 30.351

 19, 32.616, 30.351

 9, 32.616, 30.351

 0, 32.616, 30.351

 79, 32.616, 30.351

 79, 32.616, 30.351

73, 43.452, 31.381

85, 22.165, 29.673

68, 55.120, 32.718

91, 12.666, 29.162

64, 67.229, 34.453

97, 3.911, 28.720

60, 79.388, 36.558

100, 0.012,  
296.813

57, 90.811, 38.787

55, 99.775, 40.414

54, 103.021,  
40.935

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79, 32.616, 30.351



92, 25.122, 208.681

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79, 32.616, 30.351



79, 32.616, 80.351



79, 32.616, 210.351



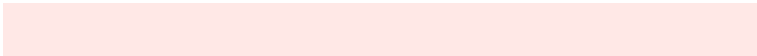
79, 32.616, 260.351

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79, 32.435, 30.389



94, 8.420, 28.964



79, 51.693, 329.317



49, 5.779, 29.021



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79, 32.435, 30.389



75, 40.355, 31.076



89, 31.099, 80.792



50, 4.778, 28.944



41, 82.674, 41.172



11, 31.459, 32.160





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 25.122, 208.681



91, 29.345, 208.852



80, 29.878, 271.245



52, 4.490, 208.710



64, 35.897, 214.589



21, 16.677, 212.145



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 79, 32.616, 30.351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

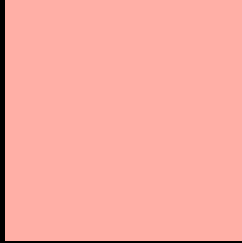
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 79, 32.616, 30.351 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 79, 32.616, 30.351

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 32.616, 30.351.

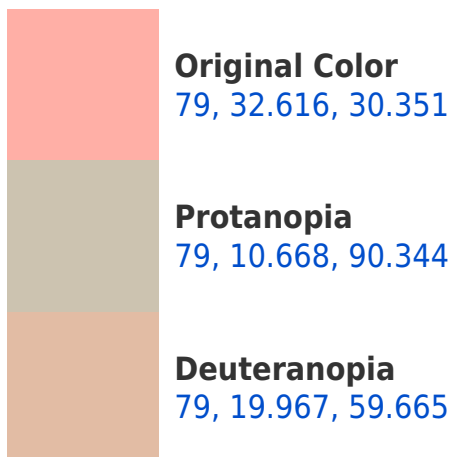


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 79, 32.616, 30.351.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
79, 32.226, 10.110



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 32.616, 30.351

**Protanomaly**  
79, 15.943, 50.145

**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 23.840, 44.370

**Tritanomaly**  
79, 31.747, 17.477

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
79, 32.616, 30.351

**Achromatopsia**  
80, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 11.156, 28.401

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 79, 32.616, 30.351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 175, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 175, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 175, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 175, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 79, 32.616, 30.351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 175, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 175, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 175, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 175, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 175, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 175,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 79, 32.616, 30.351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 175, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
175, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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