

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 44.129, 196.479)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 44.129, 196.479)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 44.130, 196.460)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20DFDF
RGB	32, 223, 223
RGB Percent	13%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.8734, 0.1251, 0.1251
CMYK	0.86, 0.00, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	180°, 75%, 50%
HSV	180°, 86%, 87%
XYZ	40.3493, 58.4711, 79.0394
YIQ	165.8910, -113.8360, -40.4920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

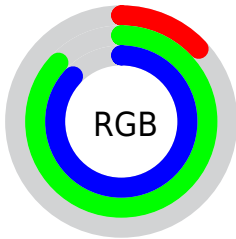
Format	Color
R _{YB}	32, 128, 223
Decimal	2154463
CIE Lab	81.00, -42.32, -12.50
CIE LCh	81, 44.130, 196.460
Yxy	58.4711, 0.2269, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280344543 (0xFF20DFDF)
YUV	165.8910, 28.1547, -117.4224
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -39.6264, -7.7586

Details

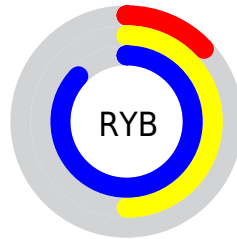
The CIELCh color **81, 44.130, 196.460** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **48, 85.196, 36.038**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 38.681, 197.050**, and **62, 36.354, 197.302** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 45.059, 196.400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 42.320, 196.574**.

Distribution



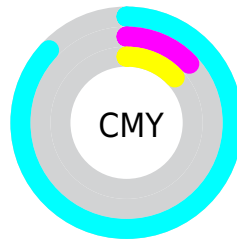
- Red (13%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 44.130, 196.460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 44.130, 196.460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 44.130,
196.460

 81, 44.130,
196.460

 100, 44.130,
196.460

 71, 44.130,
196.460

 61, 44.130,
196.460

 51, 44.130,
196.460

 41, 44.130,
196.460

 31, 44.130,
196.460

 21, 44.130,
196.460

 11, 44.130,

196.460

■ 1, 44.130, 196.460

■ 0, 44.130, 196.460

■ 81, 44.130,
196.460

■ 81, 44.130,
196.460

■ 81, 45.059,
196.400

■ 81, 42.320,
196.574

■ 81, 45.302,
196.384

■ 82, 39.535,
196.753

■ 82, 35.752,
196.998

■ 83, 31.006,
197.310

■ 84, 25.377,

197.686

■ 85, 18.975,
198.124

■ 86, 11.926,
198.624

■ 88, 4.361, 199.236

■ 90, 3.598, 19.492

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 44.130, 196.460



48, 85.196, 36.038

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 44.130, 196.460



81, 44.130, 246.460



81, 44.130, 16.460



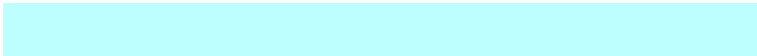
81, 44.130, 66.460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 44.129, 196.459



96, 21.482, 198.093



78, 103.544, 136.531



51, 14.371, 197.935



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 44.129, 196.459



91, 50.116, 196.384



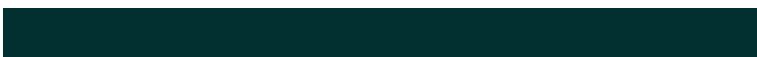
54, 54.883, 276.324



46, 4.454, 198.970



65, 37.940, 196.384



17, 15.585, 196.385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 85.196, 36.038



53, 104.575, 40.000



62, 69.607, 62.339



44, 4.728, 19.932



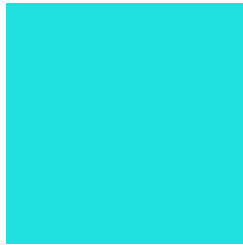
36, 79.113, 39.952



6, 25.541, 20.938

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 44.130, 196.460 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

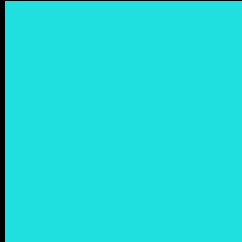
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 44.130, 196.460 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

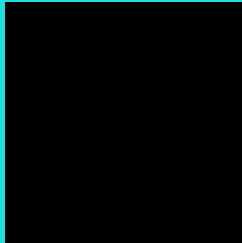
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 44.130, 196.460

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 44.130, 196.460.



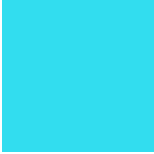
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 44.130, 196.460.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



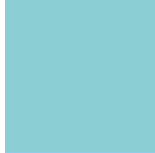


Tritanopia
81, 41.037, 210.475

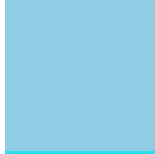
Trichromacy



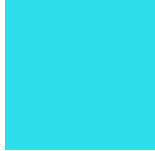
Original Color
81, 44.130, 196.460



Protanomaly
79, 22.132, 206.271



Deuteranomaly
79, 22.596, 229.787

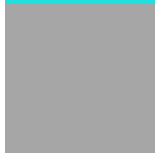


Tritanomaly
81, 41.985, 204.784

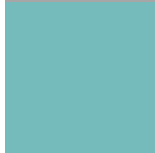
Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 44.130, 196.460



Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
71, 23.010, 197.628

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 44.130, 196.460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 223, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 223, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 223, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 223, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 44.130, 196.460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 223, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 223, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 223, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 223, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 223, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 223,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 44.130, 196.460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 223, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 223,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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