

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 44.160, 72.972)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 44.160, 72.972) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(81, 44.142, 72.868)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8BE7A
RGB	248, 190, 122
RGB Percent	97%, 75%, 48%
CMY	0.0256, 0.2532, 0.5200
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.51, 0.03
HSL	32°, 91%, 73%
HSV	32°, 51%, 97%
XYZ	60.9231, 58.4711, 26.6198
YIQ	199.5900, 56.3960, -8.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

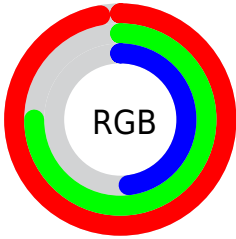
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 248, 122
Decimal	16301690
CIE Lab	81.00, 13.00, 42.18
CIE LCh	81, 44.142, 72.868
Yxy	58.4711, 0.4172, 0.4004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294491770 (0xFFF8BE7A)
YUV	199.5900, -38.2519, 42.4556
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, 8.4003, 32.8862

# Details

The CIELCh color **81, 44.142, 72.868** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **72, 39.535, 269.492**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 36.069, 101.778**, and **61, 43.987, 72.921** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 53.641, 71.449**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 34.793, 74.247**.

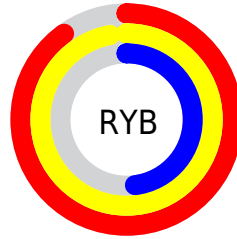
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (75%)

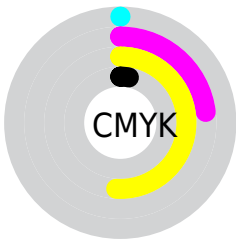
Blue (48%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (48%)

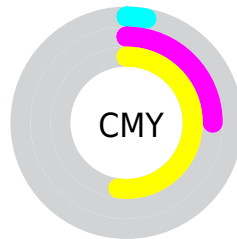


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 44.142, 72.868 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 44.142, 72.868 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81, 44.142, 72.868

 81, 44.142, 72.868

 100, 44.142,  
72.868

 71, 44.142, 72.868

 61, 44.142, 72.868

 51, 44.142, 72.868

 41, 44.142, 72.868

 31, 44.142, 72.868

 21, 44.142, 72.868

 11, 44.142, 72.868

 1, 44.142, 72.868

 0, 44.142, 72.868

81, 44.142, 72.868

81, 44.142, 72.868

78, 53.641, 71.449

84, 34.793, 74.247

75, 62.988, 69.918

87, 25.732, 75.592

72, 71.585, 68.153

91, 17.008, 76.909

70, 78.432, 65.902

94, 8.626, 78.185

67, 82.608, 63.220

97, 0.571, 78.802

100, 2.264,  
199.554

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 44.142, 72.868



72, 39.535, 269.492

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 44.142, 72.868



81, 44.142, 122.868



81, 44.142, 252.868



81, 44.142, 302.868

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



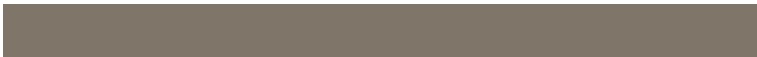
81, 44.142, 72.873



95, 12.419, 77.645



68, 55.126, 351.315



50, 8.510, 77.375



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 44.142, 72.873



80, 55.044, 71.398



95, 61.984, 106.920



50, 4.577, 78.337



52, 67.008, 63.896



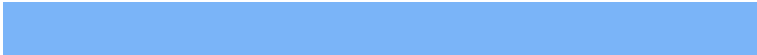
16, 25.884, 65.697



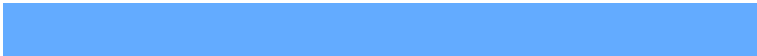


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 39.535, 269.492



69, 48.378, 272.731



57, 71.496, 298.539



49, 4.503, 260.913



39, 62.366, 287.788



10, 24.641, 281.218



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 44.142, 72.868 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

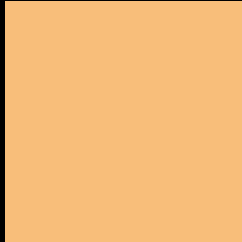
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 44.142, 72.868 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

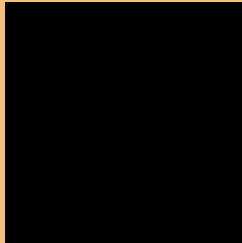
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 44.142, 72.868

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 44.142, 72.868.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 44.142, 72.868.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
81, 29.009, 7.311



# Trichromacy



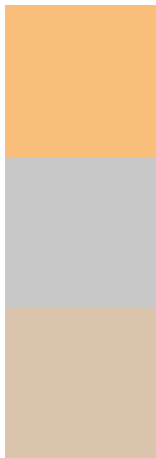
**Original Color**  
81, 44.142, 72.868

**Protanomaly**  
81, 40.397, 86.632

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 43.775, 74.531

**Tritanomaly**  
81, 28.927, 37.201

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 44.142, 72.868

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 15.612, 77.267

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 44.142, 72.868 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 190, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 190, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 190, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 190, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 44.142, 72.868 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 190, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 190, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 190, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 190, 122); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 190, 122); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 190, 122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 44.142, 72.868 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 190, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
190, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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