

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 47.820, 196.494)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 47.820, 196.494)
contains.

CIELCh(81, 45.592, 196.386)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(81, 45.592, 196.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E0E0
RGB	0, 224, 224
RGB Percent	0%, 88%, 88%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1227, 0.1226
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	180°, 100%, 44%
HSV	180°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	39.8940, 58.4711, 79.5123
YIQ	157.0240, -133.5040, -47.4880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

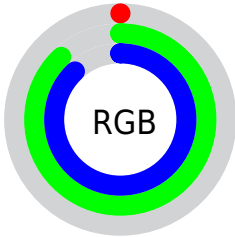
Format	Color
RYB	0, 112, 224
Decimal	57568
CIELab	81.00, -43.74, -12.86
CIELCh	81, 45.592, 196.386
Yxy	58.4711, 0.2243, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278247648 (0xFF00E0E0)
YUV	157.0240, 33.0192, -137.7100
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -40.6892, -8.1252

Details

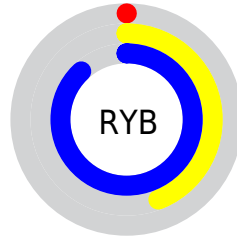
The CIELCh color **81, 45.592, 196.386** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **47, 94.732, 40.001**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 40.001, 196.972**, and **62, 36.516, 197.297** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 45.394, 196.397**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 44.737, 196.438**.

Distribution



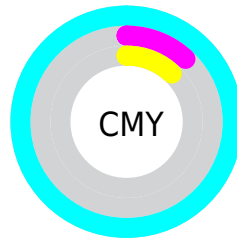
- Red (0%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 45.592, 196.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 45.592, 196.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 45.592,
196.386


 81, 45.592,
196.386


 100, 45.592,
196.386

 71, 45.592,
196.386

 61, 45.592,
196.386

 51, 45.592,
196.386

 41, 45.592,
196.386

 31, 45.592,
196.386

 21, 45.592,
196.386

 11, 45.592,

196.386

■ 1, 45.592, 196.386

■ 0, 45.592, 196.386

■ 81, 45.592,
196.386

■ 81, 45.592,
196.386

■ 81, 45.394,
196.397

■ 81, 44.737,
196.438

■ 81, 43.335,
196.526

■ 82, 40.989,
196.675

■ 82, 37.645,
196.889

■ 83, 33.313,

197.171

■ 84, 28.055,
197.518

■ 85, 21.970,
197.929

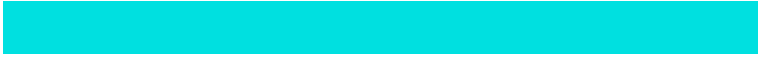
■ 86, 15.180,
198.400

■ 87, 7.813, 198.943

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



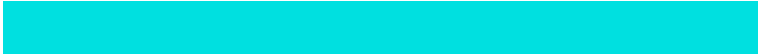
81, 45.592, 196.386



47, 94.732, 40.001

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 45.592, 196.386



81, 45.592, 246.386



81, 45.592, 16.386



81, 45.592, 66.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 45.394, 196.397



95, 24.408, 197.919



78, 108.505, 136.016



50, 16.364, 197.738



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 45.394, 196.397



91, 50.110, 196.398



48, 66.243, 284.676



46, 4.454, 198.977



65, 37.936, 196.397



17, 15.583, 196.395

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 104.684, 328.235



60, 115.561, 328.235



59, 77.420, 60.083



44, 8.153, 324.942



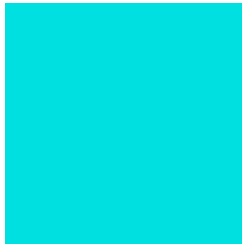
42, 87.485, 328.235



8, 35.924, 328.231

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 45.592, 196.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

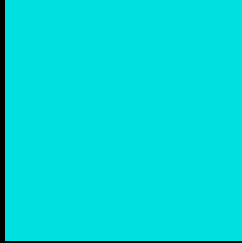
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 45.592, 196.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

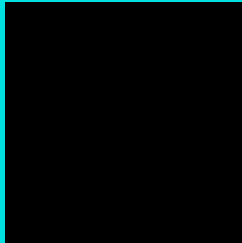
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 45.592, 196.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 45.592, 196.386.

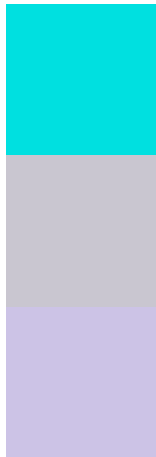


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 45.592, 196.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

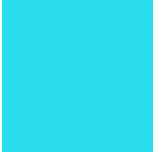
81, 45.440, 196.386

Protanopia

80, 5.454, 302.069

Deuteranopia

81, 18.969, 301.202

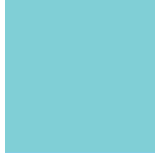


Tritanopia
81, 41.742, 210.199

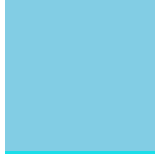
Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 45.440, 196.386



Protanomaly
79, 25.058, 206.348



Deuteranomaly
78, 25.509, 227.077

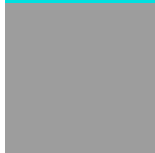


Tritanomaly
81, 43.113, 204.503

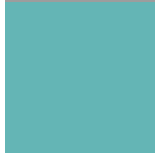
Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 45.440, 196.386



Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
69, 25.892, 197.359

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 45.592, 196.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 224, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 224, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 224, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 224, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 45.592, 196.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 224, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 224, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 224, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 224, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 224, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 224,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 45.592, 196.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 224, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 224,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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