

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 48.088, 140.740)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 48.088, 140.740)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 48.104, 140.683)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92DA8E
RGB	146, 218, 142
RGB Percent	57%, 85%, 56%
CMY	0.4259, 0.1435, 0.4416
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.35, 0.14
HSL	117°, 51%, 71%
HSV	117°, 35%, 86%
XYZ	42.0164, 58.4711, 34.8151
YIQ	187.8080, -18.5160, -38.9000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

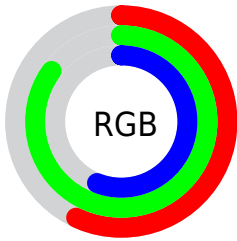
Format	Color
RYB	142, 218, 214
Decimal	9624206
CIELab	81.00, -37.22, 30.48
CIELCh	81, 48.104, 140.683
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3105, 0.4322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287814286 (0xFF92DA8E)
YUV	187.8080, -22.5833, -36.6656
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -35.7348, 26.5317

Details

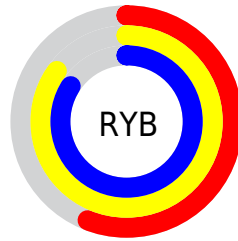
The CIELCh color **81, 48.104, 140.683** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **69, 48.234, 324.780**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 35.787, 140.332**, and **61, 48.311, 140.771** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 61.360, 139.783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 34.384, 141.486**.

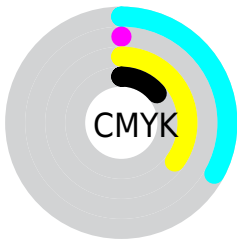
Distribution



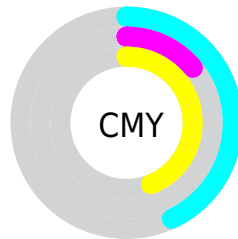
- Red (57%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 48.104, 140.683 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 48.104, 140.683 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 48.104,
140.683

 81, 48.104,
140.683


 100, 48.104,
140.683

 71, 48.104,
140.683


 61, 48.104,
140.683

 51, 48.104,
140.683

 41, 48.104,
140.683

 31, 48.104,
140.683

 21, 48.104,
140.683

 11, 48.104,

140.683

■ 1, 48.104, 140.683

■ 0, 48.104, 140.683

■ 81, 48.104,
140.683

■ 81, 48.104,
140.683

■ 80, 61.360,
139.783

■ 83, 34.384,
141.486

■ 79, 73.779,
138.810

■ 84, 20.480,
142.186

■ 78, 84.901,
137.824

■ 86, 6.606, 142.809

■ 77, 94.175,
136.929

■ 88, 7.085, 323.239

■ 91, 20.488,
323.692

■ 77, 101.026,

136.262

91, 22.905,
325.222

76, 105.071,
135.943

76, 106.300,
135.838

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 48.104, 140.683



69, 48.234, 324.780

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 48.104, 140.683



81, 48.104, 190.683



81, 48.104, 320.683



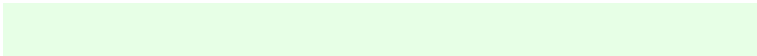
81, 48.104, 10.683

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 48.105, 140.683



98, 15.640, 142.485



84, 36.795, 103.774



52, 10.679, 142.397



0, 0.000, 0.000



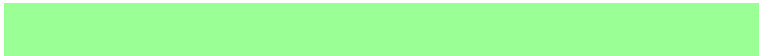
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 48.105, 140.683



92, 65.400, 140.011



81, 35.480, 157.023



45, 7.853, 142.525



62, 89.411, 135.780



15, 33.226, 139.236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 48.234, 324.780



75, 65.513, 325.128



68, 36.525, 343.300



43, 7.872, 323.487



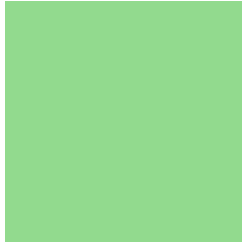
39, 86.792, 326.173



7, 34.366, 326.361

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 48.104, 140.683 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

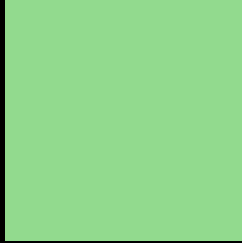
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 48.104, 140.683 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 48.104, 140.683

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 48.104, 140.683.

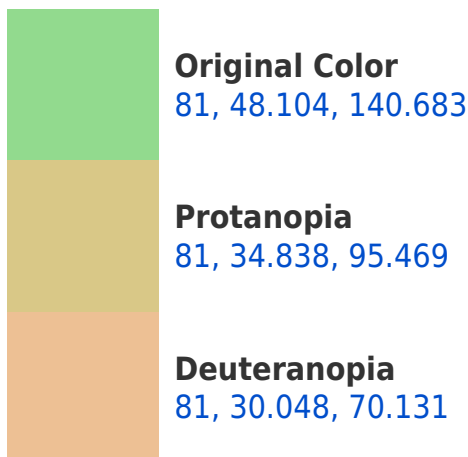


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 48.104, 140.683.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



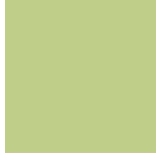


Tritanopia
81, 17.322, 230.140

Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 48.104, 140.683



Protanomaly
80, 36.549, 117.062



Deuteranomaly
80, 29.420, 105.942

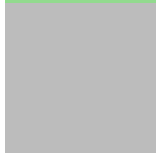


Tritanomaly
81, 21.680, 173.150

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 48.104, 140.683



Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 17.924, 141.746

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 48.104, 140.683 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 218, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 218, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 218, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 218, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 48.104, 140.683 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 218, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 218, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 218, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 218, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 218, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 218,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 48.104, 140.683 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 218, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
218, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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