

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 5.699, 319.960)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 5.699, 319.960) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 5.446, 318.291)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEC7D0
RGB	206, 199, 208
RGB Percent	81%, 78%, 82%
CMY	0.1925, 0.2199, 0.1846
CMYK	0.01, 0.04, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	287°, 9%, 80%
HSV	287°, 4%, 82%
XYZ	57.2121, 58.4711, 67.8935
YIQ	202.1190, 1.2830, 4.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

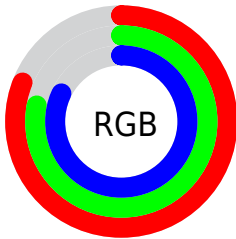
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 199, 208
Decimal	13551568
CIE Lab	81.00, 4.07, -3.62
CIE LCh	81, 5.446, 318.291
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3117, 0.3185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291741648 (0xFFCEC7D0)
YUV	202.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -0.2627, 0.8836

Details

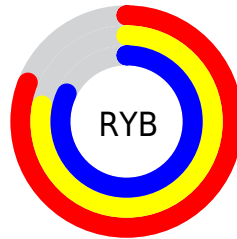
The CIELCh color `81, 5.446, 318.291` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `83, 5.414, 137.990`, and the grayscale version is `81, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `61, 5.765, 318.360` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `75, 18.183, 318.753`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `87, 7.034, 137.935`.

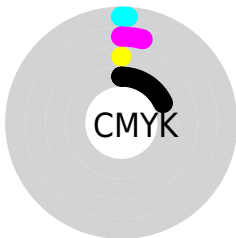
Distribution



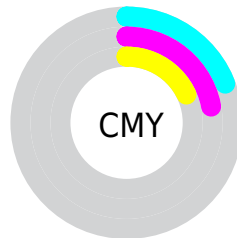
- Red (81%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 5.446, 318.291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 5.446, 318.291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81, 5.446, 318.291

■ 81, 5.446, 318.291

■ 100, 5.446,
318.291

■ 71, 5.446, 318.291

■ 61, 5.446, 318.291

■ 51, 5.446, 318.291

■ 41, 5.446, 318.291

■ 31, 5.446, 318.291

■ 21, 5.446, 318.291

■ 11, 5.446, 318.291

■ 1, 5.446, 318.291

■ 0, 5.446, 318.291

81, 5.446, 318.291

81, 5.446, 318.291

75, 18.183,
318.753

87, 7.034, 137.935

70, 31.086,
319.200

92, 19.195,
137.517

65, 43.987,
319.634

97, 27.221,
136.365

60, 56.634,
320.032

97, 26.448,
133.304

55, 68.655,
320.364

97, 25.754,
130.030

51, 79.554,
320.591

97, 25.149,
126.549

47, 88.737,
320.664

98, 24.642,
122.874

44, 95.616,
320.534

98, 24.244,
119.026

■ 42, 99.818,
320.159

■ 98, 23.962,
115.036

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 5.446, 318.291



83, 5.414, 137.990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 5.446, 318.291



81, 5.446, 8.291



81, 5.446, 138.291



81, 5.446, 188.291

Sweetspot

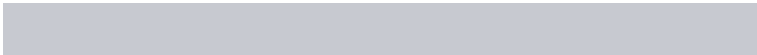
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 5.444, 318.288



99, 1.488, 318.021



81, 3.735, 278.883



53, 0.846, 318.011



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 5.444, 318.288



97, 7.429, 318.326



81, 4.829, 333.185



42, 4.308, 318.355



33, 86.543, 319.982



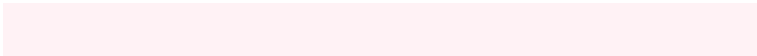
4, 29.105, 319.234

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 3.484, 1.812



97, 4.760, 1.903



83, 4.807, 152.758



42, 2.763, 1.972



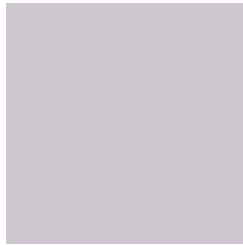
35, 66.885, 27.307



4, 20.263, 9.195

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 5.446, 318.291 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 5.446, 318.291 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

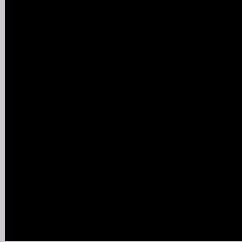
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

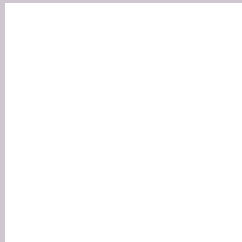
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 5.446, 318.291

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 5.446, 318.291.

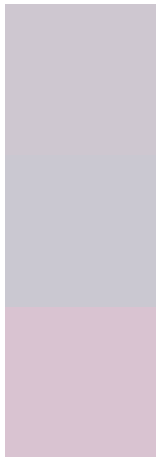


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 5.446, 318.291.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81, 5.446, 318.291

Protanopia

81, 4.854, 299.127

Deuteranopia

81, 10.979, 337.684



Tritanopia
81, 9.143, 311.522

Trichromacy



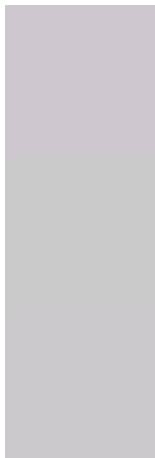
Original Color
81, 5.446, 318.291

Protanomaly
81, 4.924, 303.269

Deuteranomaly
81, 9.315, 332.267

Tritanomaly
81, 8.160, 314.148

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 5.446, 318.291

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 1.768, 314.632

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 5.446, 318.291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 199, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 199, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 199, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 199, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 5.446, 318.291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

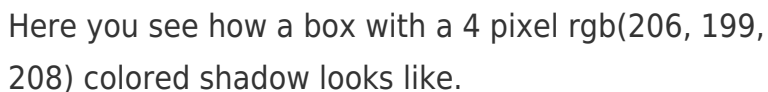
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 199, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 199, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 199, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 199, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 199, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 199, 208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 5.446, 318.291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 199, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
199, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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