

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 51.014, 122.818)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 51.014, 122.818)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(81, 51.437, 122.684)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1D676
RGB	177, 214, 118
RGB Percent	69%, 84%, 46%
CMY	0.3076, 0.1625, 0.5388
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.45, 0.16
HSL	83°, 54%, 65%
HSV	83°, 45%, 84%
XYZ	45.2184, 58.4711, 25.9178
YIQ	191.9930, 8.7640, -37.7000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

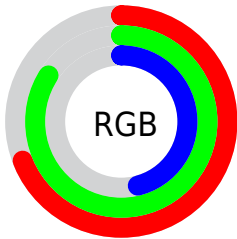
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	118, 214, 155
Decimal	11654774
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	81.00, -27.78, 43.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	81, 51.437, 122.684
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3489, 0.4511
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289844854 (0xFFB1D676)
YUV	191.9930, -36.4785, -13.1489
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -28.2603, 33.4305

# Details

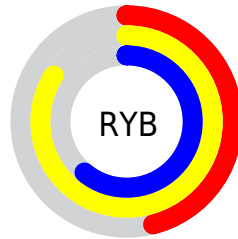
The CIELCh color **81, 51.437, 122.684** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **57, 55.968, 307.765**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 42.416, 117.967**, and **61, 51.363, 122.882** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 61.961, 122.283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 40.358, 123.172**.

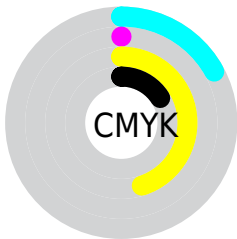
# Distribution



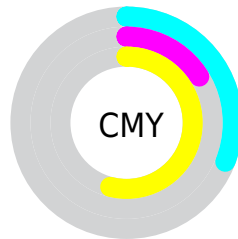
- Red (69%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 51.437, 122.684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 51.437, 122.684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 81, 51.437,  
122.684


 81, 51.437,  
122.684

 100, 51.437,  
122.684


 71, 51.437,  
122.684

 61, 51.437,  
122.684

 51, 51.437,  
122.684

 41, 51.437,  
122.684

 31, 51.437,  
122.684

 21, 51.437,  
122.684

 11, 51.437,

122.684

■ 1, 51.437, 122.684

■ 0, 51.437, 122.684

■ 81, 51.437,  
122.684

■ 81, 51.437,  
122.684

■ 80, 61.961,  
122.283

■ 82, 40.358,  
123.172

■ 80, 71.589,  
122.039

■ 83, 28.950,  
123.695

■ 79, 79.869,  
122.056

■ 84, 17.374,  
124.223

■ 78, 86.288,  
122.456

■ 85, 5.735, 124.745

■ 78, 90.481,

■ 86, 5.892, 305.202

123.338

87, 17.454,  
305.666

78, 92.005,  
123.902

88, 22.870,  
309.759

89, 23.881,  
316.323

90, 25.175,  
322.377

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 51.437, 122.684



57, 55.968, 307.765

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 51.437, 122.684



81, 51.437, 172.684



81, 51.437, 302.684



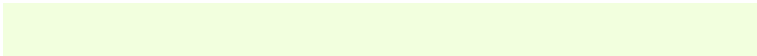
81, 51.437, 352.684

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 51.438, 122.686



98, 17.461, 124.318



69, 33.125, 57.754



52, 12.218, 124.201



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



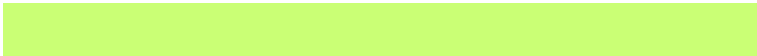


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 51.438, 122.686



94, 70.376, 122.297



78, 59.276, 138.319



45, 6.616, 124.511



63, 77.755, 123.654



15, 26.754, 124.468



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 55.968, 307.765



60, 78.285, 308.458



62, 59.750, 323.307



42, 6.728, 305.453



24, 94.607, 309.674



3, 28.367, 304.232



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 51.437, 122.684 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 51.437, 122.684 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 51.437, 122.684

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 51.437, 122.684.

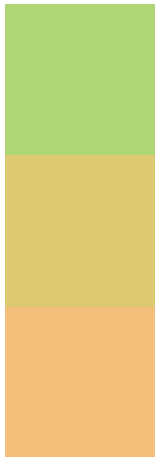


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 51.437, 122.684.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

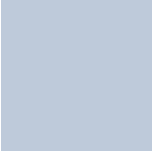


**Original Color**  
81, 51.437, 122.684

**Protanopia**  
81, 46.343, 96.045

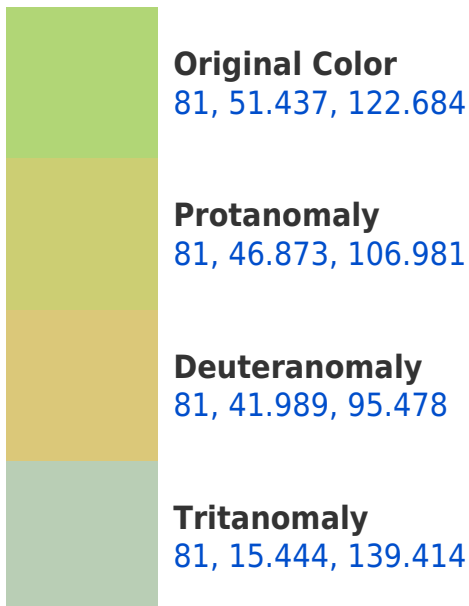
**Deuteranopia**  
81, 42.760, 76.428





**Tritanopia**  
81, 9.385, 264.541

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 51.437, 122.684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 214, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 214, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 214, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 214, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 51.437, 122.684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 214, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 214, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 214, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 214, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 214, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 214,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 51.437, 122.684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 214, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
214, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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