

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 54.994, 24.876)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 54.994, 24.876) contains.

<b>CIELCh(76, 37.839, 22.887)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(76, 37.839, 22.887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA2A2
RGB	255, 162, 162
RGB Percent	100%, 64%, 64%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3649, 0.3650
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.36, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 82%
HSV	0°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	61.0526, 49.8872, 40.5596
YIQ	189.8070, 55.4280, 19.7160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

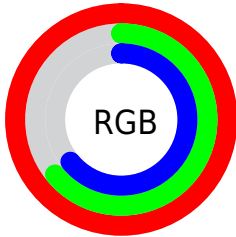
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 162, 162
Decimal	16753314
CIE Lab	76.00, 34.86, 14.72
CIE LCh	76, 37.839, 22.887
Yxy	49.8872, 0.4030, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294943394 (0xFFFFA2A2)
YUV	189.8070, -13.7089, 57.1743
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 30.6895, 15.3945

# Details

The CIELCh color **76, 37.839, 22.887** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **94, 28.884, 197.664**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 13.714, 22.501**, and **56, 37.528, 23.177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 49.248, 24.553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 26.177, 21.552**.

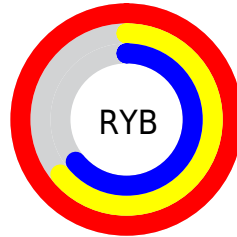
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (64%)

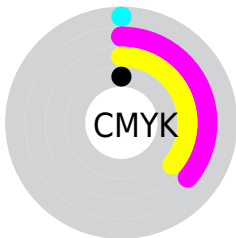
Blue (64%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (64%)

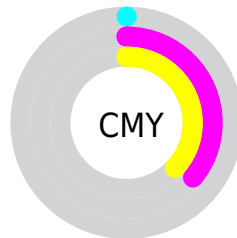


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 37.839, 22.887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 37.839, 22.887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 76, 37.839, 22.887

 76, 37.839, 22.887

 100, 37.839,  
22.887

 66, 37.839, 22.887

 96, 37.839, 22.887

 56, 37.839, 22.887

 46, 37.839, 22.887

 36, 37.839, 22.887

 26, 37.839, 22.887

 16, 37.839, 22.887

 6, 37.839, 22.887

 0, 37.839, 22.887

 76, 37.839, 22.887

 76, 37.839, 22.887

70, 49.248, 24.553

82, 26.177, 21.552

65, 61.458, 26.772

89, 15.673, 20.549

60, 73.675, 29.600

96, 5.933, 19.722

57, 85.393, 33.004

100, 0.012,  
296.813

55, 95.743, 36.596

53, 102.814,  
39.306

53, 104.572,  
40.002

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 37.839, 22.887



94, 28.884, 197.664

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 37.839, 22.887



76, 37.839, 72.887



76, 37.839, 202.887



76, 37.839, 252.887

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 37.409, 22.851



92, 10.223, 20.086



79, 57.984, 326.419



48, 6.906, 20.196



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 37.409, 22.851



71, 46.244, 24.084



87, 30.992, 70.823



49, 5.252, 19.966



40, 84.226, 40.003



10, 33.362, 27.190





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 28.884, 197.664



94, 33.589, 197.381



82, 27.920, 261.594



52, 4.944, 198.987



70, 40.349, 196.429



24, 18.563, 196.424



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 37.839, 22.887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

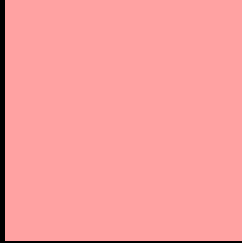
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 37.839, 22.887 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 76, 37.839, 22.887**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 37.839, 22.887.

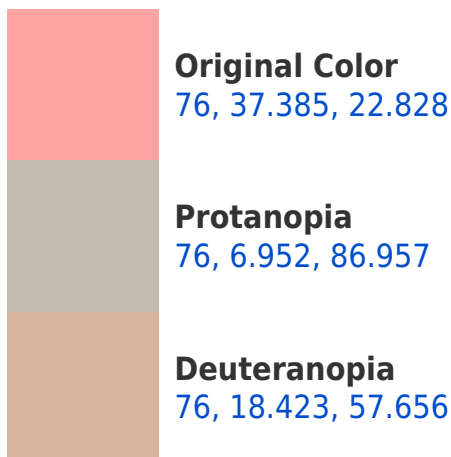


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 37.839, 22.887.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
76, 37.285, 13.230



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76, 37.385, 22.828



## Protanomaly

76, 15.553, 36.458



## Deuteranomaly

76, 24.132, 37.812



## Tritanomaly

76, 37.339, 16.478

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76, 37.385, 22.828



## Achromatopsia

77, 0.009, 296.813



## Achromatomaly

76, 13.056, 20.460

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 37.839, 22.887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 162, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 162, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 162, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 162, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 37.839, 22.887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 162, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 162, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 162, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 162, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 162, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 162,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 37.839, 22.887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 162, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
162, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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