

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 63.224, 156.789)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 63.224, 156.789)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 63.296, 156.761)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	42E398
RGB	66, 227, 152
RGB Percent	26%, 89%, 60%
CMY	0.7402, 0.1091, 0.4033
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.33, 0.11
HSL	152°, 74%, 58%
HSV	152°, 71%, 89%
XYZ	35.4592, 58.4711, 39.1905
YIQ	170.3110, -71.8810, -57.4570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

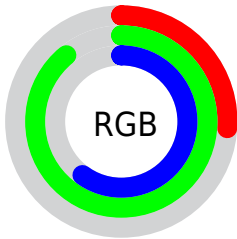
Format	Color
RYB	66, 171, 227
Decimal	4383640
CIELab	81.00, -58.16, 24.97
CIElCh	81, 63.296, 156.761
Yxy	58.4711, 0.2664, 0.4392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282573720 (0xFF42E398)
YUV	170.3110, -9.0273, -91.4807
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -51.0417, 23.1392

Details

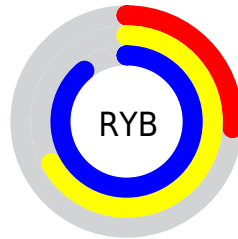
The CIELCh color **81, 63.296, 156.761** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **54, 67.421, 355.423**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 46.898, 164.594**, and **61, 59.509, 154.199** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 69.605, 154.816**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 56.077, 158.490**.

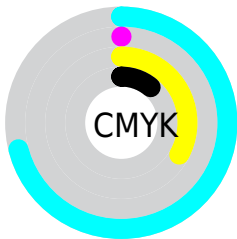
Distribution



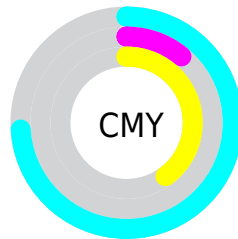
- Red (26%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 63.296, 156.761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 63.296, 156.761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 63.296,
156.761


 81, 63.296,
156.761


 100, 63.296,
156.761


 71, 63.296,
156.761


 61, 63.296,
156.761

 51, 63.296,
156.761

 41, 63.296,
156.761

 31, 63.296,
156.761

 21, 63.296,
156.761

 11, 63.296,

156.761

■ 1, 63.296, 156.761

■ 0, 63.296, 156.761

■ 81, 63.296,
156.761

■ 81, 63.296,
156.761

■ 80, 69.605,
154.816

■ 82, 56.077,
158.490

■ 80, 74.993,
152.662

■ 83, 48.036,
160.018


■ 80, 79.263,
150.577

■ 84, 39.310,
161.369

■ 85, 30.067,
162.568


■ 87, 20.471,

163.642

 88, 10.679,
164.621

 90, 0.823, 166.005

 92, 8.990, 346.189

 93, 14.397,
333.843

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 63.296, 156.761



54, 67.421, 355.423

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 63.296, 156.761



81, 63.296, 206.761



81, 63.296, 336.761



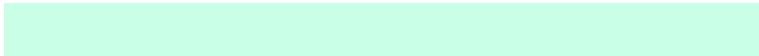
81, 63.296, 26.761

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 63.297, 156.761



96, 22.648, 163.612



82, 83.959, 127.445



51, 15.304, 163.324



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 63.297, 156.761



89, 78.843, 153.829



81, 40.160, 200.859



47, 5.640, 164.752



64, 65.662, 150.975



18, 25.416, 155.198

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 67.421, 355.423



57, 81.311, 359.892



53, 70.544, 32.267



45, 5.724, 346.288



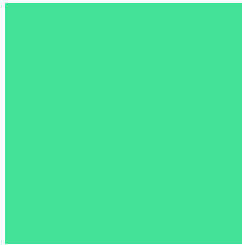
38, 64.623, 5.121



7, 27.311, 357.522

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 63.296, 156.761 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

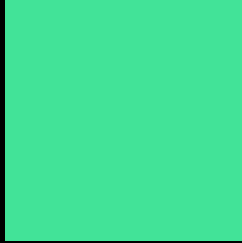
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 63.296, 156.761 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

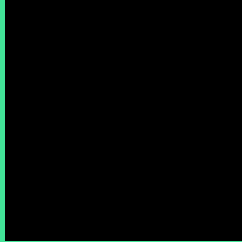
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 63.296, 156.761

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 63.296, 156.761.

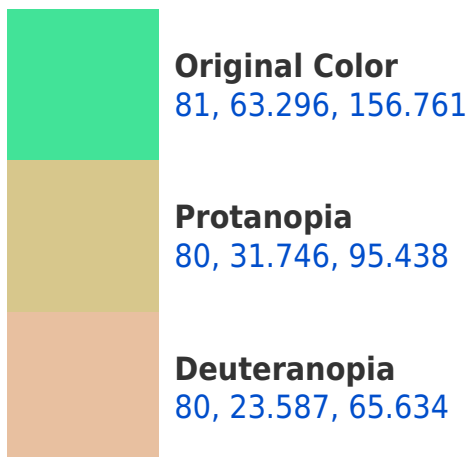


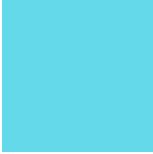
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 63.296, 156.761.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 33.613, 213.059

Trichromacy



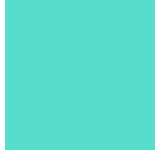
Original Color
81, 63.296, 156.761



Protanomaly
79, 38.900, 135.395



Deuteranomaly
79, 28.417, 134.267

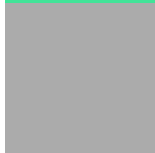


Tritanomaly
81, 40.293, 183.559

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 63.296, 156.761



Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
73, 25.718, 162.693

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 63.296, 156.761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 227, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 227, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 227, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 227, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 63.296, 156.761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 227, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 227, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 227, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 227, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 227, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 227,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 63.296, 156.761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 227, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 227,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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