

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 75.736, 10.111)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 75.736, 10.111) contains.

<b>CIELCh(70, 51.437, 356.264)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(70, 51.437, 356.264)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE84B3
RGB	254, 132, 179
RGB Percent	100%, 52%, 70%
CMY	0.0048, 0.4828, 0.2984
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	337°, 98%, 76%
HSV	337°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	57.1504, 40.7494, 47.4464
YIQ	173.8360, 57.6250, 40.4810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

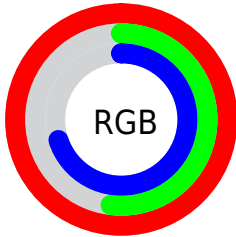
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 132, 179
Decimal	16680115
CIE Lab	70.00, 51.33, -3.35
CIE LCh	70, 51.437, 356.264
Yxy	40.7494, 0.3932, 0.2804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294870195 (0xFFFE84B3)
YUV	173.8360, 2.5459, 70.3038
Hunter-Lab	63.8353, 48.0957, 0.6166

# Details

The CIELCh color **70, 51.437, 356.264** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 46.562, 165.049**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84, 34.218, 336.118**, and **50, 51.177, 356.457** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 61.312, 358.292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 40.812, 354.612**.

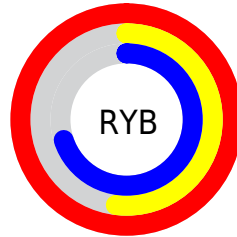
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (52%)

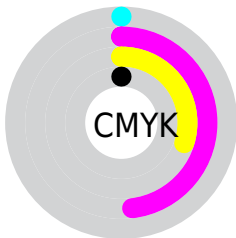
Blue (70%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (70%)

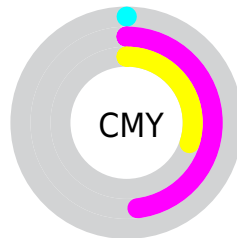


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)


Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 70, 51.437, 356.264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 70, 51.437, 356.264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70, 51.437,  
356.264


 70, 51.437,  
356.264


 100, 51.437,  
356.264


 60, 51.437,  
356.264


 90, 51.437,  
356.264

 50, 51.437,  
356.264

 40, 51.437,  
356.264

 30, 51.437,  
356.264

 20, 51.437,  
356.264

 10, 51.437,  
356.264

 0, 51.437, 356.264

70, 51.437,  
356.264

70, 51.437,  
356.264

65, 61.312,  
358.292

76, 40.812,  
354.612

61, 69.909, 0.830

82, 29.894,  
353.228

58, 76.715, 4.055

88, 18.998,  
352.040

55, 81.468, 8.147

54, 84.442, 13.178

94, 8.328, 350.978

54, 84.987, 14.215

100, 0.428,  
200.927

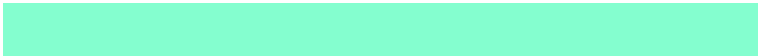
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70, 51.437, 356.264



92, 46.562, 165.049

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70, 51.437, 356.264



70, 51.437, 46.264



70, 51.437, 176.264



70, 51.437, 226.264

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70, 51.434, 356.266



91, 14.725, 351.603



67, 70.271, 314.640



47, 10.199, 351.835



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70, 51.434, 356.266



65, 61.527, 358.289



71, 47.087, 31.647



50, 5.937, 351.132



41, 68.527, 13.199



10, 31.284, 6.011





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 51.434, 356.266



65, 61.527, 358.289



90, 32.423, 208.846



50, 5.937, 351.132



41, 68.527, 13.199



10, 31.284, 6.011



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 51.437, 356.264 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

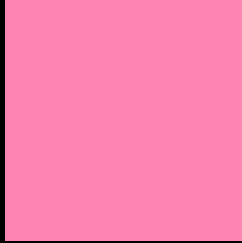
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 70, 51.437, 356.264 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

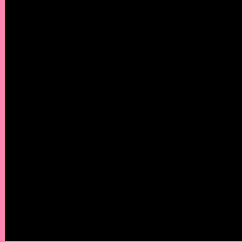
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 70, 51.437, 356.264

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 51.437, 356.264.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 70, 51.437, 356.264.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 51.469, 356.297

**Protanopia**  
70, 18.116, 286.509

**Deuteranopia**  
70, 8.876, 354.702



**Tritanopia**  
70, 45.930, 17.708



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 51.469, 356.297



**Protanomaly**  
69, 25.686, 327.645



**Deuteranomaly**  
70, 24.564, 354.194



**Tritanomaly**  
70, 46.970, 9.586

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
70, 51.469, 356.297



**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
70, 19.153, 352.378

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 70, 51.437, 356.264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 132, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 132, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 132, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 132, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 70, 51.437, 356.264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 132, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 132, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 132, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 132, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 132, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 132,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 70, 51.437, 356.264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 132, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
132, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor