

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 80.883, 103.345)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 80.883, 103.345)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(81, 80.883, 103.345)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFD015
RGB	207, 208, 21
RGB Percent	81%, 82%, 8%
CMY	0.1880, 0.1841, 0.9171
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.90, 0.18
HSL	60°, 82%, 45%
HSV	60°, 90%, 82%
XYZ	48.4580, 58.4711, 9.4477
YIQ	186.3830, 59.4310, -58.3690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

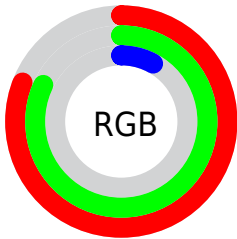
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	21, 208, 22
Decimal	13619221
CIE Lab	81.00, -18.67, 78.70
CIE LCh	81, 80.883, 103.345
Yxy	58.4711, 0.4164, 0.5024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291809301 (0xFFCFD015)
YUV	186.3830, -81.5338, 18.0811
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -20.6979, 46.2010

# Details

The CIELCh color **81, 80.883, 103.345** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC00**. The color can be described as middle washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **27, 109.302, 305.420**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 77.142, 104.289**, and **61, 66.583, 105.227** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 83.104, 103.189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 76.601, 103.685**.

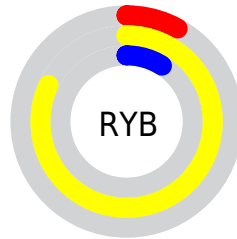
# Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (82%)

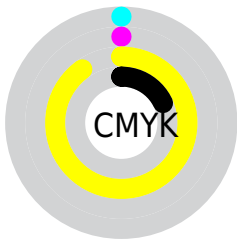
Blue (8%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (9%)

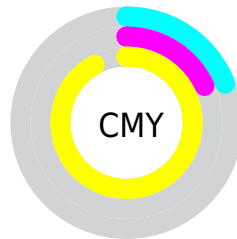


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (18%)


Yellow (92%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 80.883, 103.345 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 80.883, 103.345 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 81, 80.883,  
103.345


 81, 80.883,  
103.345


 100, 80.883,  
103.345


 71, 80.883,  
103.345


 61, 80.883,  
103.345

 51, 80.883,  
103.345

 41, 80.883,  
103.345

 31, 80.883,  
103.345

 21, 80.883,  
103.345

 11, 80.883,

103.345

■ 1, 80.883, 103.345

■ 0, 80.883, 103.345

■ 81, 80.883,  
103.345

■ 81, 80.883,  
103.345

■ 81, 83.104,  
103.189

■ 81, 76.601,  
103.685

■ 81, 83.135,  
103.187

■ 81, 70.178,  
104.217

■ 81, 62.087,  
104.908

■ 82, 52.839,  
105.716

■ 82, 42.841,

106.602

■ 82, 32.381,  
107.535

■ 83, 21.648,  
108.491

■ 83, 10.767,  
109.449

■ 84, 0.186, 290.749

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 80.883, 103.345



27, 109.302, 305.420

# Rectangle

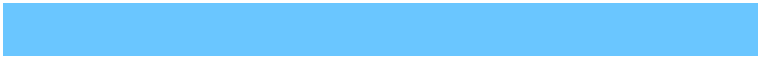
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 80.883, 103.345



81, 80.883, 153.345



81, 80.883, 283.345



81, 80.883, 333.345

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 80.883, 103.347



99, 34.616, 107.775



44, 83.860, 37.346



52, 23.270, 107.447



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 80.883, 103.347



97, 96.915, 103.191



75, 89.988, 127.114



44, 6.234, 109.489



67, 70.996, 103.182



16, 23.490, 105.206



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 109.302, 305.420



32, 133.793, 306.298



35, 102.417, 312.369



40, 6.373, 291.353



19, 97.999, 306.305



1, 25.559, 293.352



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 80.883, 103.345 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 80.883, 103.345 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 80.883, 103.345

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 80.883, 103.345.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 80.883, 103.345.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81, 80.883, 103.345

### Protanopia

81, 80.023, 94.754

### Deuteranopia

81, 77.878, 82.611





**Tritanopia**  
81, 13.338, 340.965

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 80.883, 103.345

**Protanomaly**  
81, 80.243, 97.988

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 77.719, 90.359

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 30.955, 93.662

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 80.883, 103.345

**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 35.786, 106.819

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 80.883, 103.345 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 208, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 208, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 208, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 208, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 80.883, 103.345 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 208, 21) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 208, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 208, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 208, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 208, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 208,  
21) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 80.883, 103.345 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 208, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
208, 21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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