

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 84.301, 126.796)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 84.301, 126.796)
contains.

CIELCh(81, 84.243, 126.855)	3
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Color

CIELCh(81, 84.243, 126.855)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BDF3C
RGB	139, 223, 60
RGB Percent	55%, 87%, 24%
CMY	0.4557, 0.1262, 0.7655
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.73, 0.13
HSL	91°, 72%, 55%
HSV	91°, 73%, 87%
XYZ	37.7630, 58.4711, 13.5426
YIQ	179.3020, 2.2590, -68.5010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

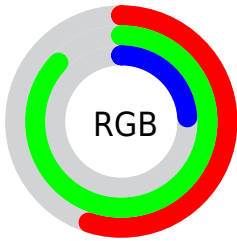
Format	Color
RYB	60, 223, 144
Decimal	9166652
CIELab	81.00, -50.53, 67.41
CIELCh	81, 84.243, 126.855
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3440, 0.5326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287356732 (0xFF8BDF3C)
YUV	179.3020, -58.8159, -35.3449
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -45.6637, 43.0259

Details

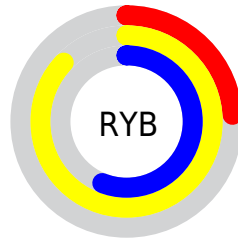
The CIELCh color **81, 84.243, 126.855** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **45, 93.643, 312.927**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 70.991, 123.367**, and **61, 79.895, 128.598** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 91.670, 127.180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 74.965, 126.898**.

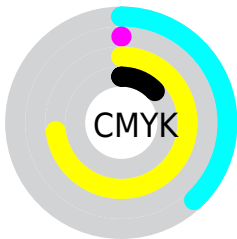
Distribution



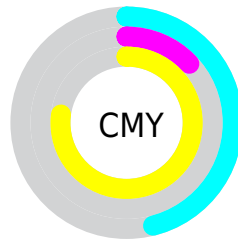
- Red (55%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 84.243, 126.855 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 84.243, 126.855 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81, 84.243,
126.855

■ 81, 84.243,
126.855

■ 100, 84.243,
126.855

■ 71, 84.243,
126.855

■ 61, 84.243,
126.855

■ 51, 84.243,
126.855

■ 41, 84.243,
126.855

■ 31, 84.243,
126.855

■ 21, 84.243,
126.855

■ 11, 84.243,

126.855

■ 1, 84.243, 126.855

■ 0, 84.243, 126.855

■ 81, 84.243,
126.855

■ 81, 84.243,
126.855

■ 80, 91.670,
127.180

■ 82, 74.965,
126.898

■ 80, 96.809,
127.980

■ 83, 64.371,
127.176

■ 80, 99.202,
128.741

■ 84, 52.920,
127.588

■ 85, 40.947,
128.060

■ 86, 28.686,

128.548

■ 87, 16.299,
129.027

■ 88, 3.898, 129.502

■ 90, 8.437, 309.866

■ 91, 18.066,
313.040

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 84.243, 126.855



45, 93.643, 312.927

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 84.243, 126.855



81, 84.243, 176.855



81, 84.243, 306.855



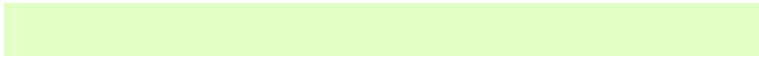
81, 84.243, 356.855

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 84.243, 126.856



97, 30.404, 128.596



66, 59.547, 65.960



51, 20.421, 128.463



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 84.243, 126.856



90, 104.967, 127.557



78, 95.175, 137.743



47, 7.067, 129.200



64, 82.946, 128.484



17, 30.964, 128.485

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 93.643, 312.927



45, 118.532, 312.775



56, 93.245, 327.863



44, 7.162, 310.009



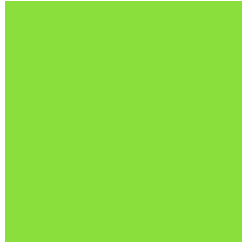
28, 94.121, 312.292



4, 33.587, 310.890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 84.243, 126.855 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 84.243, 126.855 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

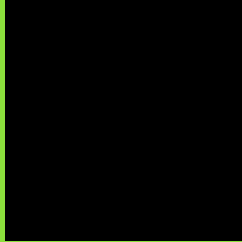
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 84.243, 126.855

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 84.243, 126.855.

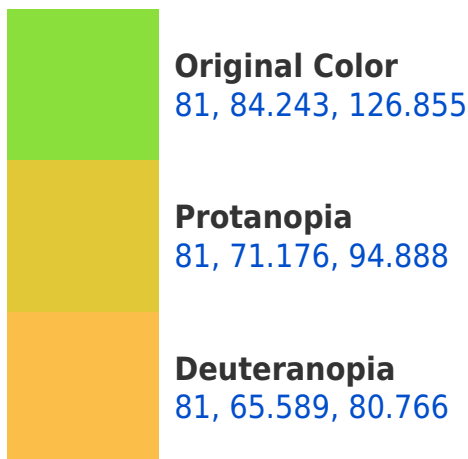


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 84.243, 126.855.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 17.322, 230.140

Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 84.243, 126.855



Protanomaly
80, 72.719, 108.486



Deuteranomaly
80, 66.045, 101.171

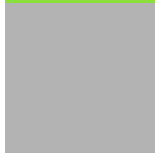


Tritanomaly
80, 33.555, 148.009

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 84.243, 126.855



Achromatopsia
73, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
75, 33.658, 128.568

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 84.243, 126.855 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 223, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 223, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 223, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 223, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 84.243, 126.855 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 223, 60) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 223, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 223, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 223, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 223, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 223,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 84.243, 126.855 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 223, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
223, 60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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