

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 9.053, 84.697)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 9.053, 84.697) contains.

CIELCh(81, 9.269, 85.205)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(81, 9.269, 85.205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2C8B8
RGB	210, 200, 184
RGB Percent	82%, 78%, 72%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2157, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.12, 0.18
HSL	37°, 22%, 77%
HSV	37°, 12%, 82%
XYZ	55.8846, 58.4711, 53.6885
YIQ	201.1660, 11.0960, -2.8560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

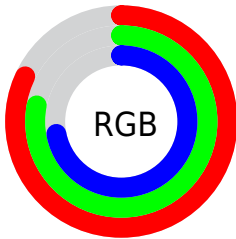
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 210, 184
Decimal	13813944
CIE Lab	81.00, 0.77, 9.24
CIE LCh	81, 9.269, 85.205
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3326, 0.3480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292004024 (0xFFD2C8B8)
YUV	201.1660, -8.4628, 7.7474
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -3.3616, 11.8979

Details

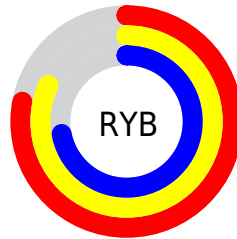
The CIELCh color $81, 9.269, 85.205$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $78, 9.184, 268.533$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 7.593, 109.599$, and $61, 9.167, 85.701$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78, 17.001, 83.919$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84, 1.751, 86.357$.

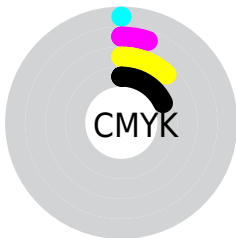
Distribution



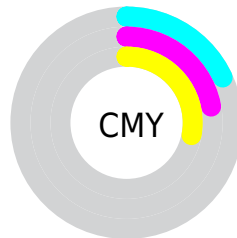
- Red (82%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (18%)





















- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 9.269, 85.205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 9.269, 85.205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81, 9.269, 85.205	 81, 9.269, 85.205
 78, 17.001, 83.919	 84, 1.751, 86.357
 76, 24.940, 82.572	 86, 5.565, 267.799
 74, 33.056, 81.185	 89, 12.691, 268.947
 71, 41.271, 79.754	
 69, 49.419, 78.258	 91, 13.727, 258.433
 67, 57.172, 76.648	 93, 12.439, 236.397
 65, 63.953, 74.812	 95, 13.151, 213.557
 63, 68.918, 72.554	
 61, 71.409, 70.530	 97, 14.999, 198.507

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 9.269, 85.205



78, 9.184, 268.533

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 9.269, 85.205



81, 9.269, 135.205



81, 9.269, 265.205



81, 9.269, 315.205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 9.270, 85.219



99, 3.459, 86.217



77, 11.186, 350.517



53, 2.462, 86.136



0, 0.000, 0.000



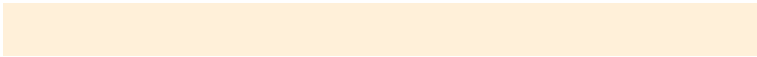
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 9.270, 85.219



95, 13.202, 84.863



83, 13.689, 113.105



43, 4.215, 85.592



50, 60.523, 71.082



10, 16.235, 72.801

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 9.184, 268.533



91, 13.040, 268.954



76, 14.076, 295.198



41, 4.190, 268.108



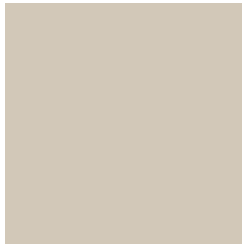
31, 65.316, 293.196



5, 18.681, 280.504

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 9.269, 85.205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

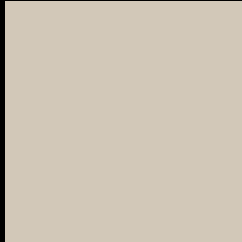
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 9.269, 85.205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

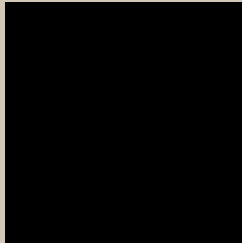
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

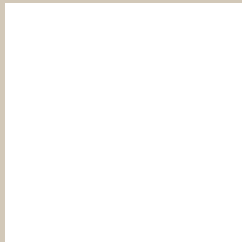
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 9.269, 85.205

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.269, 85.205.

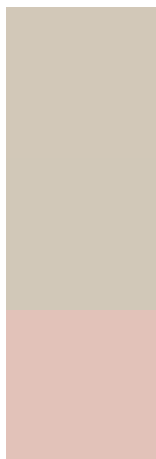


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.269, 85.205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


81, 9.269, 85.205

Protanopia

81, 9.120, 87.401

Deuteranopia

81, 13.208, 41.279



Tritanopia
81, 10.350, 329.868

Trichromacy



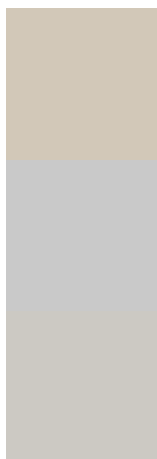
Original Color
81, 9.269, 85.205

Protanomaly
81, 9.120, 87.401

Deuteranomaly
81, 10.885, 52.174

Tritanomaly
81, 6.290, 0.142

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 9.269, 85.205

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 3.350, 90.512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 9.269, 85.205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 200, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 200, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 200, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 200, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.269, 85.205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 200, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 200, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 200, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 200, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 200, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 200,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.269, 85.205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 200, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
200, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor