

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 9.504, 291.099)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 9.504, 291.099) contains.

CIELCh(81, 9.572, 291.027)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(81, 9.572, 291.027)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8C8DA
RGB	200, 200, 218
RGB Percent	78%, 78%, 85%
CMY	0.2168, 0.2167, 0.1462
CMYK	0.08, 0.08, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	240°, 19%, 82%
HSV	240°, 8%, 85%
XYZ	56.9559, 58.4711, 74.4235
YIQ	202.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

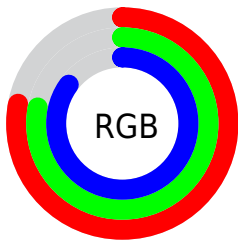
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 200, 218
Decimal	13158618
CIE Lab	81.00, 3.43, -8.93
CIE LCh	81, 9.572, 291.027
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3000, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291348698 (0xFFC8C8DA)
YUV	202.0520, 7.8624, -1.7996
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -0.8608, -4.1795

Details

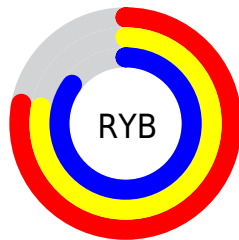
The CIELCh color $81, 9.572, 291.027$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $87, 9.383, 109.370$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $61, 9.579, 291.244$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $74, 21.574, 292.205$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88, 1.956, 109.972$.

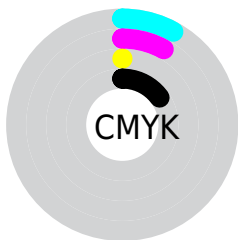
Distribution



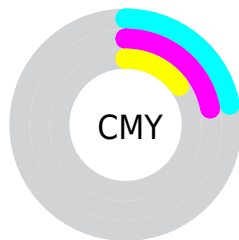
- Red (78%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 9.572, 291.027 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 9.572, 291.027 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81, 9.572, 291.027

■ 81, 9.572, 291.027

■ 100, 9.572,
291.027

■ 71, 9.572, 291.027

■ 61, 9.572, 291.027

■ 51, 9.572, 291.027

■ 41, 9.572, 291.027

■ 31, 9.572, 291.027

■ 21, 9.572, 291.027

■ 11, 9.572, 291.027

■ 1, 9.572, 291.027

■ 0, 9.572, 291.027

81, 9.572, 291.027

81, 9.572, 291.027

74, 21.574,
292.205

88, 1.956, 109.972

67, 34.095,
293.605

95, 13.042,
109.148

59, 47.161,
295.246

99, 18.846,
108.752

52, 60.764,
297.138

45, 74.780,
299.250

39, 88.794,
301.473

33, 101.809,
303.578

29, 112.069,
305.228

■ 27,117.941,
306.157

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 9.572, 291.027



87, 9.383, 109.370

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 9.572, 291.027



81, 9.572, 341.027



81, 9.572, 111.027



81, 9.572, 161.027

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 9.570, 291.021



98, 2.609, 290.395



86, 6.354, 197.621



52, 1.483, 290.387



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 9.570, 291.021



92, 13.208, 291.222



82, 10.090, 308.846



42, 6.626, 291.149



20, 100.206, 306.285



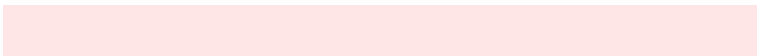
2, 29.598, 294.912

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 6.684, 19.822



93, 9.259, 19.967



86, 9.962, 128.127



43, 4.639, 19.915



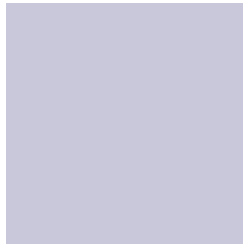
36, 78.226, 39.920



5, 23.840, 20.260

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 9.572, 291.027 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

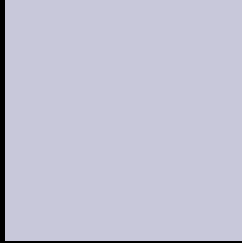
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 9.572, 291.027 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

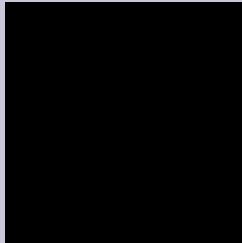
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

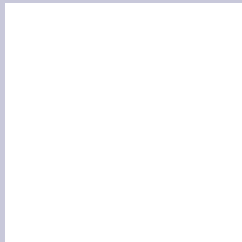
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 9.572, 291.027

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.572, 291.027.

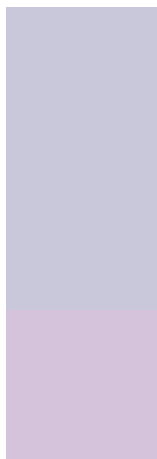


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.572, 291.027.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81, 9.572, 291.027

Protanopia

81, 9.572, 291.027

Deuteranopia

81, 14.359, 317.749



Tritanopia
81, 8.511, 288.561

Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 9.572, 291.027

Protanomaly
81, 9.572, 291.027

Deuteranomaly
81, 12.393, 309.510

Tritanomaly
81, 9.042, 288.751

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 9.572, 291.027

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 3.725, 290.524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 9.572, 291.027 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 200, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 200, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 200, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 200, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.572, 291.027 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 200, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 200, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 200, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 200, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 200, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 200,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.572, 291.027 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 200, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
200, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor