

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 9.514, 107.052)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 9.514, 107.052) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 9.523, 107.047)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBCAB8
RGB	203, 202, 184
RGB Percent	80%, 79%, 72%
CMY	0.2035, 0.2074, 0.2780
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.20
HSL	57°, 15%, 76%
HSV	57°, 9%, 80%
XYZ	54.4692, 58.4711, 53.8231
YIQ	200.2470, 6.3740, -5.3860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

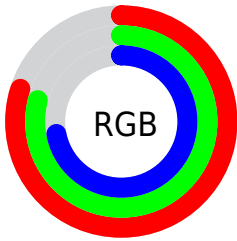
Format	Color
R_{YB}	185, 203, 184
Decimal	13355704
CIE Lab	81.00, -2.79, 9.10
CIE LCh	81, 9.523, 107.047
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3266, 0.3506
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291545784 (0xFFCBCAB8)
YUV	200.2470, -8.0098, 2.4144
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -6.6655, 11.7935

Details

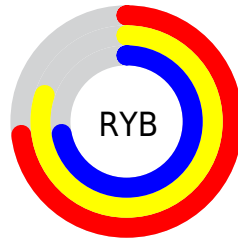
The CIELCh color $81, 9.523, 107.047$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $76, 9.714, 289.001$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 7.593, 109.599$, and $61, 9.525, 106.671$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80, 19.683, 106.047$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82, 0.667, 288.191$.

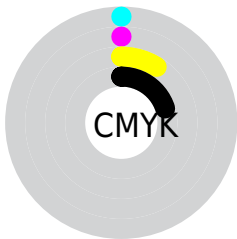
Distribution



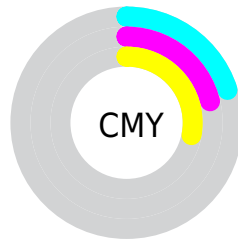
- Red (80%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 9.523, 107.047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 9.523, 107.047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81, 9.523, 107.047

■ 81, 9.523, 107.047

■ 100, 9.523,
107.047

■ 71, 9.523, 107.047

■ 61, 9.523, 107.047

■ 51, 9.523, 107.047

■ 41, 9.523, 107.047

■ 31, 9.523, 107.047

■ 21, 9.523, 107.047

■ 11, 9.523, 107.047

■ 1, 9.523, 107.047

■ 0, 9.523, 107.047

81, 9.523, 107.047

81, 9.523, 107.047

80, 19.683,
106.047

82, 0.667, 288.191

80, 29.742,
105.028

83, 10.851,
289.039

79, 39.598,
104.017

84, 21.002,
289.969

78, 49.083,
103.035

84, 25.664,
289.966

78, 57.937,
102.104

84, 25.091,
289.062

78, 65.771,
101.255

85, 24.525,
288.118

77, 72.074,
100.515

85, 23.965,
287.132

77, 76.315, 99.909

85, 23.413,
286.100

■ 76, 78.447, 99.425

■ 85, 22.869,
285.022

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 9.523, 107.047



76, 9.714, 289.001

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 9.523, 107.047



81, 9.523, 157.047



81, 9.523, 287.047



81, 9.523, 337.047

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 9.525, 107.057



100, 3.667, 107.670



76, 7.197, 14.529



53, 2.782, 107.595



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 9.525, 107.057



99, 13.470, 106.877



81, 10.544, 126.277



43, 5.796, 107.052



64, 67.584, 99.448



14, 20.680, 102.513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 9.714, 289.001



91, 13.783, 289.208



76, 10.707, 307.147



39, 5.911, 289.006



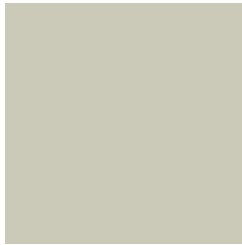
20, 94.441, 305.570



2, 22.668, 291.159

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 9.523, 107.047 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

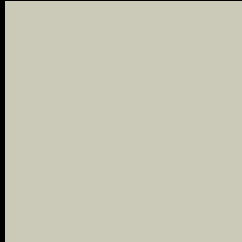
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 9.523, 107.047 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

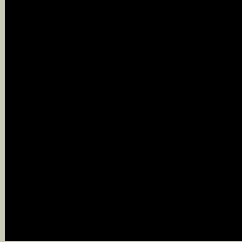
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

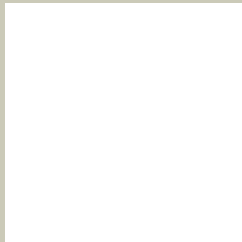
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 9.523, 107.047

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.523, 107.047.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.523, 107.047.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
81, 9.523, 107.047

Protanopia
81, 9.615, 88.503

Deuteranopia
81, 13.000, 39.168



Tritanopia
81, 8.649, 312.758

Trichromacy



Original Color
81, 9.523, 107.047

Protanomaly
81, 9.779, 95.846

Deuteranomaly
81, 10.239, 58.050

Tritanomaly
81, 3.037, 347.837

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 9.523, 107.047

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 3.703, 109.830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 9.523, 107.047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 202, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 202, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 202, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 202, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.523, 107.047 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 202, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 202, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 202, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 202, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 202, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 202, 184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.523, 107.047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 202, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
202, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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