

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 9.809, 20.735)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 9.809, 20.735) contains.

<b>CIELCh(81, 9.764, 20.118)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(81, 9.764, 20.118)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDC3C3
RGB	221, 195, 195
RGB Percent	87%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.1325, 0.2345, 0.2345
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.12, 0.13
HSL	0°, 28%, 82%
HSV	0°, 12%, 87%
XYZ	59.3118, 58.4711, 59.9062
YIQ	202.7740, 15.4960, 5.5120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

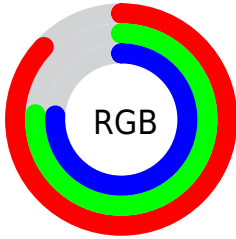
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 195, 195
Decimal	14533571
CIE Lab	81.00, 9.17, 3.36
CIE LCh	81, 9.764, 20.118
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3338, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292723651 (0xFFDDC3C3)
YUV	202.7740, -3.8326, 15.9842
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, 4.6387, 7.0768

# Details

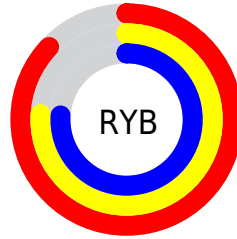
The CIELCh color **81, 9.764, 20.118** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **86, 9.058, 198.848**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 1.053, 18.850**, and **61, 10.021, 20.366** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 18.791, 21.019**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 1.403, 19.101**.

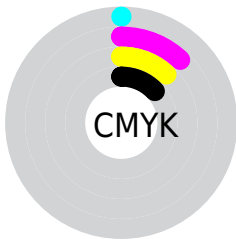
# Distribution



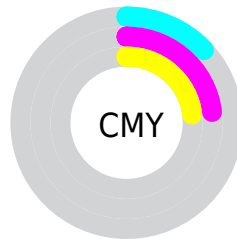
- Red (87%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (13%)















- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 9.764, 20.118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 9.764, 20.118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 81, 9.764, 20.118	 81, 9.764, 20.118
 100, 9.764, 20.118	 71, 9.764, 20.118
	 61, 9.764, 20.118
	 51, 9.764, 20.118
	 41, 9.764, 20.118
	 31, 9.764, 20.118
	 21, 9.764, 20.118
	 11, 9.764, 20.118
	 1, 9.764, 20.118
	 0, 9.764, 20.118

81, 9.764, 20.118

81, 9.764, 20.118

75, 18.791, 21.019

87, 1.403, 19.101

69, 28.487, 22.151

93, 6.325, 199.099

64, 38.785, 23.625

98, 11.413,  
198.744

59, 49.530, 25.550

55, 60.461, 28.036

51, 71.204, 31.131

48, 81.212, 34.680

47, 89.387, 38.022

46, 93.924, 40.001

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 9.764, 20.118



86, 9.058, 198.848

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 9.764, 20.118



81, 9.764, 70.118



81, 9.764, 200.118



81, 9.764, 250.118

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 9.762, 20.130



97, 3.616, 19.479



82, 16.706, 325.070



51, 2.577, 19.556



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

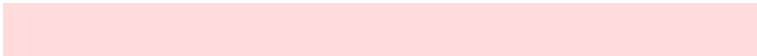


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 9.762, 20.130



90, 13.169, 20.324



84, 8.381, 73.937



43, 4.638, 19.944



36, 78.233, 39.930



5, 23.838, 20.276





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 9.058, 198.848



98, 12.027, 198.716



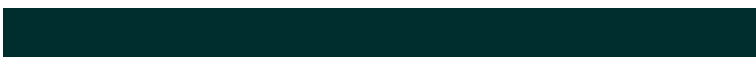
83, 8.143, 257.030



45, 4.370, 198.986



64, 37.523, 196.411

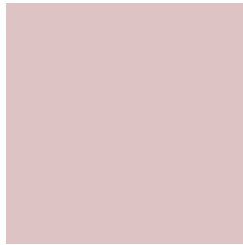


16, 15.071, 196.406



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 9.764, 20.118 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

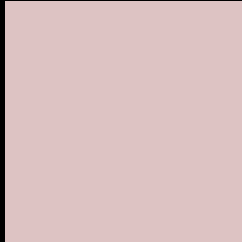
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 9.764, 20.118 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

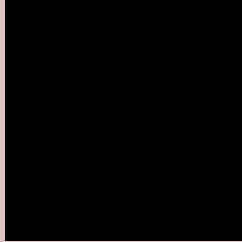
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 9.764, 20.118

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.764, 20.118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 9.764, 20.118.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81, 9.764, 20.118

### Protanopia

81, 2.113, 49.340

### Deuteranopia

81, 10.531, 20.183



**Tritanopia**  
81, 13.607, 344.769



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 9.764, 20.118

**Protanomaly**  
81, 4.851, 25.921

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 10.147, 20.150

**Tritanomaly**  
81, 11.422, 355.670

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 9.764, 20.118

**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 3.688, 19.539

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 9.764, 20.118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 195, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 195, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 195, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 195, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.764, 20.118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 195, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 195, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 195, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 195, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 195, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 195,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 9.764, 20.118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 195, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
195, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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