

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 98.320, 132.087)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 98.320, 132.087)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(81, 98.124, 131.977)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62E427
RGB	98, 228, 39
RGB Percent	38%, 89%, 15%
CMY	0.6139, 0.1043, 0.8488
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.83, 0.10
HSL	101°, 78%, 52%
HSV	101°, 83%, 90%
XYZ	33.2976, 58.4711, 11.4112
YIQ	167.5840, -16.8110, -86.3390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

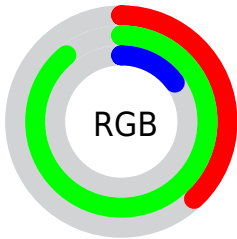
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	39, 228, 169
Decimal	6480935
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	81.00, -65.63, 72.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	81, 98.124, 131.977
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3227, 0.5667
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284671015 (0xFF62E427)
YUV	167.5840, -63.3919, -61.0252
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -56.0876, 44.6785

# Details

The CIELCh color **81, 98.124, 131.977** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC00**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **46, 103.000, 317.645**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 81.908, 130.327**, and **61, 88.718, 135.963** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 103.553, 132.496**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 90.212, 131.894**.

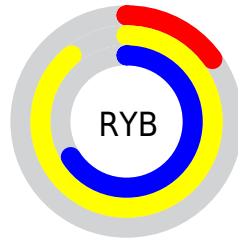
# Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (89%)

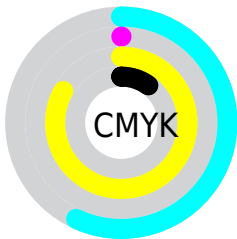
Blue (15%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (66%)

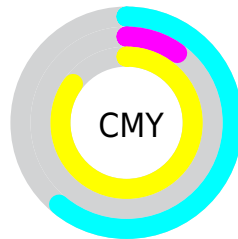


Cyan (57%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (61%)

Magenta (10%)


Yellow (85%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 98.124, 131.977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 98.124, 131.977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 81, 98.124,  
131.977


 81, 98.124,  
131.977


 100, 98.124,  
131.977


 71, 98.124,  
131.977


 61, 98.124,  
131.977

 51, 98.124,  
131.977

 41, 98.124,  
131.977

 31, 98.124,  
131.977

 21, 98.124,  
131.977

 11, 98.124,

131.977

■ 1, 98.124, 131.977

■ 0, 98.124, 131.977

■ 81, 98.124,  
131.977

■ 81, 98.124,  
131.977

■ 81, 103.553,  
132.496

■ 82, 90.212,  
131.894

■ 80, 106.014,  
133.036

■ 82, 80.290,  
132.135

■ 83, 68.933,  
132.571

■ 84, 56.635,  
133.097

■ 86, 43.770,

133.647

■ 87, 30.606,  
134.180

■ 89, 17.336,  
134.678

■ 90, 4.097, 135.160

■ 92, 9.013, 315.486

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 98.124, 131.977



46, 103.000, 317.645

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 98.124, 131.977



81, 98.124, 181.977



81, 98.124, 311.977



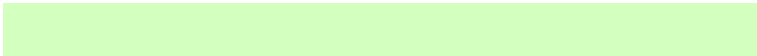
81, 98.124, 1.977

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 98.124, 131.978



96, 36.187, 134.074



73, 69.956, 80.572



50, 24.678, 133.887



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 98.124, 131.978



89, 115.332, 133.115



80, 95.317, 140.572



47, 7.523, 134.851



64, 87.938, 132.825



18, 34.092, 132.987



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 103.000, 317.645



47, 120.240, 316.686



54, 89.106, 335.726



45, 7.588, 315.620



33, 91.880, 316.903

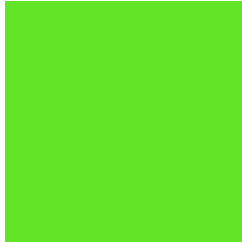


5, 36.670, 317.581



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 98.124, 131.977 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 98.124, 131.977 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 81, 98.124, 131.977**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 98.124, 131.977.

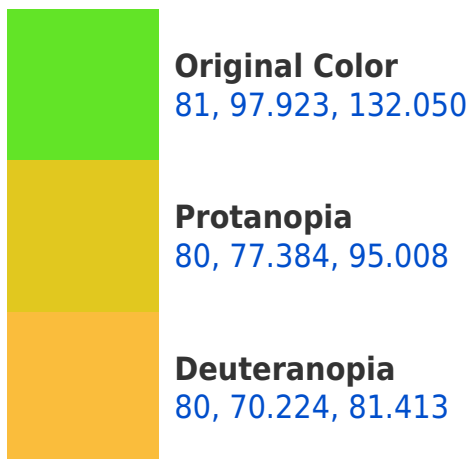


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 98.124, 131.977.

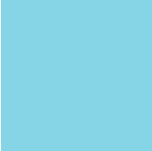
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
81, 25.802, 218.520

# Trichromacy



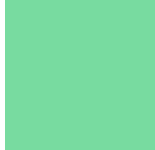
**Original Color**  
81, 97.923, 132.050



**Protanomaly**  
79, 80.412, 112.680



**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 72.008, 106.436

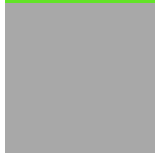


**Tritanomaly**  
80, 46.734, 154.426

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 97.923, 132.050



**Achromatopsia**  
69, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
72, 41.234, 133.393

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 98.124, 131.977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 228, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 228, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 228, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 228, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 98.124, 131.977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 228, 39) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 228, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 228, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 228, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 228, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 228,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 98.124, 131.977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 228, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 228,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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