

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 0.720, 358.901)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(82, 0.720, 358.901) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(82, 0.913, 343.278)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDCBCC
RGB	205, 203, 204
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.1946, 0.2024, 0.1985
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	330°, 2%, 80%
HSV	330°, 1%, 81%
XYZ	57.6683, 60.2982, 65.9612
YIQ	203.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 203, 204
Decimal	13487052
CIE Lab	82.00, 0.87, -0.26
CIE LCh	82, 0.913, 343.278
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3135, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291677132 (0xFFCDCBCC)
YUV	203.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -3.3277, 3.9926

# Details

The CIELCh color  $82, 0.913, 343.278$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $82, 0.896, 164.081$ , and the grayscale version is  $82, 0.010, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $62, 0.964, 343.414$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $77, 10.345, 344.580$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $88, 8.251, 163.060$ .

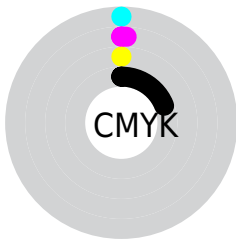
# Distribution



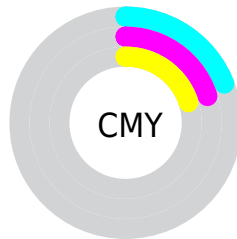
- Red (80%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 0.913, 343.278 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 0.913, 343.278 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 82, 0.913, 343.278

■ 82, 0.913, 343.278

100, 0.913,  
343.278

■ 72, 0.913, 343.278

■ 62, 0.913, 343.278

■ 52, 0.913, 343.278

■ 42, 0.913, 343.278

■ 32, 0.913, 343.278

■ 22, 0.913, 343.278

■ 12, 0.913, 343.278

■ 2, 0.913, 343.278

■ 0, 0.913, 343.278

82, 0.913, 343.278

82, 0.913, 343.278

77, 10.345,  
344.580

88, 8.251, 163.060

71, 19.975,  
345.535

93, 17.106,  
162.331

66, 29.664,  
346.594

96, 19.985,  
167.708

61, 39.194,  
347.800

96, 17.533,  
182.199

57, 48.240,  
349.208

97, 16.446,  
198.413

53, 56.376,  
350.895

49, 63.106,  
352.967

47, 67.984,  
355.566

■ 45, 70.786,  
358.857

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 0.913, 343.278



82, 0.896, 164.081

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 0.913, 343.278



82, 0.913, 33.278



82, 0.913, 163.278



82, 0.913, 213.278

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 0.911, 343.322

100, 0.012, 296.813



82, 1.132, 309.004



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 0.911, 343.322



99, 1.116, 343.343



82, 0.730, 18.695



43, 0.528, 343.304



35, 61.419, 1.701



4, 19.911, 353.584





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 0.911, 343.322



99, 1.116, 343.343



82, 0.723, 200.130



43, 0.528, 343.304



35, 61.419, 1.701

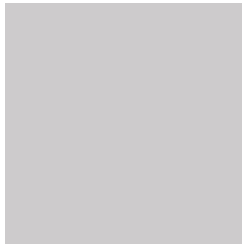


4, 19.911, 353.584



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 0.913, 343.278 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 0.913, 343.278 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

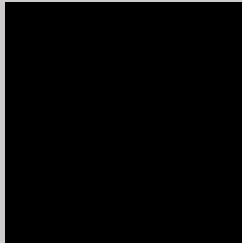
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

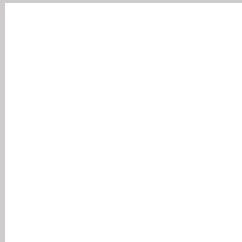
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 82, 0.913, 343.278

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 0.913, 343.278.

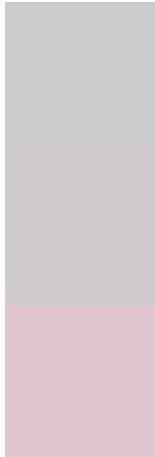


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 0.913, 343.278.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


82, 0.913, 343.278

### Protanopia

82, 1.563, 359.370

### Deuteranopia

82, 10.717, 353.907



**Tritanopia**  
82, 8.790, 304.961



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82, 0.913, 343.278

## Protanomaly

82, 1.226, 353.435

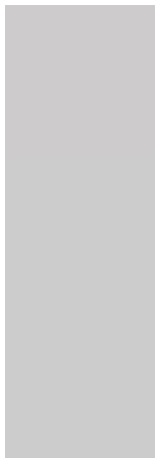
## Deuteranomaly

82, 7.360, 354.402

## Tritanomaly

82, 5.520, 305.717

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82, 0.913, 343.278

## Achromatopsia

82, 0.010, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

82, 0.366, 17.901

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 0.913, 343.278 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 203, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 203, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 203, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 203, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 0.913, 343.278 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 203, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 203, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 203, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 203, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 203, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 203,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 0.913, 343.278 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 203, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
203, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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