

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 1.041, 226.009)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 1.041, 226.009) contains.

CIELCh(82, 0.896, 236.367)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(82, 0.896, 236.367)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CACCCD
RGB	202, 204, 205
RGB Percent	79%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.2070, 0.1991, 0.1952
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	200°, 3%, 80%
HSV	200°, 1%, 80%
XYZ	57.1099, 60.2982, 66.5279
YIQ	203.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

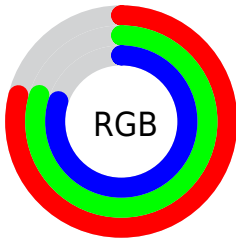
Format	Color
RYB	202, 203, 205
Decimal	13290701
CIELab	82.00, -0.50, -0.75
CIElCh	82, 0.896, 236.367
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3105, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291480781 (0xFFCACCDD)
YUV	203.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -4.6113, 3.5599

Details

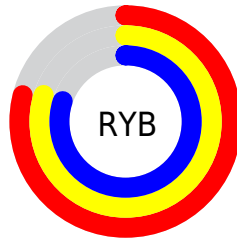
The CIELCh color $82, 0.896, 236.367$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $82, 0.893, 54.884$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $62, 0.946, 236.271$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79, 6.871, 236.660$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 5.272, 54.837$.

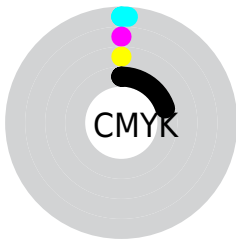
Distribution



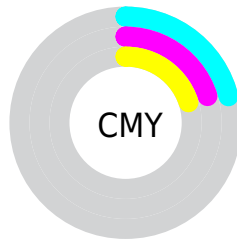
- Red (79%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 0.896, 236.367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 0.896, 236.367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82, 0.896, 236.367

■ 82, 0.896, 236.367

■ 100, 0.896,
236.367

■ 72, 0.896, 236.367

■ 62, 0.896, 236.367

■ 52, 0.896, 236.367

■ 42, 0.896, 236.367

■ 32, 0.896, 236.367

■ 22, 0.896, 236.367

■ 12, 0.896, 236.367

■ 2, 0.896, 236.367

■ 0, 0.896, 236.367

82, 0.896, 236.367

82, 0.896, 236.367

79, 6.871, 236.660

85, 5.272, 54.837

76, 12.598,
237.773

89, 11.582, 54.292

72, 18.014,
239.192

91, 15.276, 60.818

93, 16.184, 75.866

69, 23.055,
240.974

95, 18.064, 88.467

66, 27.664,
243.196

96, 20.638, 98.234

64, 31.802,
245.947

98, 23.666,
105.596

61, 35.466,
249.308

99, 25.122,
108.272

59, 38.707,
253.330

■ 56, 41.643,
257.996

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 0.896, 236.367



82, 0.893, 54.884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 0.896, 236.367



82, 0.896, 286.367



82, 0.896, 56.367



82, 0.896, 106.367

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 0.896, 236.225

100, 0.012, 296.813



82, 1.542, 155.096



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 0.896, 236.225



99, 1.458, 236.118



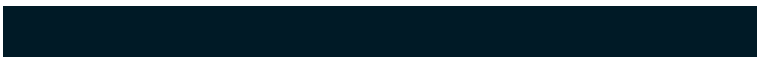
82, 1.320, 281.661



43, 0.690, 236.137



44, 37.277, 261.417



8, 12.400, 249.821

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 1.541, 335.488



99, 2.511, 335.591



82, 1.299, 101.110



43, 1.189, 335.568



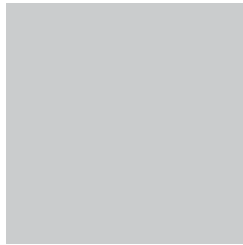
36, 65.664, 347.119



4, 22.172, 342.741

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 0.896, 236.367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

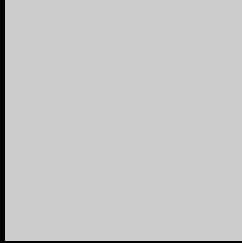
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 0.896, 236.367 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

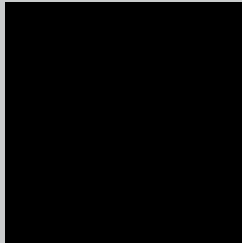
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

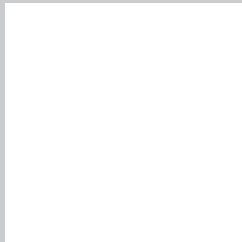
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 0.896, 236.367

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 0.896, 236.367.

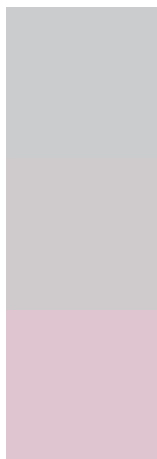


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 0.896, 236.367.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


82, 0.896, 236.367

Protanopia

82, 1.563, 359.370

Deuteranopia

82, 10.627, 350.407



Tritanopia
82, 8.533, 295.680

Trichromacy



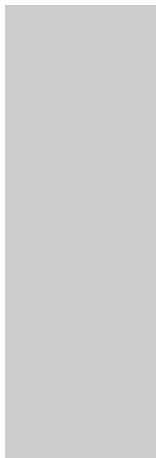
Original Color
82, 0.896, 236.367

Protanomaly
82, 0.913, 343.278

Deuteranomaly
82, 6.372, 349.967

Tritanomaly
82, 5.307, 290.655

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 0.896, 236.367

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 0.362, 200.924

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 0.896, 236.367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 204, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 204, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 204, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 204, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 0.896, 236.367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 204, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 204, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 204, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 204, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 204, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 204,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 0.896, 236.367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 204, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
204, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor