

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 10.166, 333.377)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 10.166, 333.377)
contains.

CIELCh(82, 10.166, 333.377)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(82, 10.166, 333.377)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAC7D5
RGB	218, 199, 213
RGB Percent	85%, 78%, 84%
CMY	0.1466, 0.2211, 0.1662
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.02, 0.15
HSL	316°, 20%, 82%
HSV	316°, 9%, 85%
XYZ	61.0909, 60.2982, 71.1094
YIQ	206.2770, 6.8300, 8.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

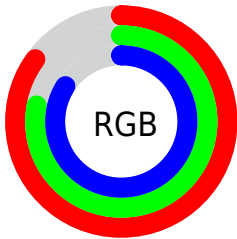
Format	Color
R_{YB}	218, 199, 213
Decimal	14338005
CIE _{Lab}	82.00, 9.09, -4.56
CIE _{LCh}	82, 10.166, 333.377
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3174, 0.3132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292528085 (0xFFDAC7D5)
YUV	206.2770, 3.3144, 10.2811
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, 4.5401, 0.0618

Details

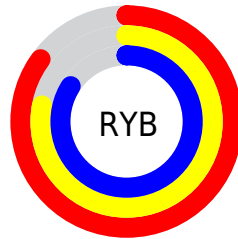
The CIELCh color **82, 10.166, 333.377** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **85, 10.121, 152.280**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **62, 10.077, 334.101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 21.940, 334.086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 1.460, 152.999**.

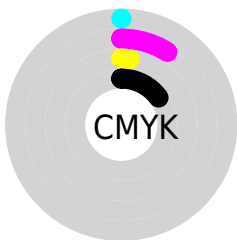
Distribution



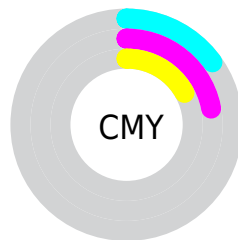
- Red (85%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (15%)





- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (17%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 10.166, 333.377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 10.166, 333.377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82, 10.166,
333.377


 82, 10.166,
333.377


 100, 10.166,
333.377


 72, 10.166,
333.377


 62, 10.166,
333.377

 52, 10.166,
333.377

 42, 10.166,
333.377

 32, 10.166,
333.377

 22, 10.166,
333.377

 12, 10.166,

333.377

■ 2, 10.166, 333.377

■ 0, 10.166, 333.377

■ 82, 10.166,
333.377

■ 82, 10.166,
333.377

■ 77, 21.940,
334.086

■ 88, 1.460, 152.999

■ 71, 33.699,
334.819

■ 93, 12.827,
152.168

■ 66, 45.181,
335.592

■ 97, 18.515,
154.268

■ 62, 56.015,
336.415

■ 97, 16.507,
161.314

■ 58, 65.722,

■ 97, 14.790,
170.098

337.304

97, 13.482,
180.833

54, 73.749,
338.286

97, 12.710,
193.324

52, 79.567,
339.402

97, 12.576,
198.666

50, 82.831,
340.706

49, 83.701,
342.248

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 10.166, 333.377



85, 10.121, 152.280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 10.166, 333.377



82, 10.166, 23.377



82, 10.166, 153.377



82, 10.166, 203.377

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 10.164, 333.379



98, 3.959, 332.937



81, 10.269, 300.471



52, 3.002, 333.011



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 10.164, 333.379



94, 13.259, 333.475



82, 7.456, 0.276



43, 6.657, 333.429



39, 70.894, 342.174



6, 28.729, 339.226

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 10.164, 333.379



94, 13.259, 333.475



85, 7.237, 178.793



43, 6.657, 333.429



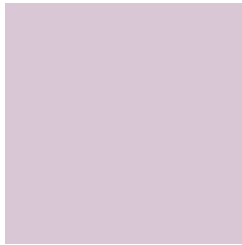
39, 70.894, 342.174



6, 28.729, 339.226

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 10.166, 333.377 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

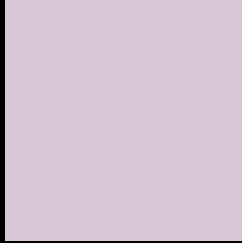
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 10.166, 333.377 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

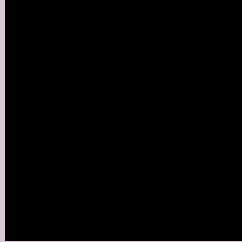
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

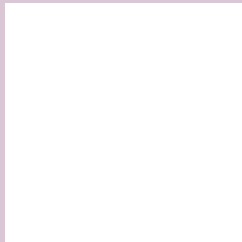
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 10.166, 333.377

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 10.166, 333.377.

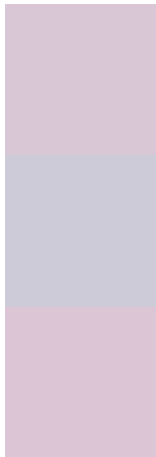


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 10.166, 333.377.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
82, 10.166, 333.377

Protanopia
82, 6.382, 293.940

Deuteranopia
82, 11.309, 335.695



Tritanopia
82, 11.198, 331.069

Trichromacy



Original Color
82, 10.166, 333.377

Protanomaly
82, 7.509, 313.223

Deuteranomaly
82, 11.054, 334.330

Tritanomaly
82, 10.806, 332.904

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 10.166, 333.377

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 3.698, 333.843

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 10.166, 333.377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 199, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 199, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 199, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 199, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 10.166, 333.377 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

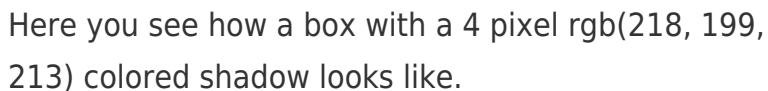
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 199, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 199, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 199, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 199, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 199, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 199,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 10.166, 333.377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 199, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
199, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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