

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 16.724, 119.401)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 16.724, 119.401)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(82, 17.121, 118.953)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8D0B0
RGB	200, 208, 176
RGB Percent	78%, 82%, 69%
CMY	0.2170, 0.1856, 0.3111
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.15, 0.19
HSL	75°, 25%, 75%
HSV	75°, 15%, 81%
XYZ	54.0039, 60.2982, 49.6935
YIQ	201.9600, 5.5040, -11.6480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

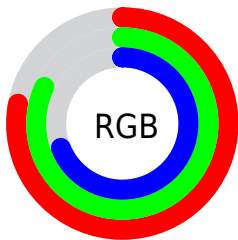
Format	Color
R _{YB}	176, 208, 184
Decimal	13160624
CIE Lab	82.00, -8.29, 14.98
CIE LCh	82, 17.121, 118.953
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3293, 0.3677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291350704 (0xFFC8D0B0)
YUV	201.9600, -12.7983, -1.7189
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -11.7511, 16.4136

Details

The CIELCh color $82, 17.121, 118.953$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be $73, 17.666, 300.956$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 11.641, 109.297$, and $62, 17.537, 119.002$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81, 28.141, 118.320$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83, 6.011, 119.588$.

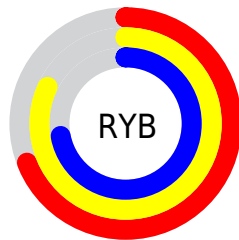
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (82%)

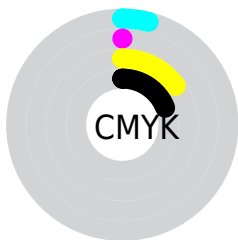
Blue (69%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (72%)

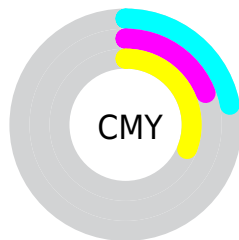


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (22%)


Magenta (19%)


Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 17.121, 118.953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 17.121, 118.953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82, 17.121,
118.953


 82, 17.121,
118.953


 100, 17.121,
118.953


 72, 17.121,
118.953

 62, 17.121,
118.953

 52, 17.121,
118.953

 42, 17.121,
118.953

 32, 17.121,
118.953

 22, 17.121,
118.953

 12, 17.121,

118.953

■ 2, 17.121, 118.953

■ 0, 17.121, 118.953

■ 82, 17.121,
118.953

■ 82, 17.121,
118.953

■ 81, 28.141,
118.320

■ 83, 6.011, 119.588

■ 80, 38.964,
117.695

■ 84, 5.124, 300.184

■ 80, 49.439,
117.112

■ 85, 16.233,
300.766

■ 79, 59.334,
116.616

■ 86, 25.354,
301.917

■ 79, 68.316,

■ 86, 25.710,
305.786

116.273

87, 26.176,
309.575

78, 75.930,
116.171

87, 26.749,
313.254

78, 81.671,
116.415

87, 27.426,
316.801

77, 85.196,
117.086

88, 28.200,
320.197

77, 86.339,
117.482

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 17.121, 118.953



73, 17.666, 300.956

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 17.121, 118.953



82, 17.121, 168.953



82, 17.121, 298.953



82, 17.121, 348.953

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 17.123, 118.957



99, 6.566, 119.610



76, 10.210, 44.745



53, 4.481, 119.565



0, 0.000, 0.000



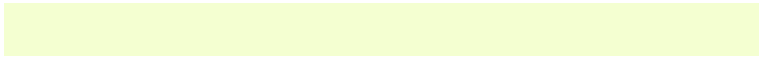
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 17.123, 118.957



98, 23.617, 118.778



81, 19.224, 136.597



44, 6.346, 119.336



64, 73.765, 117.291



15, 24.243, 118.725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 17.666, 300.956



86, 24.508, 301.171



75, 19.411, 317.945



41, 6.472, 300.522



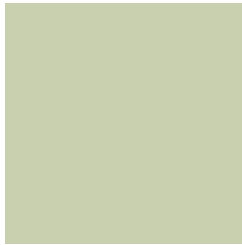
21, 95.818, 307.792



2, 25.868, 299.512

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 17.121, 118.953 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

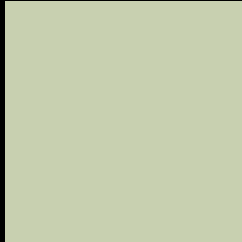
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 17.121, 118.953 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

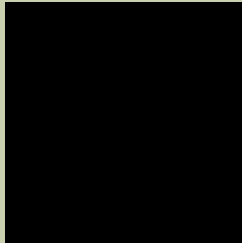
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

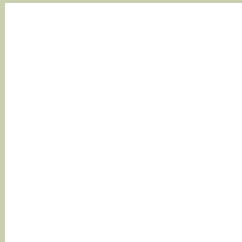
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 17.121, 118.953

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 17.121, 118.953.

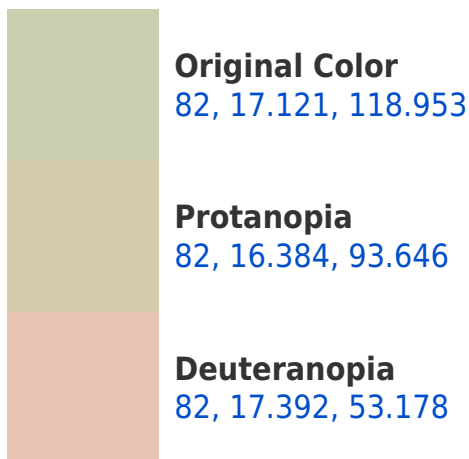



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 17.121, 118.953.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

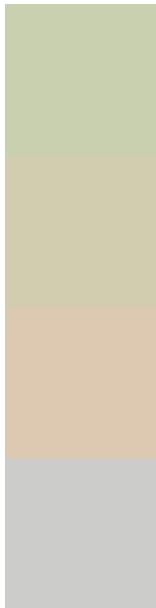
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 8.629, 300.376

Trichromacy



Original Color
82, 17.121, 118.953

Protanomaly
82, 16.391, 103.318

Deuteranomaly
82, 14.658, 75.313

Tritanomaly
82, 0.519, 110.006

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 17.121, 118.953

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 6.447, 119.554

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 17.121, 118.953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 208, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 208, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 208, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 208, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 17.121, 118.953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 208, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 208, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 208, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 208, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 208, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 208,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 17.121, 118.953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 208, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
208, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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