

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 18.123, 319.388)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 18.123, 319.388)
contains.

CIELCh(82, 18.123, 319.388)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(82, 18.123, 319.388)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCC4E2
RGB	220, 196, 226
RGB Percent	86%, 77%, 89%
CMY	0.1366, 0.2307, 0.1130
CMYK	0.03, 0.13, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	288°, 34%, 83%
HSV	288°, 13%, 89%
XYZ	63.0958, 60.2982, 80.3886
YIQ	206.5960, 4.6740, 14.4180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

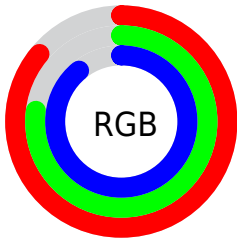
Format	Color
R _Y B	220, 196, 226
Decimal	14468322
CIE Lab	82.00, 13.76, -11.80
CIE LCh	82, 18.123, 319.388
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3096, 0.2959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292658402 (0xFFDCC4E2)
YUV	206.5960, 9.5662, 11.7553
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, 9.1488, -7.0232

Details

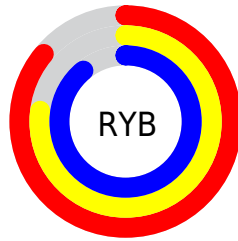
The CIELCh color $82, 18.123, 319.388$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $88, 17.997, 138.192$, and the grayscale version is $83, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 1.250, 324.238$, and $62, 18.468, 319.333$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76, 31.992, 319.843$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88, 4.424, 318.903$.

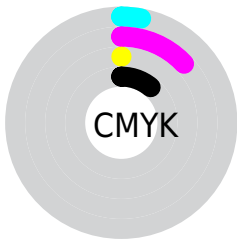
Distribution



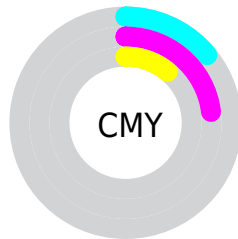
- Red (86%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 18.123, 319.388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 18.123, 319.388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82, 18.123,
319.388

 82, 18.123,
319.388


 100, 18.123,
319.388

 72, 18.123,
319.388


 62, 18.123,
319.388

 52, 18.123,
319.388

 42, 18.123,
319.388

 32, 18.123,
319.388

 22, 18.123,
319.388

 12, 18.123,

319.388

■ 2, 18.123, 319.388

■ 0, 18.123, 319.388

■ 82, 18.123,
319.388

■ 82, 18.123,
319.388

■ 76, 31.992,
319.843

■ 88, 4.424, 318.903

■ 71, 45.859,
320.284

■ 94, 8.990, 138.551

■ 65, 59.448,
320.691

■ 98, 16.575,
136.411

■ 60, 72.358,
321.033

■ 98, 15.869,
131.351

■ 56, 84.059,

■ 98, 15.299,
125.813

321.275

99, 14.884,
119.854

52, 93.918,
321.369

99, 14.644,
113.575

49, 101.315,
321.270

99, 14.585,
109.075

47, 105.856,
320.942

46, 107.602,
320.612

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 18.123, 319.388



88, 17.997, 138.192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 18.123, 319.388



82, 18.123, 9.388



82, 18.123, 139.388



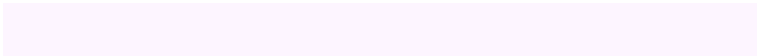
82, 18.123, 189.388

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 18.121, 319.387



97, 5.977, 318.947



82, 12.621, 281.059



52, 4.250, 318.987



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 18.121, 319.387



89, 24.144, 319.518



82, 15.765, 334.501



44, 7.683, 319.211



36, 89.148, 320.729



6, 35.407, 321.385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 11.604, 4.488



89, 15.541, 4.809



87, 15.677, 152.697



44, 4.887, 4.069



37, 70.224, 29.239



6, 25.280, 12.471

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 18.123, 319.388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

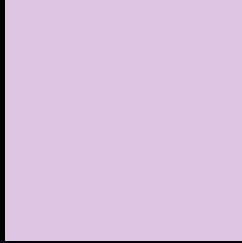
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 18.123, 319.388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

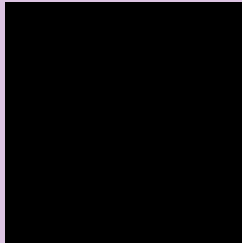
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 18.123, 319.388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 18.123, 319.388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 18.123, 319.388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82, 18.123, 319.388

Protanopia

82, 14.858, 288.828

Deuteranopia

82, 15.969, 312.048



Tritanopia
82, 11.198, 331.069

Trichromacy



Original Color
82, 18.123, 319.388

Protanomaly
82, 15.630, 300.439

Deuteranomaly
82, 16.870, 314.826

Tritanomaly
82, 13.717, 326.221

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 18.123, 319.388

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 6.702, 319.548

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 18.123, 319.388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 196, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 196, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 196, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 196, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 18.123, 319.388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 196, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 196, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 196, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 196, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 196, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 196,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 18.123, 319.388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 196, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
196, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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