

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 18.785, 137.894)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 18.785, 137.894)
contains.

CIELCh(82, 18.889, 138.307)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(82, 18.889, 138.307)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAD3B4
RGB	186, 211, 180
RGB Percent	73%, 83%, 71%
CMY	0.2707, 0.1727, 0.2943
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.15, 0.17
HSL	108°, 26%, 77%
HSV	108°, 15%, 83%
XYZ	51.7601, 60.2982, 52.0708
YIQ	199.9910, -4.9490, -14.9410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

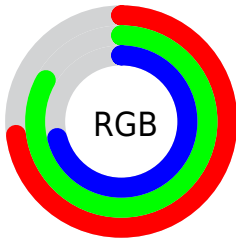
Format	Color
RYB	180, 211, 205
Decimal	12243892
CIELab	82.00, -14.10, 12.56
CIELCh	82, 18.889, 138.307
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3154, 0.3674
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290433972 (0xFFBAD3B4)
YUV	199.9910, -9.8556, -12.2701
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -16.9088, 14.5984

Details

The CIELCh color **82, 18.889, 138.307** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **76, 19.026, 319.647**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 10.738, 134.934**, and **62, 18.633, 137.728** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 31.812, 137.738**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 6.000, 138.831**.

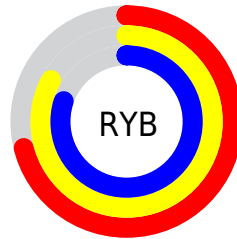
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (83%)

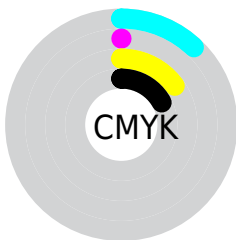
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (80%)

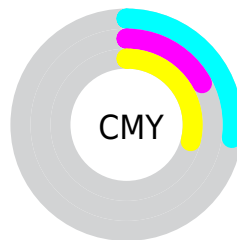


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (27%)


Magenta (17%)


Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 18.889, 138.307 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 18.889, 138.307 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82, 18.889,
138.307


 82, 18.889,
138.307


 100, 18.889,
138.307


 72, 18.889,
138.307


 62, 18.889,
138.307

 52, 18.889,
138.307

 42, 18.889,
138.307

 32, 18.889,
138.307

 22, 18.889,
138.307

 12, 18.889,

138.307

■ 2, 18.889, 138.307

■ 0, 18.889, 138.307

■ 82, 18.889,
138.307

■ 82, 18.889,
138.307

■ 80, 31.812,
137.738

■ 84, 6.000, 138.831

■ 79, 44.603,
137.106

■ 86, 6.747, 319.194

■ 78, 57.044,
136.428

■ 88, 19.271,
319.587

■ 77, 68.840,
135.738

■ 89, 27.417,
324.768

■ 76, 79.593,

■ 89, 27.599,
325.386

135.103

■ 75, 88.803,
134.625

■ 75, 95.913,
134.435

■ 74, 100.506,
134.634

■ 74, 102.140,
134.809

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 18.889, 138.307



76, 19.026, 319.647

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 18.889, 138.307



82, 18.889, 188.307



82, 18.889, 318.307



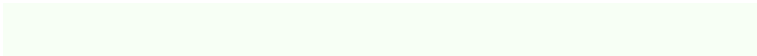
82, 18.889, 8.307

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 18.891, 138.308



99, 5.957, 138.867



82, 13.275, 98.715



53, 4.237, 138.825



0, 0.000, 0.000



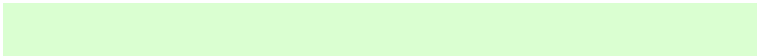
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 18.891, 138.308



96, 27.017, 138.116



82, 16.219, 153.238



43, 7.223, 138.586



60, 86.162, 134.664



13, 28.783, 138.059

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 19.026, 319.647



88, 27.247, 319.807



77, 16.326, 335.282



41, 7.262, 319.403



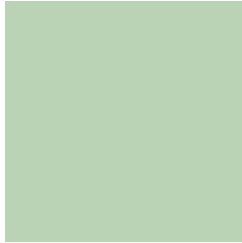
34, 86.176, 320.980



4, 29.385, 320.418

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 18.889, 138.307 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

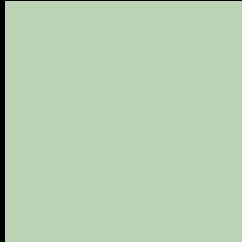
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 18.889, 138.307 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

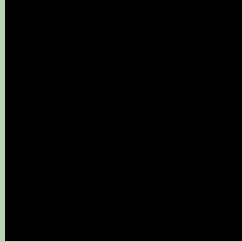
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

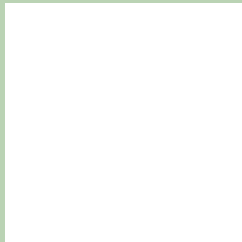
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 18.889, 138.307

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 18.889, 138.307.

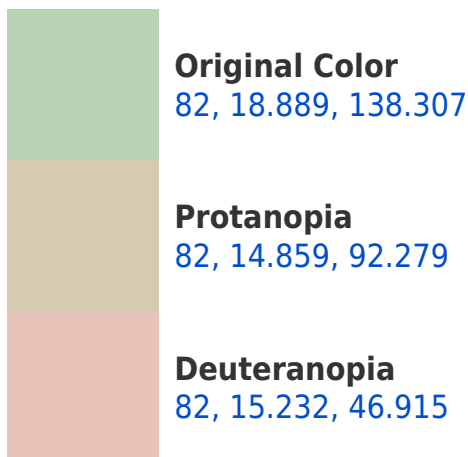


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 18.889, 138.307.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 9.361, 264.516

Trichromacy



Original Color
82, 18.889, 138.307

Protanomaly
82, 15.293, 111.686

Deuteranomaly
82, 11.378, 81.167

Tritanomaly
82, 6.098, 194.048

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 18.889, 138.307

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 6.732, 139.139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 18.889, 138.307 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 211, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 211, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 211, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 211, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 18.889, 138.307 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 211, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 211, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 211, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 211, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 211, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 211,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 18.889, 138.307 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 211, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
211, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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