

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 19.271, 235.973)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(82, 19.271, 235.973)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(82, 19.280, 235.991)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2D3E9
RGB	162, 211, 233
RGB Percent	64%, 83%, 91%
CMY	0.3638, 0.1717, 0.0854
CMYK	0.30, 0.09, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	199°, 62%, 78%
HSV	199°, 30%, 91%
XYZ	53.0334, 60.2982, 86.1027
YIQ	198.8570, -36.2660, -3.5460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

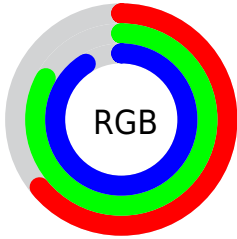
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	162, 191, 233
Decimal	10671081
CIELab	82.00, -10.78, -15.98
CIElCh	82, 19.280, 235.991
Yxy	60.2982, 0.2659, 0.3023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288861161 (0xFFA2D3E9)
YUV	198.8570, 16.8325, -32.3236
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -13.9819, -11.3861

# Details

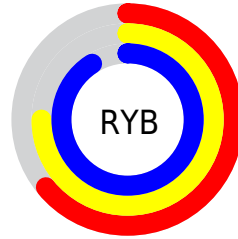
The CIELCh color `82, 19.280, 235.991` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `79, 23.114, 50.824`, and the grayscale version is `80, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `97, 12.449, 198.674`, and `62, 19.224, 236.454` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `79, 24.811, 237.629`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `85, 13.299, 234.695`.

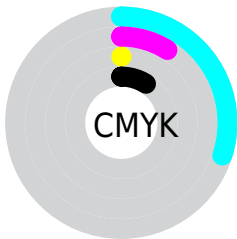
# Distribution



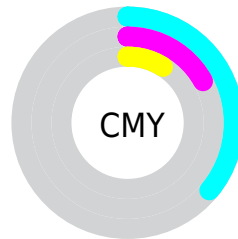
- Red (64%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 19.280, 235.991 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 19.280, 235.991 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 82, 19.280,  
235.991


 82, 19.280,  
235.991


 100, 19.280,  
235.991


 72, 19.280,  
235.991

 62, 19.280,  
235.991

 52, 19.280,  
235.991

 42, 19.280,  
235.991

 32, 19.280,  
235.991

 22, 19.280,  
235.991

 12, 19.280,

235.991

■ 2, 19.280, 235.991

■ 0, 19.280, 235.991

■ 82, 19.280,  
235.991

■ 82, 19.280,  
235.991

■ 79, 24.811,  
237.629

■ 85, 13.299,  
234.695

■ 76, 29.822,  
239.702

■ 89, 6.950, 233.703

■ 73, 34.258,  
242.296

■ 92, 0.307, 234.641

■ 70, 38.103,  
245.501

■ 96, 6.408, 52.966

■ 67, 41.404,

■ 98, 7.683, 88.572

■ 99, 10.814,

249.384

108.563

■ 65, 44.282,  
253.950

■ 99, 11.021,  
109.344

■ 63, 46.865,  
258.766

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 19.280, 235.991



79, 23.114, 50.824

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 19.280, 235.991



82, 19.280, 285.991



82, 19.280, 55.991



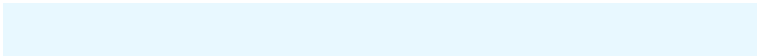
82, 19.280, 105.991

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 19.279, 235.987



97, 6.457, 233.590



87, 36.432, 151.796



51, 4.473, 233.709



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



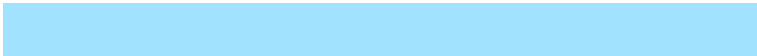


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 19.279, 235.987



87, 24.670, 237.050



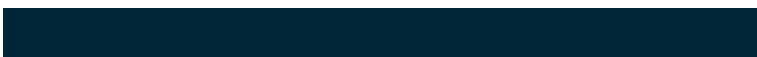
73, 31.053, 284.756



47, 3.806, 233.623



49, 38.445, 257.851



13, 15.406, 249.147



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 36.581, 336.934



77, 47.635, 337.503



87, 29.959, 96.823



46, 6.806, 335.309



40, 70.958, 345.584

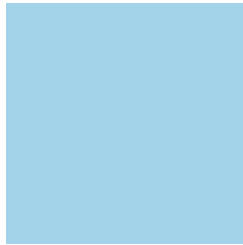


8, 31.298, 342.326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 19.280, 235.991 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

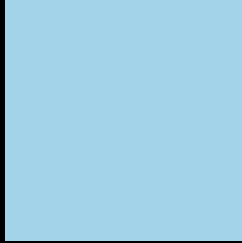
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 19.280, 235.991 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 82, 19.280, 235.991

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 19.280, 235.991.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 19.280, 235.991.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82, 19.280, 235.991

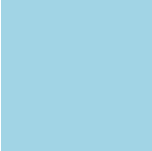
### Protanopia

82, 13.271, 288.357

### Deuteranopia

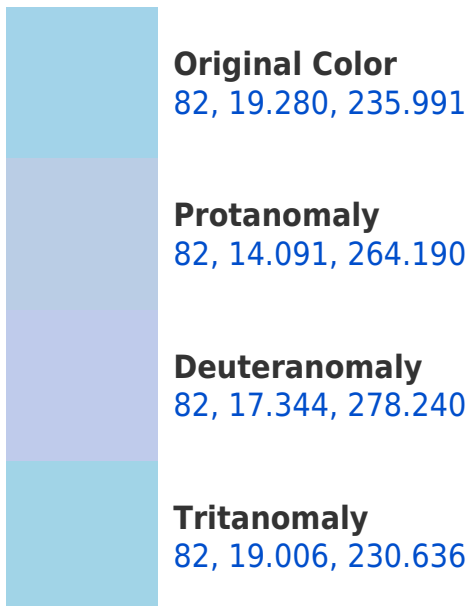
82, 20.486, 300.539



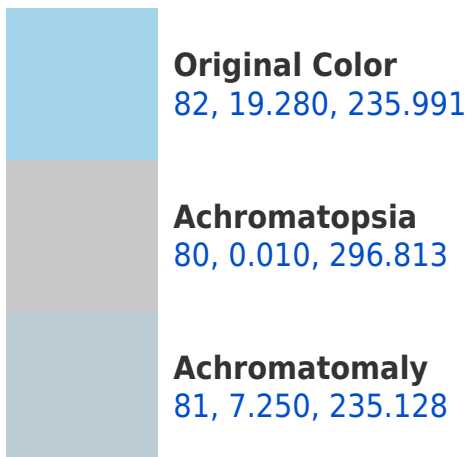


**Tritanopia**  
82, 18.576, 227.610

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 19.280, 235.991 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 211, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 211, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 211, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 211, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 19.280, 235.991 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 211, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 211, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 211, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 211, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 211, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 211,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 19.280, 235.991 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 211, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
211, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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