

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 19.746, 215.484)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 19.746, 215.484)
contains.

CIELCh(82, 19.830, 215.376)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(82, 19.830, 215.376)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9BD6E1
RGB	155, 214, 225
RGB Percent	61%, 84%, 88%
CMY	0.3933, 0.1620, 0.1188
CMYK	0.31, 0.05, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	189°, 54%, 74%
HSV	189°, 31%, 88%
XYZ	50.9791, 60.2982, 79.9671
YIQ	197.6130, -38.6950, -9.0870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

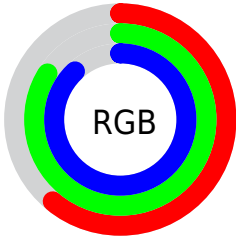
Format	Color
RYB	155, 187, 225
Decimal	10213089
CIELab	82.00, -16.17, -11.48
CIELCh	82, 19.830, 215.376
Yxy	60.2982, 0.2666, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288403169 (0xFF9BD6E1)
YUV	197.6130, 13.5018, -37.3716
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -18.7041, -6.7014

Details

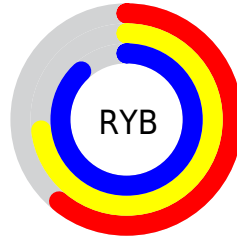
The CIELCh color **82, 19.830, 215.376** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73, 24.771, 35.081**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.683, 198.527**, and **62, 19.810, 216.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 25.078, 215.958**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 13.961, 214.996**.

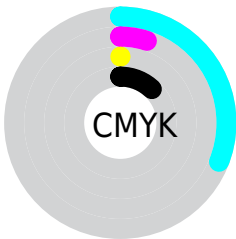
Distribution



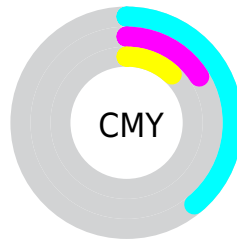
- Red (61%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)





- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (12%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 19.830, 215.376 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 19.830, 215.376 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82, 19.830,
215.376


 82, 19.830,
215.376


 100, 19.830,
215.376


 72, 19.830,
215.376

 62, 19.830,
215.376

 52, 19.830,
215.376

 42, 19.830,
215.376

 32, 19.830,
215.376

 22, 19.830,
215.376

 12, 19.830,

215.376

■ 2, 19.830, 215.376

■ 0, 19.830, 215.376

■ 82, 19.830,
215.376

■ 82, 19.830,
215.376

■ 80, 25.078,
215.958

■ 84, 13.961,
214.996

■ 78, 29.598,
216.802

■ 87, 7.584, 214.806

■ 76, 33.294,
217.963

■ 89, 0.802, 215.377

■ 75, 36.105,
219.507

■ 92, 6.291, 34.529

■ 73, 38.023,

■ 93, 9.303, 41.378

■ 94, 9.020, 55.019

221.504

95, 9.268, 68.683

72, 39.112,
224.014

96, 10.003, 80.945

71, 39.573,
226.629

97, 11.127, 91.095

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 19.830, 215.376



73, 24.771, 35.081

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 19.830, 215.376



82, 19.830, 265.376



82, 19.830, 35.376



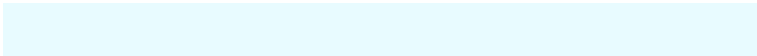
82, 19.830, 85.376

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 19.830, 215.372



97, 6.822, 214.794



84, 40.427, 146.505



52, 4.722, 214.801



0, 0.000, 0.000



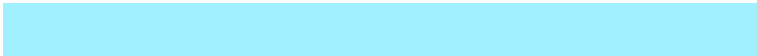
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 19.830, 215.372



90, 25.438, 215.702



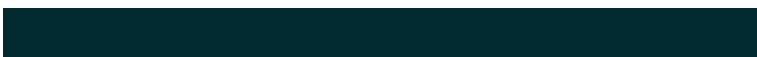
73, 25.655, 274.693



46, 3.876, 214.795



56, 32.970, 226.076



14, 13.629, 220.614

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 40.318, 330.995



78, 52.839, 331.389



82, 26.004, 85.711



44, 7.315, 329.616



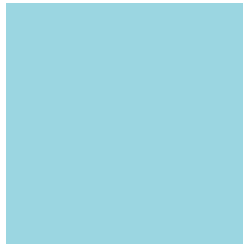
40, 77.419, 335.625



7, 32.306, 334.230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 19.830, 215.376 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

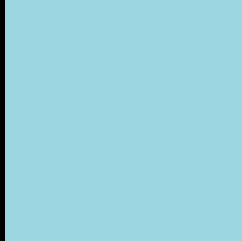
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 19.830, 215.376 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

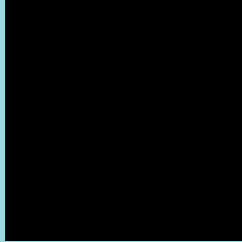
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 19.830, 215.376

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 19.830, 215.376.

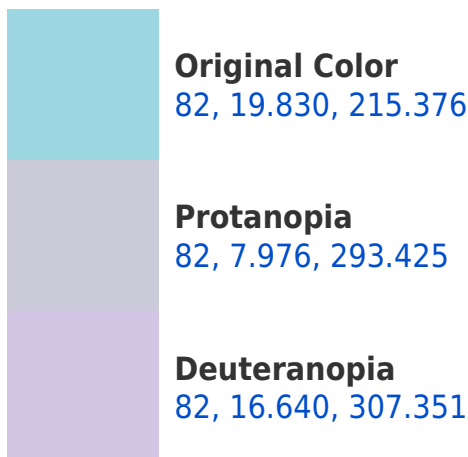


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 19.830, 215.376.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

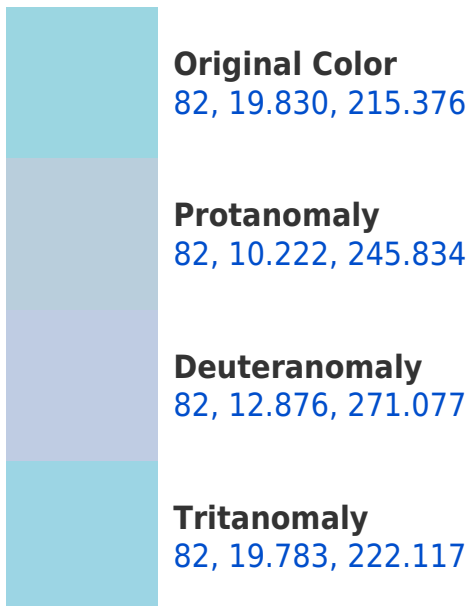
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 20.111, 225.085

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 19.830, 215.376 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 214, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 214, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 214, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 214, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 19.830, 215.376 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

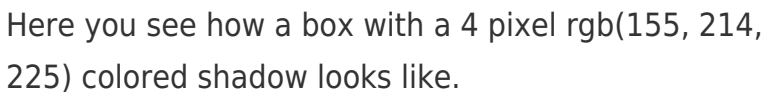
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 214, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 214, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 214, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 214, 225); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 214, 225); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 214, 225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 19.830, 215.376 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 214, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
214, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor