

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 27.451, 39.858)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(82, 27.451, 39.858) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(82, 27.618, 39.986)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">FEBDAC</a>
RGB	<a href="#">254, 189, 172</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">100%, 74%, 67%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.0048, 0.2597, 0.3263</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.26, 0.32, 0.00</a>
HSL	<a href="#">12°, 97%, 83%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">12°, 32%, 100%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">66.3634, 60.2982, 47.0633</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">206.4970, 44.1970, 8.4930</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

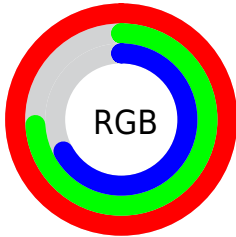
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 193, 172
Decimal	16694700
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	82.00, 21.16, 17.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	82, 27.618, 39.986
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3820, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294884780 (0xFFFEBDAC)
YUV	206.4970, -17.0070, 41.6601
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, 16.6601, 18.4219

# Details

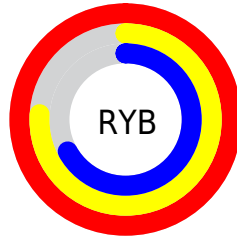
The CIELCh color **82, 27.618, 39.986** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 22.003, 222.066**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 9.853, 87.751**, and **62, 27.714, 39.145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 37.710, 40.212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 18.280, 39.942**.

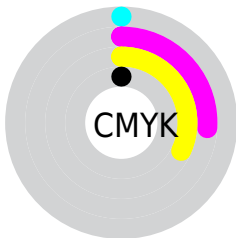
# Distribution



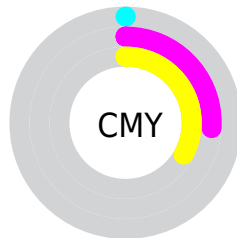
- Red (100%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 27.618, 39.986 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 27.618, 39.986 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 82, 27.618, 39.986

 82, 27.618, 39.986

 100, 27.618,  
39.986

 72, 27.618, 39.986

 62, 27.618, 39.986

 52, 27.618, 39.986

 42, 27.618, 39.986

 32, 27.618, 39.986

 22, 27.618, 39.986

 12, 27.618, 39.986

 2, 27.618, 39.986

 0, 27.618, 39.986

82, 27.618, 39.986

82, 27.618, 39.986

77, 37.710, 40.212

87, 18.280, 39.942

72, 48.544, 40.640

93, 9.672, 40.010

68, 60.018, 41.298

98, 1.737, 39.909

64, 71.869, 42.156

100, 0.429,  
200.922

60, 83.494, 43.044

57, 93.543, 43.482

56, 99.204, 43.257

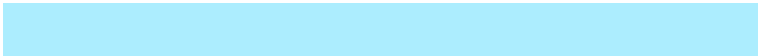
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 27.618, 39.986



90, 22.003, 222.066

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 27.618, 39.986



82, 27.618, 89.986



82, 27.618, 219.986



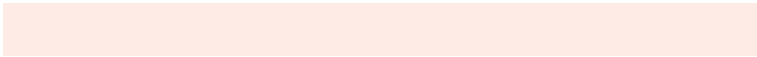
82, 27.618, 269.986

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 27.616, 39.992



94, 7.817, 40.033



80, 44.778, 332.635



50, 5.364, 40.019



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 27.616, 39.992



79, 34.428, 40.118



92, 31.086, 89.558



50, 4.435, 40.037



42, 79.744, 43.673



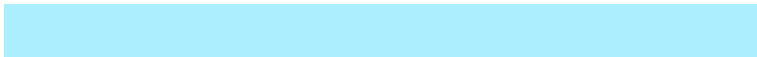
12, 29.872, 37.599





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 22.003, 222.066



89, 25.941, 222.710



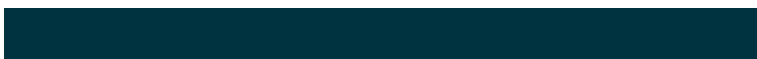
79, 31.281, 278.755



52, 4.179, 220.738



58, 35.540, 237.281

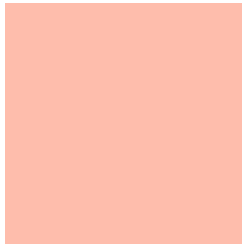


19, 16.175, 231.825



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 27.618, 39.986 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

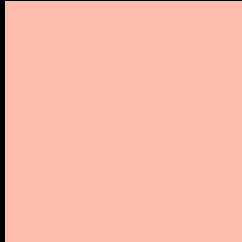
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 27.618, 39.986 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 82, 27.618, 39.986

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 27.618, 39.986.

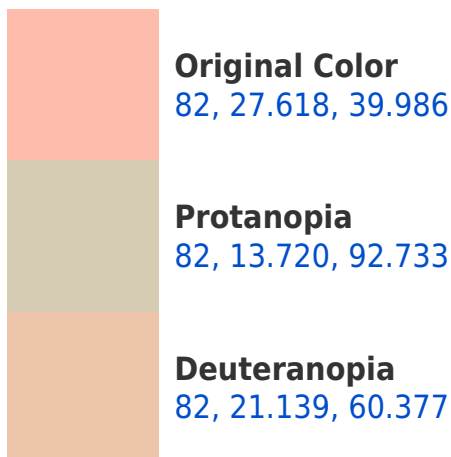


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 27.618, 39.986.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

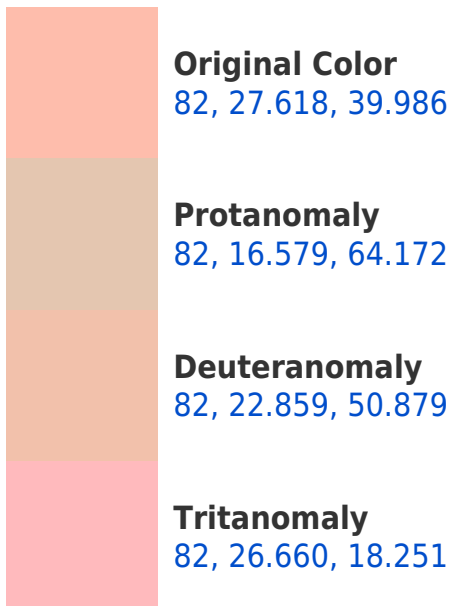




**Tritanopia**  
82, 27.408, 6.271



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 27.618, 39.986 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 189, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 189, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 189, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 189, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 27.618, 39.986 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 189, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 189, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 189, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 189, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 189, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 189,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 27.618, 39.986 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 189, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
189, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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