

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 30.609, 350.929)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 30.609, 350.929)
contains.

CIELCh(82, 30.389, 350.856)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(82, 30.389, 350.856)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB8D6
RGB	255, 184, 214
RGB Percent	100%, 72%, 84%
CMY	0.0006, 0.2790, 0.1614
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 86%
HSV	335°, 28%, 100%
XYZ	70.4116, 60.2982, 71.4464
YIQ	208.6490, 32.6860, 24.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

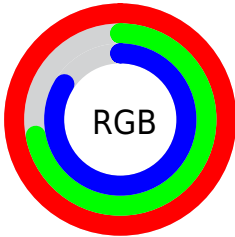
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 184, 214
Decimal	16758998
CIE Lab	82.00, 30.00, -4.83
CIE LCh	82, 30.389, 350.856
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3483, 0.2983
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294949078 (0xFFFFB8D6)
YUV	208.6490, 2.6380, 40.6498
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, 25.9657, -0.1956

Details

The CIELCh color $82, 30.389, 350.856$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFCCFF . A complement of this color would be $95, 28.895, 165.356$, and the grayscale version is $84, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97, 8.725, 324.710$, and $62, 30.366, 350.926$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76, 41.473, 352.175$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $88, 19.278, 349.718$.

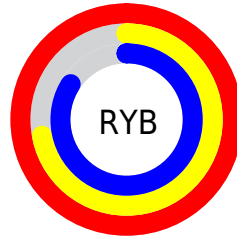
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (72%)

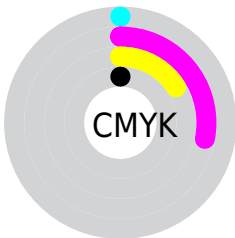
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (84%)

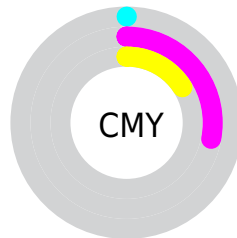


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (28%)


Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 30.389, 350.856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 30.389, 350.856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82, 30.389,
350.856


 82, 30.389,
350.856


 100, 30.389,
350.856


 72, 30.389,
350.856

 62, 30.389,
350.856

 52, 30.389,
350.856

 42, 30.389,
350.856

 32, 30.389,
350.856

 22, 30.389,
350.856

 12, 30.389,

350.856

■ 2, 30.389, 350.856

■ 0, 30.389, 350.856

■ 82, 30.389,
350.856

■ 82, 30.389,
350.856

■ 76, 41.473,
352.175

■ 88, 19.278,
349.718

■ 70, 52.208,
353.736

■ 95, 8.363, 348.691

■ 66, 62.126,
355.632

100, 0.054,
211.846

■ 61, 70.670,
357.994

■ 58, 77.302, 0.986

■ 56, 81.724, 4.792

■ 55, 84.169, 9.520

■ 54, 84.622, 10.593

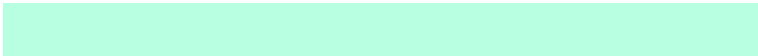
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 30.389, 350.856



95, 28.895, 165.356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 30.389, 350.856



82, 30.389, 40.856



82, 30.389, 170.856



82, 30.389, 220.856

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 30.386, 350.858



95, 8.524, 348.705



80, 40.263, 312.631



50, 6.071, 348.857



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 30.386, 350.858



79, 36.129, 351.510



82, 26.022, 26.878



50, 6.071, 348.857



41, 68.107, 9.616



10, 31.361, 2.883

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 30.386, 350.858



79, 36.129, 351.510



94, 21.367, 204.706



50, 6.071, 348.857



41, 68.107, 9.616



10, 31.361, 2.883

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 30.389, 350.856 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

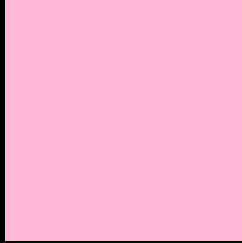
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 30.389, 350.856 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

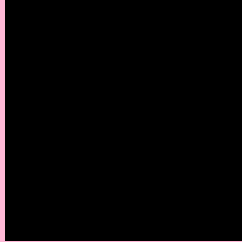
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 30.389, 350.856

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 30.389, 350.856.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 30.389, 350.856.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



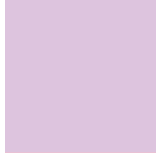


Tritanopia
82, 26.272, 5.462

Trichromacy



Original Color
82, 30.389, 350.856



Protanomaly
82, 16.496, 324.009



Deuteranomaly
82, 17.780, 346.533

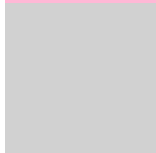


Tritanomaly
82, 27.768, 359.643

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 30.389, 350.856



Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
83, 11.174, 349.017

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 30.389, 350.856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 184, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 184, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 184, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 184, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 30.389, 350.856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 184, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 184, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 184, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 184, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 184, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 184,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 30.389, 350.856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 184, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
184, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor