

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 34.161, 233.272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(82, 34.161, 233.272)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(82, 34.168, 233.188)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6FD9FE
RGB	111, 217, 254
RGB Percent	44%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.5638, 0.1482, 0.0031
CMYK	0.56, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	196°, 99%, 72%
HSV	196°, 56%, 100%
XYZ	49.3758, 60.2982, 102.9835
YIQ	189.5240, -75.0530, -10.9650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

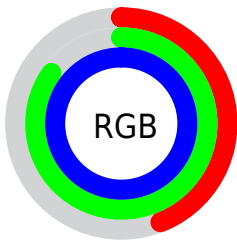
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	111, 172, 254
Decimal	7330302
CIE Lab	82.00, -20.47, -27.36
CIE LCh	82, 34.168, 233.188
Yxy	60.2982, 0.2322, 0.2835
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285520382 (0xFF6FD9FE)
YUV	189.5240, 31.7867, -68.8655
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -22.3897, -24.2753

# Details

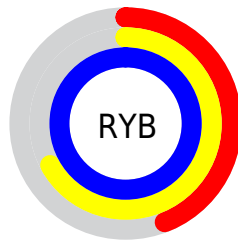
The CIELCh color **82, 34.168, 233.188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **72, 51.665, 45.229**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 26.210, 197.801**, and **62, 34.117, 232.991** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 38.101, 235.715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 29.468, 231.198**.

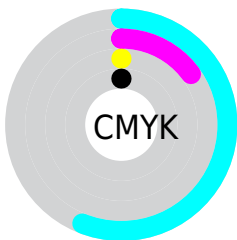
# Distribution



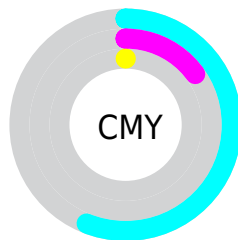
- Red (44%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 34.168, 233.188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 34.168, 233.188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 82, 34.168,  
233.188

 82, 34.168,  
233.188

 100, 34.168,  
233.188

 72, 34.168,  
233.188

 62, 34.168,  
233.188

 52, 34.168,  
233.188

 42, 34.168,  
233.188

 32, 34.168,  
233.188

 22, 34.168,  
233.188

 12, 34.168,

233.188

■ 2, 34.168, 233.188

■ 0, 34.168, 233.188

■ 82, 34.168,  
233.188

■ 82, 34.168,  
233.188

■ 79, 38.101,  
235.715

■ 85, 29.468,  
231.198

■ 77, 41.268,  
238.874

■ 88, 24.062,  
229.652

■ 75, 43.744,  
242.733

■ 91, 18.037,  
228.466

■ 73, 45.703,  
247.288

■ 94, 11.492,  
227.572

■ 72, 46.402,

■ 98, 4.526, 226.965

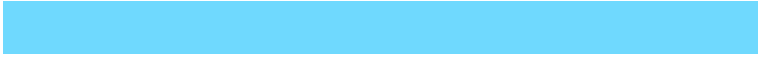
249.089

100, 0.386,  
109.948

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 34.168, 233.188



72, 51.665, 45.229

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 34.168, 233.188



82, 34.168, 283.188



82, 34.168, 53.188



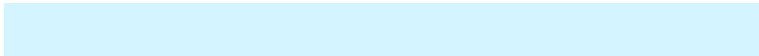
82, 34.168, 103.188

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 34.167, 233.187



94, 12.033, 227.631



90, 72.807, 146.818



50, 8.005, 227.793



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 34.167, 233.187



79, 38.461, 235.934



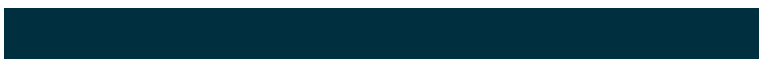
63, 60.074, 287.675



51, 4.101, 227.122



55, 37.255, 248.183



18, 16.594, 241.668



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 72.074, 336.921



64, 82.458, 337.954



88, 56.528, 90.056



50, 7.559, 333.271



43, 76.380, 341.999

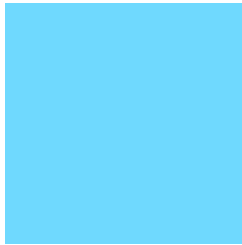


11, 35.920, 339.926



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 34.168, 233.188 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

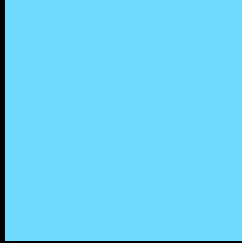
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 34.168, 233.188 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 82, 34.168, 233.188**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 34.168, 233.188.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 34.168, 233.188.


# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
82, 33.345, 214.154

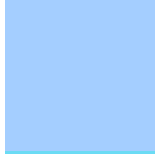
# Trichromacy



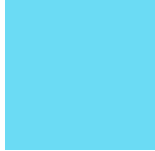
**Original Color**  
82, 34.168, 233.188



**Protanomaly**  
81, 24.648, 258.892

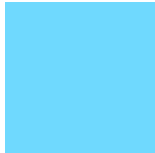


**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 28.511, 265.531

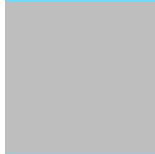


**Tritanomaly**  
82, 33.301, 221.196

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
82, 34.168, 233.188



**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
78, 14.654, 227.077

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 34.168, 233.188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 217, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 217, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 217, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 217, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 34.168, 233.188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 217, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 217, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 217, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 217, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 217, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 217, 254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 34.168, 233.188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 217, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
217, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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