

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 48.462, 146.272)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 48.462, 146.272)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(82, 48.462, 146.272)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8ADF98
RGB	138, 223, 152
RGB Percent	54%, 87%, 60%
CMY	0.4597, 0.1264, 0.4047
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.32, 0.13
HSL	130°, 57%, 71%
HSV	130°, 38%, 87%
XYZ	42.4218, 60.2982, 39.0173
YIQ	189.4910, -27.8690, -40.1010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

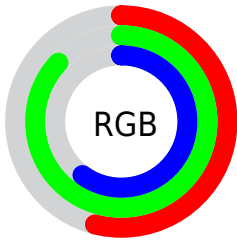
Format	Color
RYB	138, 211, 223
Decimal	9101208
CIELab	82.00, -40.31, 26.91
CIELCh	82, 48.462, 146.272
Yxy	60.2982, 0.2993, 0.4254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287291288 (0xFF8ADF98)
YUV	189.4910, -18.4831, -45.1576
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -38.3749, 24.5652

Details

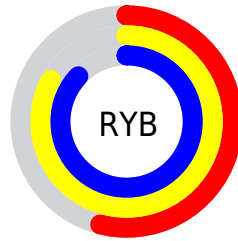
The CIELCh color $82, 48.462, 146.272$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $66CC99$. A complement of this color would be $68, 48.532, 331.722$, and the grayscale version is $77, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95, 32.894, 149.227$, and $62, 48.564, 146.194$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81, 60.512, 145.138$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83, 35.928, 147.256$.

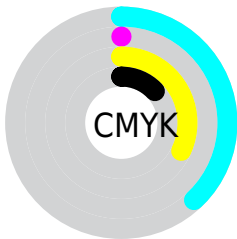
Distribution



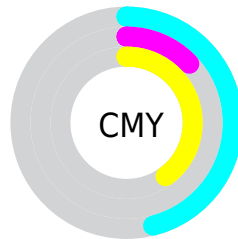
- Red (54%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 48.462, 146.272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 48.462, 146.272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 82, 48.462,
146.272

 82, 48.462,
146.272


 100, 48.462,
146.272

 72, 48.462,
146.272

 62, 48.462,
146.272

 52, 48.462,
146.272

 42, 48.462,
146.272

 32, 48.462,
146.272

 22, 48.462,
146.272

 12, 48.462,

146.272

■ 2, 48.462, 146.272

■ 0, 48.462, 146.272

■ 82, 48.462,
146.272

■ 82, 48.462,
146.272

■ 81, 60.512,
145.138

■ 83, 35.928,
147.256

■ 80, 71.785,
143.849

■ 85, 23.155,
148.105

■ 79, 81.974,
142.417

■ 87, 10.348,
148.846


■ 78, 90.765,
140.885


■ 89, 2.338, 329.298


■ 78, 97.866,

■ 91, 14.787,
329.952

139.337

 92, 20.163,
325.126

 78, 103.068,
137.913

 78, 103.844,
137.699

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 48.462, 146.272



68, 48.532, 331.722

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 48.462, 146.272



82, 48.462, 196.272



82, 48.462, 326.272



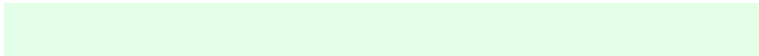
82, 48.462, 16.272

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 48.463, 146.272



97, 15.609, 148.637



86, 43.769, 113.213



52, 10.496, 148.538



0, 0.000, 0.000



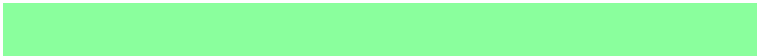
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 48.463, 146.272



91, 64.659, 145.354



83, 33.046, 168.655



46, 7.256, 148.754



63, 86.584, 137.929



16, 32.401, 142.415

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 48.532, 331.722



73, 64.530, 332.263



67, 36.293, 357.009



44, 7.276, 329.874



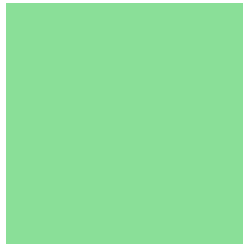
40, 76.965, 336.056



7, 32.137, 334.572

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 48.462, 146.272 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

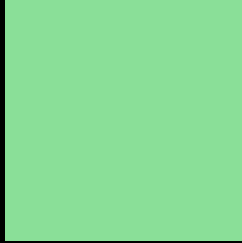
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 48.462, 146.272 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

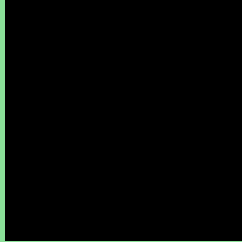
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 48.462, 146.272

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 48.462, 146.272.

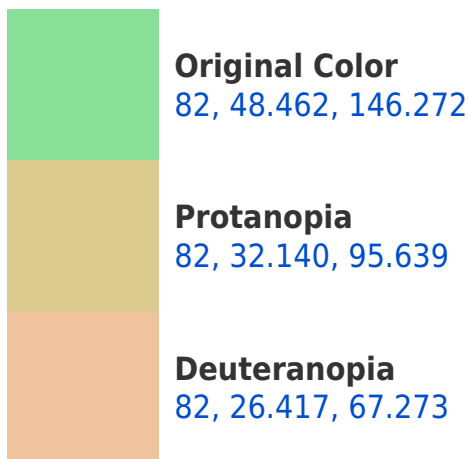


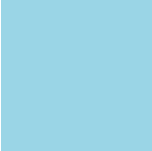
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 48.462, 146.272.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 20.622, 224.341

Trichromacy



Original Color
82, 48.462, 146.272



Protanomaly
81, 34.420, 121.160



Deuteranomaly
81, 25.756, 110.507

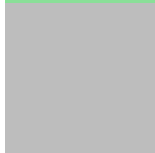


Tritanomaly
82, 24.853, 178.905

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 48.462, 146.272



Achromatopsia
77, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 18.124, 148.209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 48.462, 146.272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 223, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 223, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 223, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 223, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 48.462, 146.272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 223, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 223, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 223, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 223, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 223, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 223,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 48.462, 146.272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 223, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
223, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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