

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 50.343, 85.088)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(82, 50.343, 85.088) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(82, 50.596, 85.579)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0C76C
RGB	240, 199, 108
RGB Percent	94%, 78%, 42%
CMY	0.0598, 0.2205, 0.5773
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.55, 0.06
HSL	41°, 81%, 68%
HSV	41°, 55%, 94%
XYZ	58.9138, 60.2982, 22.6593
YIQ	200.8850, 53.6470, -19.6090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

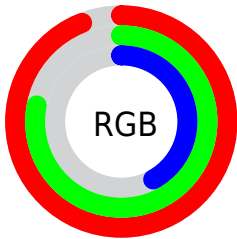
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">167, 240, 108</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15779692</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">82.00, 3.90, 50.45</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">82, 50.596, 85.579</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">60.2982, 0.4153, 0.4250</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293969772</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF0C76C</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">200.8850, -45.7923, 34.3039</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">77.6519, -0.4645, 37.0552</a>

# Details

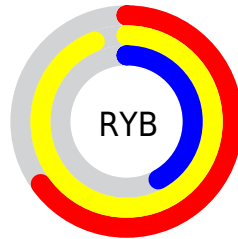
The CIELCh color **82, 50.596, 85.579** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **62, 51.455, 283.403**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 46.881, 106.594**, and **62, 50.290, 85.389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 59.486, 84.096**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 41.333, 87.006**.

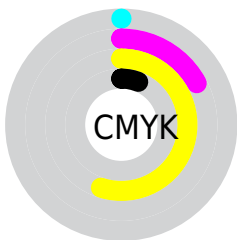
# Distribution



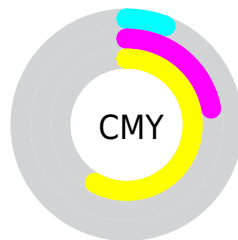
- Red (94%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 50.596, 85.579 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 50.596, 85.579 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 82, 50.596, 85.579

 82, 50.596, 85.579

 100, 50.596,  
85.579

 72, 50.596, 85.579

 62, 50.596, 85.579

 52, 50.596, 85.579

 42, 50.596, 85.579

 32, 50.596, 85.579

 22, 50.596, 85.579

 12, 50.596, 85.579

 2, 50.596, 85.579

 0, 50.596, 85.579

82, 50.596, 85.579

82, 50.596, 85.579

80, 59.486, 84.096

84, 41.333, 87.006

78, 67.509, 82.499

86, 31.975, 88.384

76, 73.899, 80.693

89, 22.670, 89.721

74, 77.761, 78.518

91, 13.493, 91.015

73, 78.889, 77.316

93, 4.474, 92.234

96, 4.375, 273.561

98, 4.338, 228.370

99, 5.249, 199.199

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 50.596, 85.579



62, 51.455, 283.403

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 50.596, 85.579



82, 50.596, 135.579



82, 50.596, 265.579



82, 50.596, 315.579

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



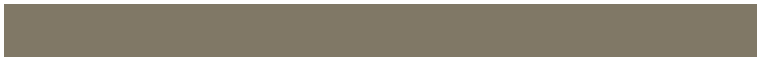
82, 50.596, 85.583



96, 16.061, 90.759



63, 54.831, 2.640



51, 10.763, 90.500



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 50.596, 85.583



84, 63.377, 83.916



91, 65.546, 113.626



49, 5.067, 91.709



57, 64.627, 77.810



17, 24.900, 80.657





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 51.455, 283.403



60, 65.748, 286.762



54, 75.794, 302.996



47, 5.077, 274.169



30, 79.144, 297.809



6, 29.039, 291.079



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 50.596, 85.579 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

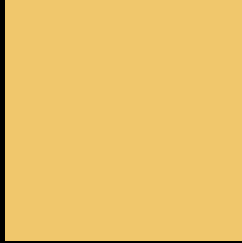
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 50.596, 85.579 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 82, 50.596, 85.579

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 50.596, 85.579.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 50.596, 85.579.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


82, 50.596, 85.579

### Protanopia

82, 49.285, 95.415

### Deuteranopia

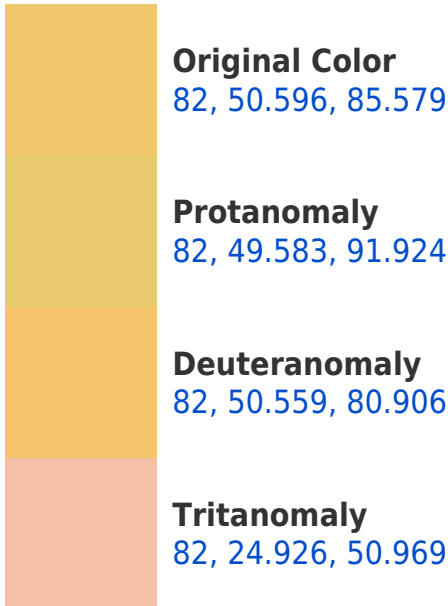
82, 51.216, 78.577



**Tritanopia**  
82, 23.659, 3.335



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 50.596, 85.579 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 199, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 199, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 199, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 199, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 50.596, 85.579 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 199, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 199, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 199, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 199, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 199, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 199,  
108) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 50.596, 85.579 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 199, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
199, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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