

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 52.664, 167.932)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(82, 52.664, 167.932)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(82, 52.440, 168.191)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47E4B6
RGB	71, 228, 182
RGB Percent	28%, 89%, 71%
CMY	0.7208, 0.1053, 0.2857
CMYK	0.69, 0.00, 0.20, 0.11
HSL	162°, 75%, 59%
HSV	162°, 69%, 89%
XYZ	38.8547, 60.2982, 53.9221
YIQ	175.8130, -78.8060, -47.5900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

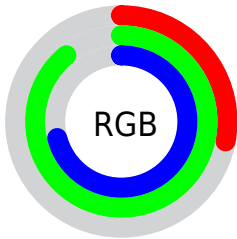
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	71, 163, 228
Decimal	4711606
CIELab	82.00, -51.33, 10.73
CIELCh	82, 52.440, 168.191
Yxy	60.2982, 0.2538, 0.3939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282901686 (0xFF47E4B6)
YUV	175.8130, 3.0502, -91.9210
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -46.5747, 13.1849

# Details

The CIELCh color **82, 52.440, 168.191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **54, 64.093, 8.205**, and the grayscale version is **72, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 37.495, 183.440**, and **63, 49.261, 166.195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 57.279, 166.431**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 46.683, 169.763**.

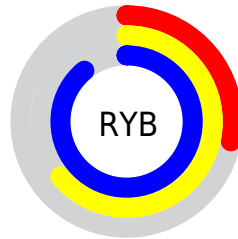
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (89%)

Blue (71%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (89%)

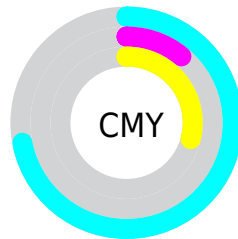


Cyan (69%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 52.440, 168.191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 52.440, 168.191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 82, 52.440,  
168.191


 82, 52.440,  
168.191


 100, 52.440,  
168.191


 72, 52.440,  
168.191

 62, 52.440,  
168.191

 52, 52.440,  
168.191

 42, 52.440,  
168.191

 32, 52.440,  
168.191

 22, 52.440,  
168.191

 12, 52.440,

168.191

■ 2, 52.440, 168.191

■ 0, 52.440, 168.191

■ 82, 52.440,  
168.191

■ 82, 52.440,  
168.191

■ 81, 57.279,  
166.431

■ 83, 46.683,  
169.763

■ 81, 61.202,  
164.472

■ 84, 40.075,  
171.172

■ 81, 64.345,  
162.339

■ 85, 32.733,  
172.444

■ 81, 64.706,  
162.084

■ 86, 24.801,  
173.604


■ 87, 16.429,

174.674

 89, 7.761, 175.692

 91, 1.078, 356.051

 93, 9.981, 357.354

 93, 12.062,  
342.988

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 52.440, 168.191



54, 64.093, 8.205

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 52.440, 168.191



82, 52.440, 218.191



82, 52.440, 348.191



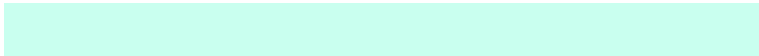
82, 52.440, 38.191

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 52.440, 168.190



96, 20.033, 174.431



82, 86.436, 132.372



51, 13.506, 174.136



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 52.440, 168.190



90, 64.438, 165.532



74, 35.520, 226.282



47, 5.035, 175.624



65, 53.536, 162.463



18, 21.212, 166.314



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 64.093, 8.205



56, 80.260, 13.957



59, 62.270, 41.292



45, 5.178, 357.280



37, 67.261, 21.571

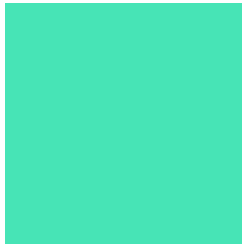


7, 26.653, 8.880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 52.440, 168.191 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

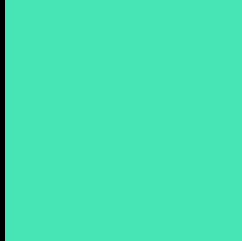
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 52.440, 168.191 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

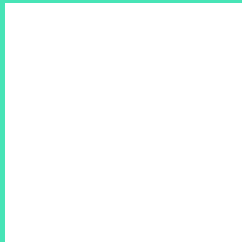
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 82, 52.440, 168.191

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 52.440, 168.191.

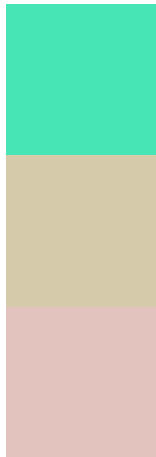


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 52.440, 168.191.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82, 52.440, 168.191

### Protanopia

81, 17.934, 94.743

### Deuteranopia

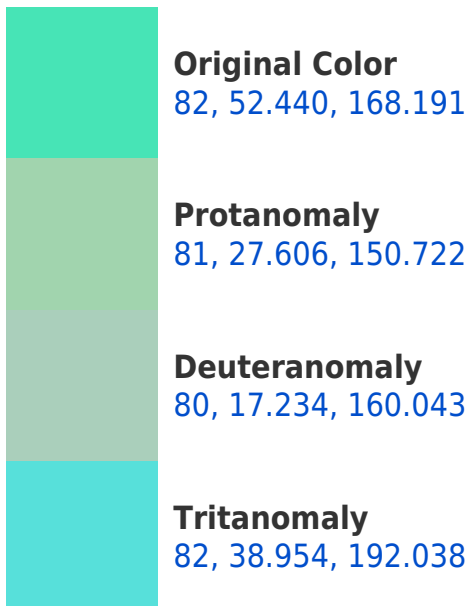
81, 12.250, 35.180



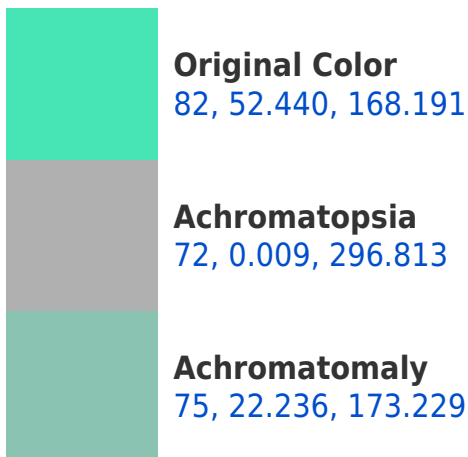


**Tritanopia**  
82, 35.121, 212.247

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 52.440, 168.191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 228, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 228, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 228, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 228, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 52.440, 168.191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 228, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 228, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 228, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 228, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 228, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 228,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 52.440, 168.191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 228, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 228,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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