

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 6.022, 256.550)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 6.022, 256.550) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(82, 6.124, 259.436)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4CDD7
RGB	196, 205, 215
RGB Percent	77%, 80%, 84%
CMY	0.2314, 0.1961, 0.1569
CMYK	0.09, 0.05, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	212°, 19%, 81%
HSV	212°, 9%, 84%
XYZ	56.8558, 60.2982, 72.9252
YIQ	203.4490, -8.5740, 1.2020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

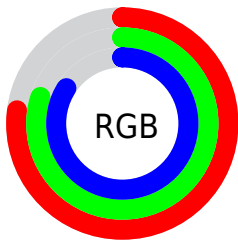
Format	Color
R_{YB}	196, 202, 215
Decimal	12897751
CIE Lab	82.00, -1.12, -6.02
CIE LCh	82, 6.124, 259.436
Yxy	60.2982, 0.2991, 0.3172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291087831 (0xFFC4CDD7)
YUV	203.4490, 5.6946, -6.5328
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -5.1952, -1.3247

Details

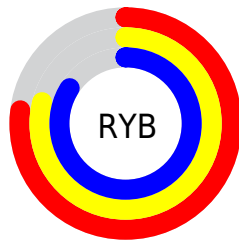
The CIELCh color $82, 6.124, 259.436$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $83, 6.225, 77.043$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.695, 200.315$, and $62, 5.989, 256.923$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78, 13.011, 260.925$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87, 0.798, 77.594$.

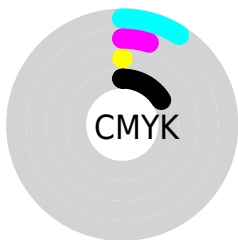
Distribution



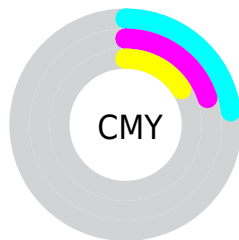
- Red (77%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 6.124, 259.436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 6.124, 259.436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 82, 6.124, 259.436

 82, 6.124, 259.436

 100, 6.124,
259.436

 72, 6.124, 259.436

 62, 6.124, 259.436

 52, 6.124, 259.436

 42, 6.124, 259.436

 32, 6.124, 259.436

 22, 6.124, 259.436

 12, 6.124, 259.436

 2, 6.124, 259.436

 0, 6.124, 259.436

82, 6.124, 259.436

82, 6.124, 259.436

78, 13.011,
260.925

87, 0.798, 77.594

73, 19.843,
262.736

91, 7.730, 76.891

69, 26.603,
264.889

95, 13.620, 83.217

98, 17.962,
103.173

64, 33.281,
267.441

99, 20.221,
108.647

60, 39.888,
270.442

56, 46.461,
273.918

52, 53.069,
277.846

49, 59.801,
282.127

■ 45, 66.738,
286.521

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



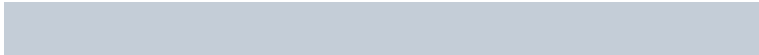
82, 6.124, 259.436



83, 6.225, 77.043

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 6.124, 259.436



82, 6.124, 309.436



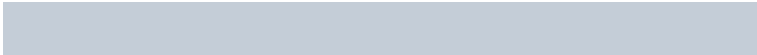
82, 6.124, 79.436



82, 6.124, 129.436

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 6.123, 259.419



98, 2.396, 258.750



84, 8.425, 163.863



52, 1.814, 258.818



0, 0.000, 0.000



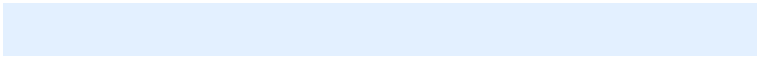
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 6.123, 259.419



94, 8.747, 259.734



80, 10.143, 291.719



43, 3.920, 259.498



36, 56.013, 286.260



6, 17.847, 275.292

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 8.482, 345.787



93, 12.160, 346.003



85, 9.933, 110.004



42, 5.435, 345.842



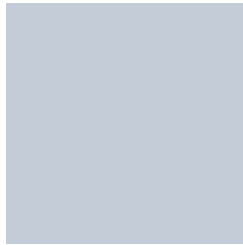
36, 62.601, 4.213



5, 23.280, 356.008

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 6.124, 259.436 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

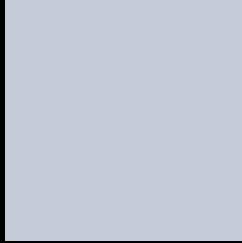
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 6.124, 259.436 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

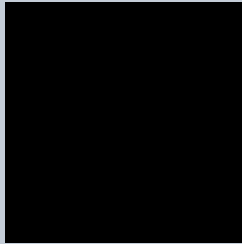
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

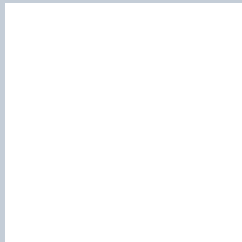
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 6.124, 259.436

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 6.124, 259.436.

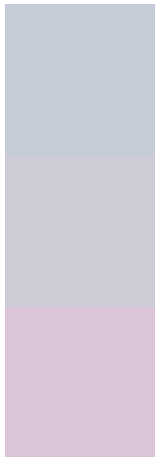


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 6.124, 259.436.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

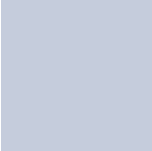
82, 6.124, 259.436

Protanopia

82, 5.853, 294.191

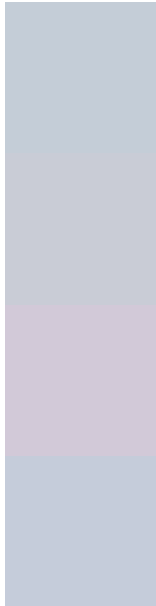
Deuteranopia

82, 12.014, 327.777



Tritanopia
82, 8.780, 274.756

Trichromacy



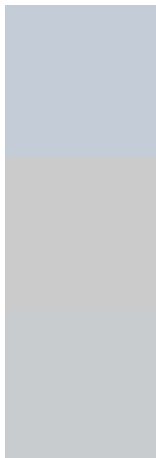
Original Color
82, 6.124, 259.436

Protanomaly
82, 5.392, 279.249

Deuteranomaly
82, 8.626, 312.754

Tritanomaly
82, 7.773, 272.419

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 6.124, 259.436

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 2.133, 247.891

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 6.124, 259.436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 205, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 205, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 205, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 205, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 6.124, 259.436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

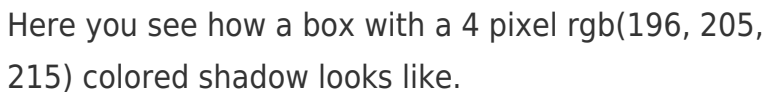
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 205, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 205, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 205, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 205, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 205, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 205,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 6.124, 259.436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 205, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
205, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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