

Converting Colors

CIELCh(82, 83.933, 137.569)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(82, 83.933, 137.569)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(82, 83.939, 137.553)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	65E659
RGB	101, 230, 89
RGB Percent	40%, 90%, 35%
CMY	0.6025, 0.0967, 0.6497
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.61, 0.10
HSL	115°, 74%, 63%
HSV	115°, 61%, 90%
XYZ	35.6167, 60.2982, 19.2831
YIQ	175.3550, -31.6230, -71.1990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

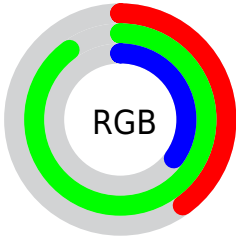
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 230, 218
Decimal	6678105
CIE _{Lab}	82.00, -61.94, 56.65
CIE _{LCh}	82, 83.939, 137.553
Yxy	60.2982, 0.3092, 0.5234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284868185 (0xFF65E659)
YUV	175.3550, -42.5730, -65.2093
Hunter-Lab	77.6519, -54.0180, 39.6330

Details

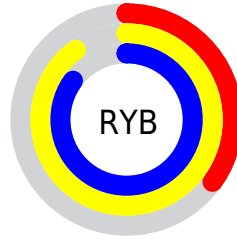
The CIELCh color **82, 83.939, 137.553** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF66**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **60, 83.866, 324.824**, and the grayscale version is **72, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 65.875, 137.063**, and **62, 83.774, 137.589** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81, 94.386, 136.712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 71.826, 138.463**.

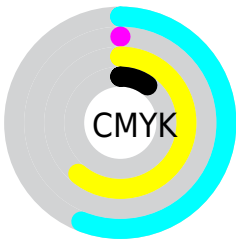
Distribution



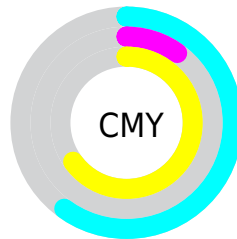
- Red (40%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (65%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 82, 83.939, 137.553 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 82, 83.939, 137.553 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 82, 83.939,
137.553


 82, 83.939,
137.553


 100, 83.939,
137.553


 72, 83.939,
137.553

 62, 83.939,
137.553

 52, 83.939,
137.553

 42, 83.939,
137.553

 32, 83.939,
137.553

 22, 83.939,
137.553

 12, 83.939,

137.553

■ 2, 83.939, 137.553

■ 0, 83.939, 137.553

■ 82, 83.939,
137.553

■ 82, 83.939,
137.553

■ 81, 94.386,
136.712

■ 83, 71.826,
138.463

■ 81, 102.555,
136.069

■ 84, 58.586,
139.352

■ 80, 107.926,
135.753

■ 86, 44.658,
140.171


■ 80, 110.445,
135.708


■ 87, 30.378,
140.899

■ 89, 16.004,

141.537

 91, 1.722, 142.215

 93, 12.333,
322.501

 94, 15.403,
324.956

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82, 83.939, 137.553



60, 83.866, 324.824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82, 83.939, 137.553



82, 83.939, 187.553



82, 83.939, 317.553



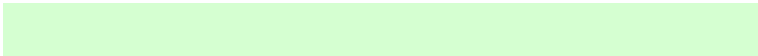
82, 83.939, 7.553

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82, 83.940, 137.554



96, 27.961, 141.107



85, 63.343, 99.288



51, 19.443, 140.912



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82, 83.940, 137.554



89, 104.091, 136.550



82, 64.177, 151.918



47, 8.067, 141.642



63, 91.162, 135.627



17, 36.005, 137.360

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 83.866, 324.824



62, 103.193, 325.063



59, 65.329, 344.754



45, 8.091, 322.571



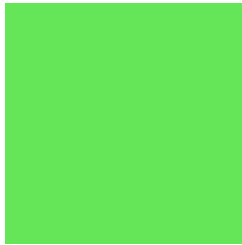
40, 88.903, 324.917



8, 37.225, 325.405

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 82, 83.939, 137.553 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

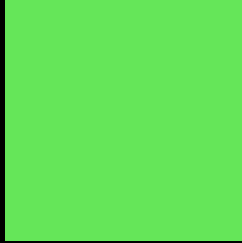
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 82, 83.939, 137.553 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 82, 83.939, 137.553

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 83.939, 137.553.

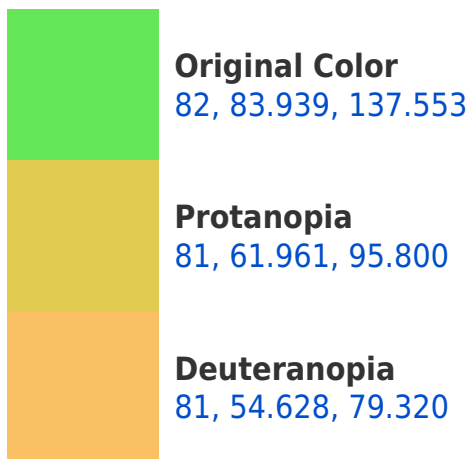


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 82, 83.939, 137.553.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
82, 26.507, 217.861

Trichromacy



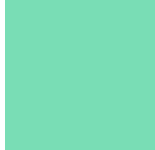
Original Color
82, 83.939, 137.553



Protanomaly
81, 65.494, 116.663



Deuteranomaly
80, 56.448, 110.265

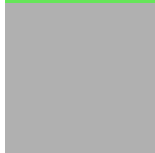


Tritanomaly
81, 39.980, 164.601

Monochromacy



Original Color
82, 83.939, 137.553



Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
75, 33.202, 140.267

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 82, 83.939, 137.553 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 230, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 230, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 230, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 230, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 82, 83.939, 137.553 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 230, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 230, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 230, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 230, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 230, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 230,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 82, 83.939, 137.553 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 230, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
230, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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