

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 0.480, 165.931)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 0.480, 165.931) contains.

CIELCh(83, 0.636, 144.831)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(83, 0.636, 144.831)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CECFCE
RGB	206, 207, 206
RGB Percent	81%, 81%, 81%
CMY	0.1924, 0.1885, 0.1924
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	120°, 1%, 81%
HSV	120°, 0%, 81%
XYZ	58.8683, 62.1629, 67.2500
YIQ	206.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

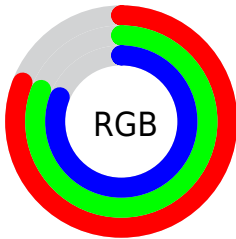
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 207, 207
Decimal	13553614
CIE Lab	83.00, -0.52, 0.37
CIE LCh	83, 0.636, 144.831
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3127, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291743694 (0xFFCECFCE)
YUV	206.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -4.6994, 4.6187

Details

The CIELCh color $83, 0.636, 144.831$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $83, 0.656, 324.068$, and the grayscale version is $83, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $63, 0.675, 144.720$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81, 14.086, 143.841$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 12.571, 324.899$.

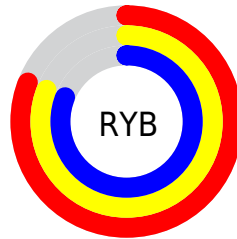
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (81%)

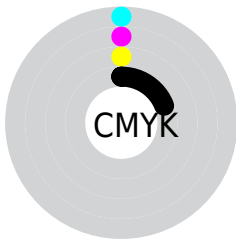
Blue (81%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (81%)

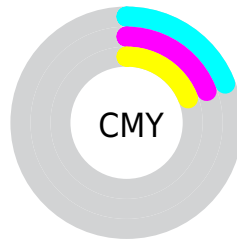


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 0.636, 144.831 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 0.636, 144.831 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 0.636, 144.831

■ 83, 0.636, 144.831

100, 0.636,
144.831

■ 73, 0.636, 144.831

■ 63, 0.636, 144.831

■ 53, 0.636, 144.831

■ 43, 0.636, 144.831

■ 33, 0.636, 144.831

■ 23, 0.636, 144.831

■ 13, 0.636, 144.831

■ 3, 0.636, 144.831

■ 0, 0.636, 144.831

■ 83, 0.636, 144.831

■ 83, 0.636, 144.831

■ 81, 14.086,
143.841

■ 85, 12.571,
324.899

■ 79, 27.633,
143.131

■ 88, 25.451,
325.334

■ 78, 41.086,
142.309

■ 88, 30.131,
325.473

■ 76, 54.181,
141.365

■ 75, 66.580,
140.309

■ 74, 77.862,
139.181

■ 74, 87.526,
138.061

■ 73, 95.027,
137.079

■ 73, 99.907,
136.381

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 0.636, 144.831



83, 0.656, 324.068

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 0.636, 144.831



83, 0.636, 194.831



83, 0.636, 324.831



83, 0.636, 14.831

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 0.638, 144.832

100, 0.012, 296.813



83, 0.520, 110.005



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 0.638, 144.832



100, 1.571, 144.586



83, 0.447, 164.543



44, 0.758, 144.604



60, 87.743, 136.017



13, 30.537, 142.080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 0.656, 324.068



99, 1.592, 324.305



83, 0.460, 342.787



44, 0.769, 324.287



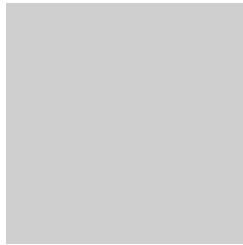
40, 84.654, 328.236



6, 31.111, 327.827

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 0.636, 144.831 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 0.636, 144.831 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

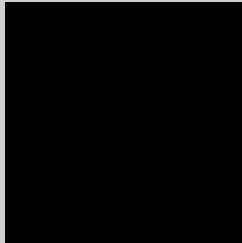
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

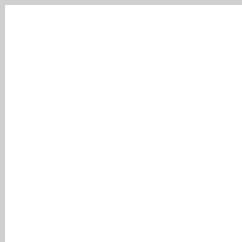
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 0.636, 144.831

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 0.636, 144.831.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 0.636, 144.831.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
83, 8.551, 298.031

Trichromacy



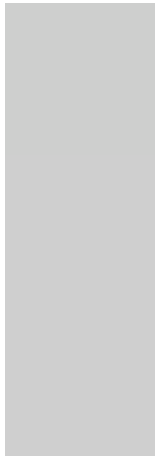
Original Color
83, 0.636, 144.831

Protanomaly
83, 1.207, 44.882

Deuteranomaly
83, 6.255, 0.121

Tritanomaly
83, 5.310, 294.496

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 0.636, 144.831

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 0.010, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 0.636, 144.831 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 207, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 207, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 207, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 207, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 0.636, 144.831 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 207, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 207, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 207, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 207, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 207, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 207,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 0.636, 144.831 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 207, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
207, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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