

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 0.572, 238.186)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 0.572, 238.186) contains.

CIELCh(83, 0.643, 256.122)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(83, 0.643, 256.122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CECFD0
RGB	206, 207, 208
RGB Percent	81%, 81%, 82%
CMY	0.1930, 0.1890, 0.1851
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	210°, 2%, 81%
HSV	210°, 1%, 81%
XYZ	59.0200, 62.1629, 68.4302
YIQ	206.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

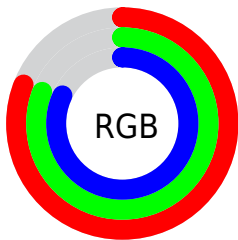
Format	Color
RYB	206, 207, 208
Decimal	13553616
CIELab	83.00, -0.15, -0.62
CIELCh	83, 0.643, 256.122
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3113, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291743696 (0xFFCECFD0)
YUV	206.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -4.3561, 3.7312

Details

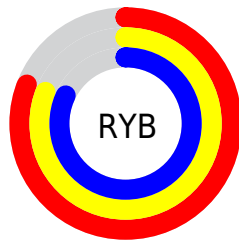
The CIELCh color $83, 0.643, 256.122$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $83, 0.629, 74.510$, and the grayscale version is $83, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $63, 0.678, 256.018$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79, 7.210, 256.720$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87, 5.969, 74.153$.

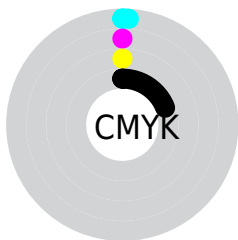
Distribution



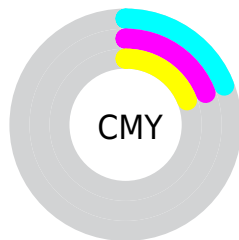
- Red (81%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 0.643, 256.122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 0.643, 256.122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 0.643, 256.122

■ 83, 0.643, 256.122

100, 0.643,
256.122

■ 73, 0.643, 256.122

■ 63, 0.643, 256.122

■ 53, 0.643, 256.122

■ 43, 0.643, 256.122

■ 33, 0.643, 256.122

■ 23, 0.643, 256.122

■ 13, 0.643, 256.122

■ 3, 0.643, 256.122

■ 0, 0.643, 256.122

■ 83, 0.643, 256.122

■ 83, 0.643, 256.122

■ 79, 7.210, 256.720

■ 87, 5.969, 74.153

■ 75, 13.710,
258.264

■ 92, 12.599, 73.224

■ 70, 20.114,
260.121

■ 95, 16.684, 86.269

■ 66, 26.400,
262.340

■ 97, 20.671,
101.531

■ 62, 32.557,
264.978

■ 99, 23.834,
108.371

■ 58, 38.592,
268.088

■ 55, 44.546,
271.696

■ 51, 50.492,
275.776

■ 48, 56.529,
280.218

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 0.643, 256.122



83, 0.629, 74.510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 0.643, 256.122



83, 0.643, 306.122



83, 0.643, 76.122



83, 0.643, 126.122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 0.642, 255.934

100, 0.012, 296.813



83, 0.906, 163.141



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 0.642, 255.934



99, 0.788, 255.912



83, 1.048, 289.673



44, 0.381, 255.945



36, 52.360, 283.557



6, 16.168, 271.883

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 0.911, 343.177



99, 1.118, 343.204



83, 1.027, 109.347



44, 0.540, 343.166



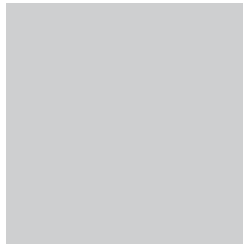
36, 62.136, 1.509



5, 21.830, 353.831

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 0.643, 256.122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 0.643, 256.122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

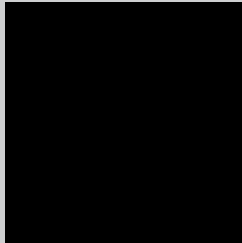
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

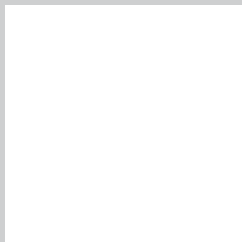
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 0.643, 256.122

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 0.643, 256.122.

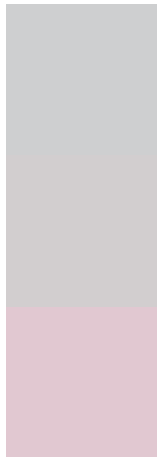


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 0.643, 256.122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 0.643, 256.122

Protanopia

83, 1.559, 359.363

Deuteranopia

83, 10.356, 352.940



Tritanopia
83, 8.551, 298.031

Trichromacy



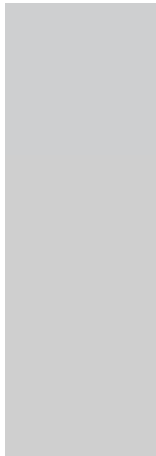
Original Color
83, 0.643, 256.122

Protanomaly
83, 0.910, 343.270

Deuteranomaly
83, 6.944, 347.739

Tritanomaly
83, 5.310, 294.496

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 0.643, 256.122

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 0.010, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 0.643, 256.122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 207, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 207, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 207, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 207, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 0.643, 256.122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

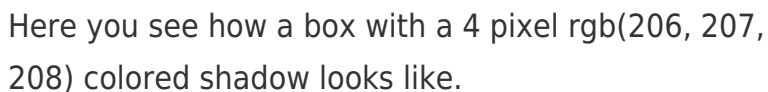
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 207, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 207, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 207, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 207, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 207, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 207,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 0.643, 256.122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 207, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
207, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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