

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 1.665, 179.667)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 1.665, 179.667) contains.

CIELCh(83, 1.886, 183.317)	3
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Color

CIELCh(83, 1.886, 183.317)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBD0CF
RGB	203, 208, 207
RGB Percent	80%, 82%, 81%
CMY	0.2048, 0.1852, 0.1891
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	168°, 5%, 81%
HSV	168°, 2%, 81%
XYZ	58.3054, 62.1629, 67.8148
YIQ	206.3910, -2.6590, -1.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

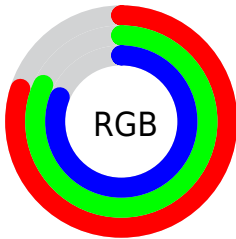
Format	Color
R _Y B	203, 206, 208
Decimal	13357263
CIE Lab	83.00, -1.88, -0.11
CIE LCh	83, 1.886, 183.317
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3097, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291547343 (0xFFCBD0CF)
YUV	206.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -5.9740, 4.1940

Details

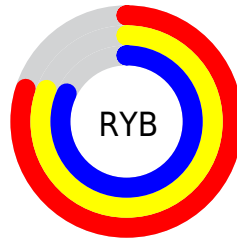
The CIELCh color `83, 1.886, 183.317` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `82, 1.913, 3.150`, and the grayscale version is `83, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `63, 1.994, 183.182` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `81, 9.627, 182.154`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `85, 6.018, 3.769`.

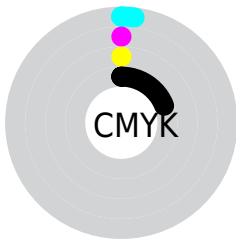
Distribution



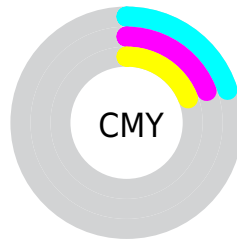
- Red (80%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 1.886, 183.317 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 1.886, 183.317 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 1.886, 183.317

■ 83, 1.886, 183.317

■ 100, 1.886,
183.317

■ 73, 1.886, 183.317

■ 63, 1.886, 183.317

■ 53, 1.886, 183.317

■ 43, 1.886, 183.317

■ 33, 1.886, 183.317

■ 23, 1.886, 183.317

■ 13, 1.886, 183.317

■ 3, 1.886, 183.317

■ 0, 1.886, 183.317

■ 83, 1.886, 183.317

■ 83, 1.886, 183.317

■ 81, 9.627, 182.154

■ 85, 6.018, 3.769

■ 80, 17.094,
181.186

■ 87, 14.000, 4.645

■ 88, 18.360, 1.874

■ 79, 24.165,
180.178

■ 88, 19.065,
355.645

■ 78, 30.712,
179.104

■ 88, 19.990,
349.943

■ 77, 36.602,
177.944

■ 88, 21.104,
344.812

■ 76, 41.721,
176.678

■ 88, 22.379,
340.250

■ 76, 45.988,
175.282

■ 88, 23.788,
336.225

■ 75, 49.370,
173.732

■ 88, 25.308,

■ 75, 51.906,
172.013

332.688

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 1.886, 183.317



82, 1.913, 3.150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 1.886, 183.317



83, 1.886, 233.317



83, 1.886, 3.317



83, 1.886, 53.317

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 1.888, 183.275



100, 0.924, 183.781



83, 3.008, 138.277



53, 0.525, 183.820



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 1.888, 183.275



99, 2.777, 183.162



83, 1.488, 229.997



44, 1.788, 183.055



62, 45.496, 170.929



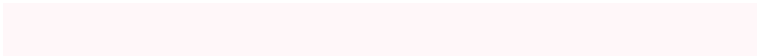
14, 16.572, 175.033

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 1.913, 3.150



98, 2.818, 3.264



82, 1.500, 49.004



43, 1.818, 3.373



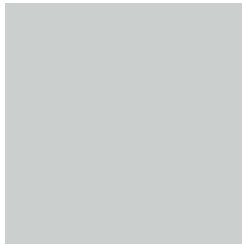
35, 67.812, 28.997



4, 20.214, 10.184

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 1.886, 183.317 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

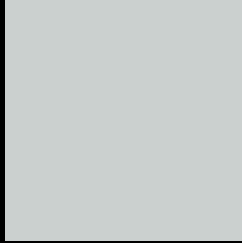
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 1.886, 183.317 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

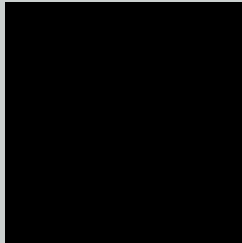
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

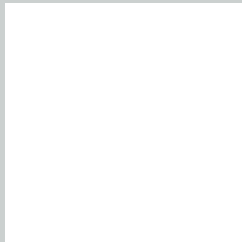
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 1.886, 183.317

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 1.886, 183.317.

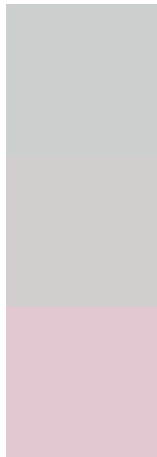


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 1.886, 183.317.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

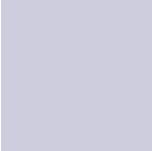
83, 1.886, 183.317

Protanopia

83, 1.546, 39.064

Deuteranopia

83, 10.476, 356.492



Tritanopia
83, 8.999, 290.964

Trichromacy



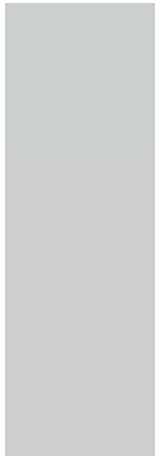
Original Color
83, 1.886, 183.317

Protanomaly
83, 0.518, 110.005

Deuteranomaly
83, 6.112, 354.250

Tritanomaly
83, 5.329, 282.989

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 1.886, 183.317

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 0.896, 164.037

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 1.886, 183.317 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 208, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 208, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 208, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 208, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 1.886, 183.317 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 208, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 208, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 208, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 208, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 208, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 208,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 1.886, 183.317 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 208, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
208, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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