

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 13.542, 300.534)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 13.542, 300.534)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 14.024, 301.363)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2CBE5
RGB	210, 203, 229
RGB Percent	82%, 80%, 90%
CMY	0.1759, 0.2034, 0.1014
CMYK	0.08, 0.11, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	256°, 33%, 85%
HSV	256°, 11%, 90%
XYZ	62.1680, 62.1629, 82.9532
YIQ	208.0570, -4.1740, 9.5700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

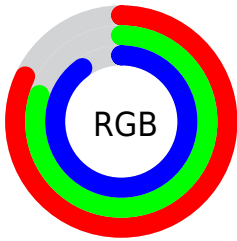
Format	Color
R _Y B	210, 203, 229
Decimal	13814757
CIE Lab	83.00, 7.30, -11.97
CIE LCh	83, 14.024, 301.363
Yxy	62.1629, 0.2999, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292004837 (0xFFD2CBE5)
YUV	208.0570, 10.3249, 1.7040
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 2.7709, -7.1900

Details

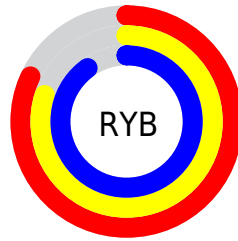
The CIELCh color $83, 14.024, 301.363$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $90, 13.704, 119.957$, and the grayscale version is $84, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $63, 14.219, 300.497$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76, 26.861, 302.100$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90, 1.643, 300.693$.

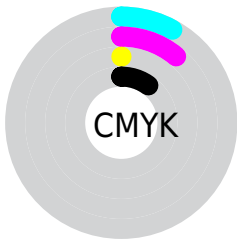
Distribution



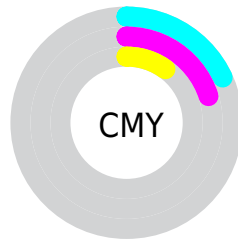
- Red (82%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 14.024, 301.363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 14.024, 301.363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 83, 14.024,
301.363


 83, 14.024,
301.363


 100, 14.024,
301.363


 73, 14.024,
301.363

 63, 14.024,
301.363

 53, 14.024,
301.363

 43, 14.024,
301.363

 33, 14.024,
301.363

 23, 14.024,
301.363

 13, 14.024,

301.363

■ 3, 14.024, 301.363

■ 0, 14.024, 301.363

■ 83, 14.024,
301.363

■ 83, 14.024,
301.363

■ 76, 26.861,
302.100

■ 90, 1.643, 300.693

■ 69, 40.158,
302.936

■ 97, 10.289,
120.162

■ 62, 53.867,
303.866

■ 99, 13.086,
109.189

■ 55, 67.861,
304.869

■ 49, 81.846,

305.897

■ 42, 95.240,
306.857

■ 37, 107.032,
307.597

■ 33, 115.832,
307.919

■ 31, 120.571,
307.834

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 14.024, 301.363



90, 13.704, 119.957

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 14.024, 301.363



83, 14.024, 351.363



83, 14.024, 121.363



83, 14.024, 171.363

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 14.022, 301.360



98, 3.990, 300.808



87, 7.460, 228.229



52, 3.027, 300.861



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 14.022, 301.360



89, 18.961, 301.553



84, 15.499, 318.283



44, 7.004, 301.231



23, 99.839, 307.969



3, 34.346, 303.321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 13.749, 333.801



91, 18.533, 333.995



89, 15.388, 137.301



45, 6.881, 333.666



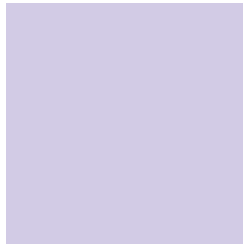
40, 72.111, 342.626



8, 31.116, 339.857

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 14.024, 301.363 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

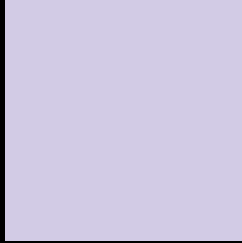
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 14.024, 301.363 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

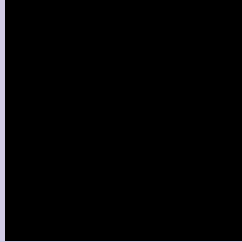
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 14.024, 301.363

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 14.024, 301.363.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 14.024, 301.363.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


83, 14.024, 301.363

Protanopia

83, 13.235, 288.339

Deuteranopia

83, 16.302, 310.226



Tritanopia
83, 8.606, 300.370

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 14.024, 301.363

Protanomaly
83, 13.796, 294.240

Deuteranomaly
83, 15.469, 307.132

Tritanomaly
83, 10.762, 300.486

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 14.024, 301.363

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 5.414, 302.058

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 14.024, 301.363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 203, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 203, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 203, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 203, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 14.024, 301.363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 203, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 203, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 203, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 203, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 203, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 203,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 14.024, 301.363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 203, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
203, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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