

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 13.908, 239.771)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 13.908, 239.771)
contains.

CIELCh(83, 14.018, 238.878)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(83, 14.018, 238.878)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3D4E5
RGB	179, 212, 229
RGB Percent	70%, 83%, 90%
CMY	0.2990, 0.1696, 0.1029
CMYK	0.22, 0.07, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	200°, 49%, 80%
HSV	200°, 22%, 90%
XYZ	56.1253, 62.1629, 82.9879
YIQ	204.0710, -25.1250, -1.7090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

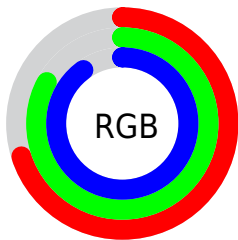
Format	Color
R _Y B	179, 199, 229
Decimal	11785445
CIE Lab	83.00, -7.25, -12.00
CIE LCh	83, 14.018, 238.878
Yxy	62.1629, 0.2788, 0.3088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289975525 (0xFFB3D4E5)
YUV	204.0710, 12.2900, -21.9873
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -10.9097, -7.2161

Details

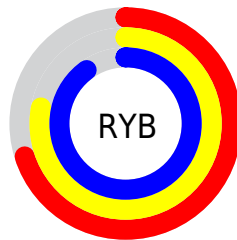
The CIELCh color $83, 14.018, 238.878$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81, 15.741, 54.751$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 6.851, 199.068$, and $63, 14.295, 240.639$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80, 19.937, 240.355$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87, 7.762, 237.703$.

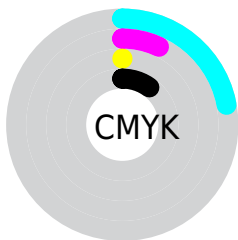
Distribution



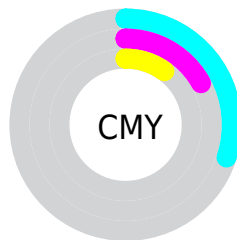
- Red (70%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 14.018, 238.878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 14.018, 238.878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 14.018,
238.878

■ 83, 14.018,
238.878

■ 100, 14.018,
238.878

■ 73, 14.018,
238.878

■ 63, 14.018,
238.878

■ 53, 14.018,
238.878

■ 43, 14.018,
238.878

■ 33, 14.018,
238.878

■ 23, 14.018,
238.878

■ 13, 14.018,

238.878

■ 3, 14.018, 238.878

■ 0, 14.018, 238.878

■ 83, 14.018,
238.878

■ 83, 14.018,
238.878

■ 80, 19.937,
240.355

■ 87, 7.762, 237.703

■ 76, 25.453,
242.215

■ 90, 1.239, 237.101

■ 94, 5.491, 55.795

■ 73, 30.506,
244.529

■ 96, 8.426, 78.031

■ 70, 35.056,
247.388

■ 98, 11.212,
101.204

■ 67, 39.109,

■ 99, 13.282,

250.869

109.174

■ 64, 42.728,
255.016

■ 62, 46.054,
259.797

■ 60, 48.721,
263.962

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 14.018, 238.878



81, 15.741, 54.751

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 14.018, 238.878



83, 14.018, 288.878



83, 14.018, 58.878



83, 14.018, 108.878

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 14.017, 238.871



97, 5.051, 237.259



87, 25.145, 153.955



52, 3.278, 237.309



0, 0.000, 0.000



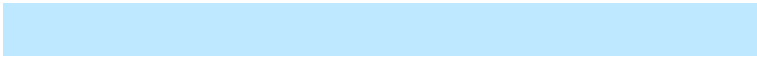
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 14.017, 238.871



90, 18.030, 239.468



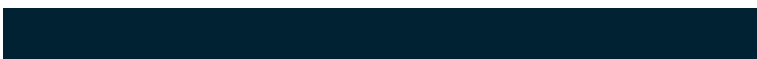
77, 22.512, 285.170



46, 3.746, 237.469



47, 40.062, 263.045



12, 15.410, 253.622

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 25.305, 337.559



84, 32.911, 337.913



88, 21.847, 99.868



45, 6.543, 336.585



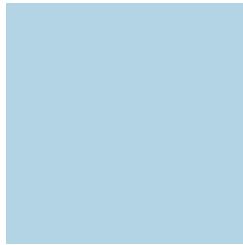
39, 68.980, 347.867



7, 29.816, 343.940

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 14.018, 238.878 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

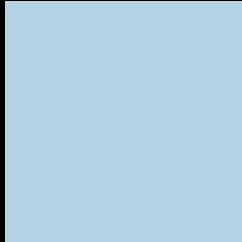
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 14.018, 238.878 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

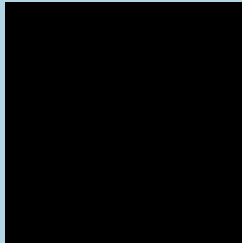
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

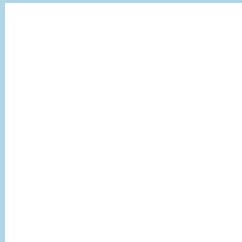
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 14.018, 238.878

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 14.018, 238.878.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 14.018, 238.878.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 14.018, 238.878

Protanopia

83, 10.057, 291.053

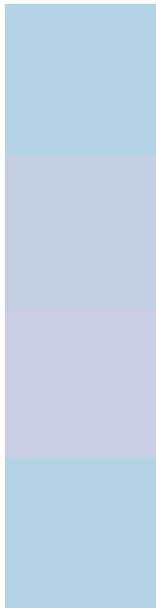
Deuteranopia

83, 16.695, 308.504



Tritanopia
83, 14.018, 238.878

Trichromacy



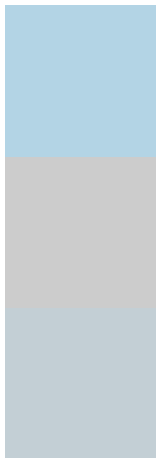
Original Color
83, 14.018, 238.878

Protanomaly
83, 10.776, 268.509

Deuteranomaly
83, 13.251, 286.856

Tritanomaly
83, 14.018, 238.878

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 14.018, 238.878

Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
82, 5.252, 236.535

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 14.018, 238.878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 212, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 212, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 212, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 212, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 14.018, 238.878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 212, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 212, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 212, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 212, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 212, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 212,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 14.018, 238.878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 212, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
212, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor