

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 16.845, 38.354)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 16.845, 38.354) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 16.696, 38.752)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFC6BC
RGB	239, 198, 188
RGB Percent	94%, 78%, 74%
CMY	0.0640, 0.2247, 0.2639
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.21, 0.06
HSL	12°, 61%, 84%
HSV	12°, 21%, 94%
XYZ	64.6592, 62.1629, 55.9981
YIQ	209.1190, 27.6460, 5.5820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

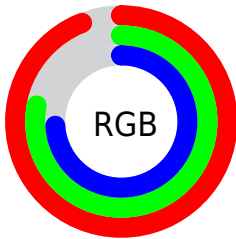
Format	Color
R _Y B	239, 200, 188
Decimal	15713980
CIE Lab	83.00, 13.02, 10.45
CIE LCh	83, 16.696, 38.752
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3537, 0.3400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293904060 (0xFFEFC6BC)
YUV	209.1190, -10.4117, 26.2056
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 8.4110, 13.0801

Details

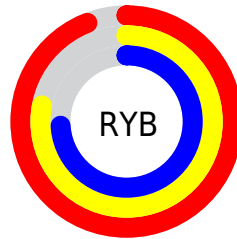
The CIELCh color **83, 16.696, 38.752** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 14.466, 219.844**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 5.566, 109.748**, and **63, 16.516, 38.306** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 25.566, 38.862**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 8.516, 38.778**.

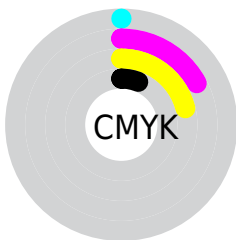
Distribution



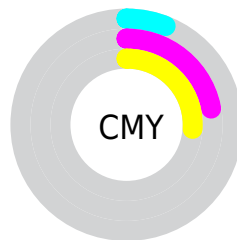
- Red (94%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 16.696, 38.752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 16.696, 38.752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 83, 16.696, 38.752

 83, 16.696, 38.752

 100, 16.696,
38.752

 73, 16.696, 38.752

 63, 16.696, 38.752

 53, 16.696, 38.752

 43, 16.696, 38.752

 33, 16.696, 38.752

 23, 16.696, 38.752

 13, 16.696, 38.752

 3, 16.696, 38.752

 0, 16.696, 38.752

83, 16.696, 38.752

83, 16.696, 38.752

78, 25.566, 38.862

88, 8.516, 38.778

73, 35.158, 39.136

94, 0.977, 38.373

68, 45.457, 39.624

99, 5.609, 199.168

64, 56.375, 40.354

60, 67.683, 41.309

57, 78.856, 42.343

54, 88.722, 43.024

52, 95.040, 43.005

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 16.696, 38.752



88, 14.466, 219.844

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 16.696, 38.752



83, 16.696, 88.752



83, 16.696, 218.752



83, 16.696, 268.752

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 16.695, 38.761



97, 4.642, 38.783



82, 28.551, 331.285



51, 3.087, 38.787



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 16.695, 38.761



86, 21.872, 38.791



89, 19.093, 89.721



47, 4.241, 38.785



40, 77.649, 43.396



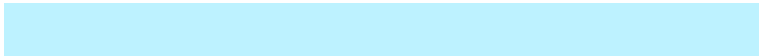
10, 26.263, 34.826

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 14.466, 219.844



92, 18.286, 220.114



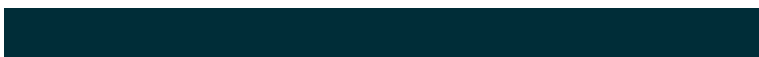
82, 19.083, 275.511



49, 3.996, 219.381



57, 34.266, 234.710



16, 14.854, 228.754

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 16.696, 38.752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

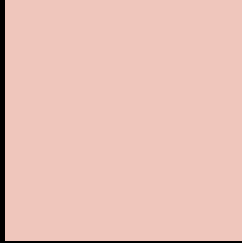
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 16.696, 38.752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

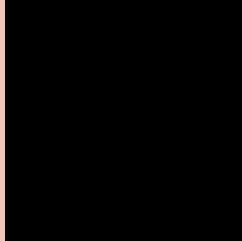
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 16.696, 38.752

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 16.696, 38.752.

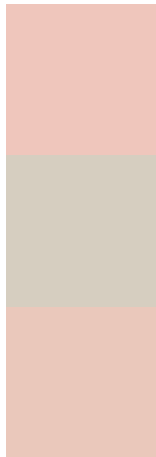


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 16.696, 38.752.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 16.696, 38.752

Protanopia

83, 7.945, 87.300

Deuteranopia

83, 14.811, 47.594



Tritanopia
83, 19.292, 355.169

Trichromacy



Original Color
83, 16.696, 38.752

Protanomaly
83, 10.231, 61.639

Deuteranomaly
83, 15.642, 44.020

Tritanomaly
83, 17.265, 8.519

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 16.696, 38.752

Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 5.943, 40.400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 16.696, 38.752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 198, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 198, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 198, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 198, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 16.696, 38.752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 198, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 198, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 198, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 198, 188); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 198, 188); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 198, 188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 16.696, 38.752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 198, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
198, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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