

Converting Colors

CIELCh(83, 2.676, 211.351)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(83, 2.676, 211.351) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(83, 2.561, 211.364)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9D0D1
RGB	201, 208, 209
RGB Percent	79%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.2116, 0.1841, 0.1802
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	187°, 8%, 80%
HSV	187°, 4%, 82%
XYZ	58.1803, 62.1629, 69.2830
YIQ	206.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

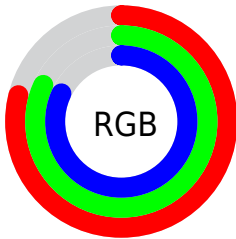
Format	Color
R_{YB}	201, 205, 209
Decimal	13226193
CIE _{Lab}	83.00, -2.19, -1.33
CIE _{LCh}	83, 2.561, 211.364
Yxy	62.1629, 0.3068, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291416273 (0xFFC9D0D1)
YUV	206.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, -6.2571, 3.0899

Details

The CIELCh color $83, 2.561, 211.364$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $82, 2.623, 30.964$, and the grayscale version is $83, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $63, 2.699, 211.302$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81, 9.016, 211.133$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 4.218, 31.072$.

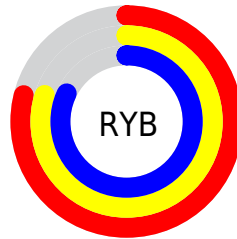
Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (82%)

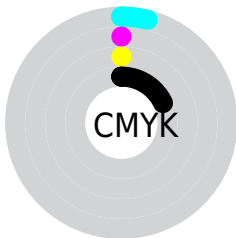
Blue (82%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (82%)

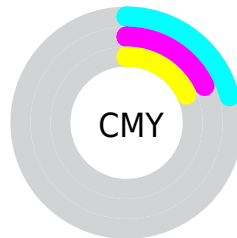


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 2.561, 211.364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 2.561, 211.364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83, 2.561, 211.364

■ 83, 2.561, 211.364

■ 100, 2.561,
211.364

■ 73, 2.561, 211.364

■ 63, 2.561, 211.364

■ 53, 2.561, 211.364

■ 43, 2.561, 211.364

■ 33, 2.561, 211.364

■ 23, 2.561, 211.364

■ 13, 2.561, 211.364

■ 3, 2.561, 211.364

■ 0, 2.561, 211.364

83, 2.561, 211.364

83, 2.561, 211.364

81, 9.016, 211.133

85, 4.218, 31.072

79, 15.049,
211.193

88, 11.241, 31.336

77, 20.556,
211.410

89, 15.130, 33.811

90, 14.584, 39.704

75, 25.429,
211.809

91, 14.206, 45.978

74, 29.561,
212.428

91, 14.010, 52.505

92, 14.002, 59.120

72, 32.870,
213.313

93, 14.182, 65.645

71, 35.303,
214.515

93, 14.543, 71.913

70, 36.861,
216.088

■ 69, 37.615,
218.073

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 2.561, 211.364



82, 2.623, 30.964

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 2.561, 211.364



83, 2.561, 261.364



83, 2.561, 31.364



83, 2.561, 81.364

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 2.562, 211.319



100, 0.792, 211.960



83, 4.754, 147.620



53, 0.451, 212.004



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 2.562, 211.319



99, 3.921, 211.257



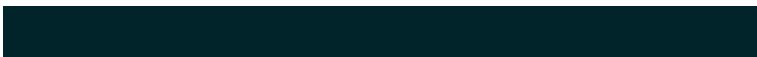
82, 2.826, 267.504



43, 2.269, 211.236



56, 32.213, 219.066



12, 12.505, 214.142

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 4.746, 328.191



97, 7.290, 328.278



83, 2.818, 86.339



42, 4.227, 328.317



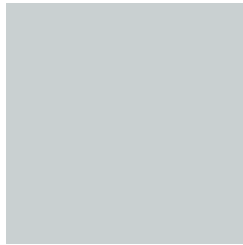
39, 76.837, 333.861



5, 28.272, 332.321

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 2.561, 211.364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

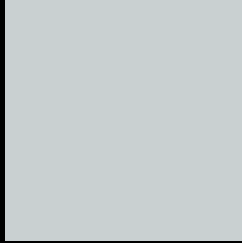
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 83, 2.561, 211.364 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

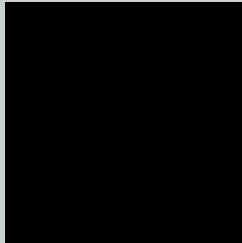
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

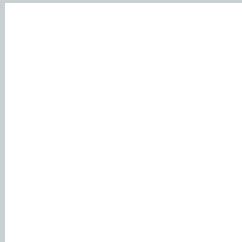
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 83, 2.561, 211.364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 2.561, 211.364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 2.561, 211.364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83, 2.561, 211.364

Protanopia

83, 2.432, 338.650

Deuteranopia

83, 10.861, 347.965



Tritanopia
83, 8.511, 283.822

Trichromacy



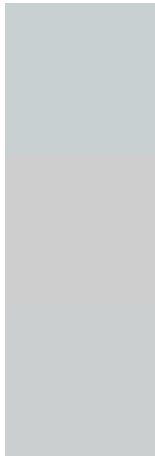
Original Color
83, 2.561, 211.364

Protanomaly
83, 1.131, 309.003

Deuteranomaly
83, 6.037, 342.045

Tritanomaly
83, 5.547, 272.056

Monochromacy



Original Color
83, 2.561, 211.364

Achromatopsia
83, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
83, 1.084, 199.847

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 2.561, 211.364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 208, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 208, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 208, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 208, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 2.561, 211.364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 208, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 208, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 208, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 208, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 208, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 208,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 2.561, 211.364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 208, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
208, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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